The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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LYON, SHORB & CO.,
121 Water street,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL SIZES OF
MERCHANT BAR IRON,
Of the "Sligo" & "Tyrone" brands.

Gold Closed in New York Last Evening at 144¼.

CITY ITEMS.

Western University.

The Trustees of the Western University are determined to spare no efforts or expense to secure an able, efficient and full corps of teachers for this institution. They have just added to the faculty a gentleman, bringing the best testimonials of fitness and of success, who will teach Dio Lewis' gymnastics, and English branches. They are now corresponding with other gentlemen of superior scholarship and the highest culture. Their efforts to provide the very best facilities to ladies and young men are appreciated by this community. The present year has opened with more than double the number that ever before entered the first day. Many more are to enter. Large as is the number, the University is *not full*, as additions will be made to our buildings and faculty, and all our already numerous advantages, fully to meet the wants of this community.

It is a Fact,

And no mistake, that South & Ross, No. 63 Market street, are selling boots, shoes and gaiters cheaper than any other house in the city. All their goods are warranted. Remember the place, 63 Market street, only the third door from Fourth.

Instrumental and Vocal Music.

A large lot of instrumental and vocal sheet music just received at Blume's music store, 43 Fifth street.

Western University.

The Fall Term will open on September 4th, with very superior advantages for imparting instruction. Catalogues at Davis, Clarke & Co.'s Book Store, Wood street.

Pittsburgh Female College.

Fall term commences Tuesday, August 29. In buildings, faculty, patronage and general advantages the college is unequalled by any ladies' school in the state. Special advantages in music. Send to Rev. I. C. Pershing for catalogue.

Remember

McClarran's Drug Store, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth.

Prince & Co.'s

World-renowned Organs and Melodeons. A splendid new stock just received. Thirty-nine different styles. Charlotte Blume, 43 Fifth street, sole agent.

Knabe's Unrivalled Pianos.

Entire new stock of these superior instruments just received. For sale only by Charlotte Blume, 43 Fifth street.

The Great Remedy.

Dr. McBride's King of Pain, sold at McClarran's Drug Store, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street.

Two Cases of Piles Cured by Dr.

Strickland's Pile Remedy.—Mr. Glass, of Janesville, Wisconsin, writes for the benefit of all who suffer with the Piles, that he has been troubled for eight years with an aggravated case of Piles, and his brother was discharged from the army as incurable, (he being quite paralyzed with the Piles.) Both these distressing cases were cured with one bottle of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy. The recommendation of these gentlemen, beside the daily testimonials received by Dr. Strickland, ought to convince those suffering, that the most aggravated chronic cases of Piles are cured by Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy. It is sold by Druggists everywhere.

All of Dr. Strickland's Medicines

Are sold in Pittsburgh, wholesale and retail, at Joseph Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.

Children's Shoes.

A large variety, selling at and below cost, at McClelland's, 55 and 57 Fifth street; also, ladies' and misses' gaiters and boots, at remarkably low prices. Private sales only day and evening.

Beaver Female Seminary

And Musical Institute. Three spacious brick buildings. The ablest faculty to be found connected with any exclusively female school. Next term of fourteen weeks opens September 12, 1865. For catalogues, address Rev. R. F. Taylor, Beaver, Pa.

Books, &c., at Less than Cost.

The subscriber is now closing out, at less than cost, his entire stock of school and blank books, writing and note paper, envelopes, pens, pencils, ink, slates, &c. &c. Persons wanting bargains should call at once, as the stock must be closed out this week to make room for repairs. C. C. Mellor, 81 Wood street.

Fleming's Cholera Mixture

Cures when all else fails. After you have tried all other remedies, cure yourself with this. Sold only at Fleming's, No. 84 Market street.

Indigo.

When you want a good article, go to McClarran's Drug Store.

Cottage Organs.

Notwithstanding the many cards which appear claiming for certain cabinet organs superiority over all others, the cottage organ manufactured by J. Esty & Co., and for which Messrs. Wamelink & Barr are sole agents, stands out clear and distinct above them all for power and clear, pipe-like tone. They are rapidly superseding all others, wherever introduced. Persons desiring a superior article, at a reasonable price, should not fail to hear this instrument.

Depot

For Dr. McBride's King of Pain, McClarran's Drug Store, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street.

School Books.

Davis, Clarke & Co., No. 93 Wood street, keep constantly on hand, and sell at the lowest rates, all the text books used in colleges, high schools, academies, and common schools, in town and country, wholesale and retail.

Lindsay's Blood Searcher,

(The only genuine article,) McBride's King of Pain, and all the standard patent medicines of the day, at Fulton's Wholesale and retail Drug House, Nos. 67 and 69 Fifth street.

The Great Sale

Of boots, shoes, dry goods, woolens, flannels, hoop skirts, &c., at prime cost, continues every day until the entire stock is sold, at McClelland's Auction Rooms, 55 and 57 Fifth street. Private sales day and evening.

A NEW AGRICULTURAL THEORY.—The Texas correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, writing from Castroville, tells the following singular story about planting watermelons: "When we had stopped to feed ourselves and water our horses, about noon on the 1st, and about five miles from Austin, a superannuated negro man, old enough to be mossy, came down to the fence, and, after regarding us over the top rail for a minute, inquired if we would buy some 'millions' (watermelons.) Several of us went with him to his 'patch,' which was about half an acre in extent. His melons were the largest I had ever seen, but there was one monster that loomed up above its fellows like an elephant among oxen. Some one asked him the price of it. 'All I wants is de price ob de chicken, sah!' Seeing no chickens about, an explanation was asked. 'Why, you see, sah, early in de spring, before plantin' time comes, I takes a young chicken, as soon as his throat gets big enough, and I feeds dat chicken with seven dry water million seeds—just seven—and just as soon as he got dem seven seed down his throat I kills him, and sah, I plants dat dar chicken in de middle ob de patch.' 'What,' asked one of the party, 'do you mean to say that that is the way you raise melons?' 'Dat is de way I raised dat one, sah,' replied the old man, 'and I'se done dat same thing dis forty year, and long afore I was sold into Texas.' We satisfied ourselves with some twenty smaller ones, whose parent vine had originated in a less objectionable place." Who says negroes have no ideas of their own?

NATIONAL TOBACCO CONVENTION.—The National Tobacco Convention will be held in Louisville on Wednesday, the 13th instant. It will be under the auspices of the Kentucky State Board of Agriculture, and its object is stated to be as follows:

The prime object of the convention is to get together, from all sections of the Union, the practical minds of the trade, with a view to such modifications of the present excise law, so far as tobacco is concerned, as will eventuate in the passage, by the next Congress, of a thorough and well digested plan of taxation that will yield the largest possible amount of revenue to the Government with the least embarrassment to the culture and manufacture of the article.

THE Cincinnati papers are chronicling the case of a gentleman who left that city largely in debt a few years ago, and who was only recently heard from by his creditors in the shape of good bank checks, canceling all his old debts. He had "struck ile." No one will be sorry to hear of the prosperity of such a man anywhere.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

Decision by Comptroller of Currency.

Employment for Freedmen.

OHIO UNION LIGHT GUARDS.

Return of Secretary Stanton.

OUR SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS.

Publication of Andersonville Dead.

Lull in the Pardon Business.

Muster-Out of Missouri Troops.

Important Circular.

Receipts of Internal Revenue.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, September 5.

The Comptroller of the Currency

Has just made a decision of considerable importance to the capitalists and banking institutions of the country. It is of the following purport: That although a bank might be permitted to organize without circulation by waiving its claim to it, yet the law requires all banks to deposit at least one-third of their capital with the Treasurer, in United States bonds, and this requirement can in no case be dispensed with. The deposit must be made, even though circulation be waived.

The agent of

The Freedmen's Intelligence Office

At New York, informs General Howard that he can find employment, at good wages, for several thousand freedmen in the rural portions of New York State, and advises that laborers be sent there as soon as possible. About one hundred freedmen from Richmond, who could not find employment here, will be sent to Providence, Rhode Island, where good homes and fair wages are awaiting them.

The Ohio Union Light Guard,

Capt. Jamison commanding, has been ordered by the War Department to be mustered out of service. This company of cavalry, several months previous to the death of Mr. Lincoln, was assigned to duty as his body guard, and since his death has been acting in the same capacity to President Johnson.

Secretary Stanton

Is expected back to-morrow.

At a sale of Government animals held a few days ago at Annapolis, Maryland, mules brought over one hundred and fifty-six dollars per head—thirty dollars more than the Government paid for them. The average price paid for horses was one hundred and two dollars and forty-two cents per head.

Within the last two months the number of

Sick and Wounded Patients

In the different military hospitals throughout the country has been reduced by muster-out and discharge from forty-five thousand to less than seventeen thousand. The aggregate number of patients in the Departments of Ohio, Tennessee, Missouri, Kentucky, and Arkansas, on the 25th of August, was six thousand six hundred and sixty-six; in the Virginia Department, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five; Mississippi Department, three hundred and sixty-one; Louisiana Department, one thousand five hundred and twenty-two; Eastern Department, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen; Middle department, nine hundred and eighty-eight, and the Department of Washington, nine hundred and seventy-five. The reports from the North Carolina and South Carolina Departments are that there is very little sickness there.

The Government is about to publish, as a public document, the names and regiments of the soldiers who died at Andersonville. The list will comprise about fourteen thousand five hundred names.

To-day, for the first time in six weeks, the clerks in the Attorney General's office had a breathing spell during office hours. Only sixty-two pardon applications came in.

Governor Fletcher and Hon. H. T. Blow, of Missouri, are urging the War Department the muster out of

All Missouri Troops

Yet remaining in the service. They think all the Union men of Missouri are wanted at home, all the rebel Missourians having returned to that State. They represent the presence of the Union soldiers as being productive of quiet and a guarantee of the enforcement of civil law. They are also trying to get claim, for bounty, on the part of the Missouri State Militia, recognized.

The following

Important Circular

Was issued to-day by General Howard, and forwarded and approved by President Johnson:

WAR DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF REFUGEES,
FREEDMEN AND ABANDONED LANDS,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 4, 1865.

Circular No. 15.

Circular, No. 13, of July 28, 1865, from this Bureau, is hereby rescinded, and the following rules and regulations are adopted for the purpose of establishing a definite and uniform policy relative to abandoned lands or real property and land, or real property, to which the United States shall have acquired title by confiscation, sale or otherwise, which now are or may, hereafter come under the control of this Bureau by virtue of the act of Congress approved March 3, 1865, establishing it, and by orders of the President, to wit: General Orders No. 110, War Department, June 7, 1865:

First—Abandoned lands referred to in the laws and regulations governing this Bureau, are defined according to Section 2d, "An act of Congress, approved July 2d, 1864," as follows, viz: Property, real or personal, shall be regarded as abandoned when the lawful owner thereof shall be voluntarily absent therefrom and engaged, either in arms or otherwise, in aiding or encouraging rebellion.

Second—Property will not be regarded as confiscated until after the decree of the United States Court for the District in which the property may be found, has been made, by which the property is condemned as an enemy's property and becomes the property of the United States.

Third—All abandoned land or real property, and all land and real property to which the United States shall have acquired title by confiscation, or sale or otherwise, that now is or may hereafter come under control of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, by virtue of said act and orders of the President, is and shall be set apart for the use of loyal refugees and freedmen, and so much as may be necessarily assigned to them, as provided in section fourth of the act establishing a Bureau, viz: To every male citizen, whether refugee or freedman as aforesaid, there shall be assigned not more than forty acres of such land, and persons to whom it is so assigned, shall be protected in the use and enjoyment of land, for the term of three years, at an annual rent not exceeding six per centum upon the value of said land, as it was appraised by the State authorities in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty, for the purpose of taxation; and in case no such appraisal can be found, then rental shall be based upon the estimated value of land in said year, to be ascertained in such manner as the commissioner may, by regulation, prescribe. At the end of said term or at any time during said term, occupants of any parcels so assigned may purchase the land and record such title thereto as the United States can convey upon paying therefor the value of the land as ascertained and fixed for the purpose of determining the annual rent aforesaid.

Fourth. All lands or other real property within Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Kentucky, Missouri, Maryland, Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas, to which the United States has acquired or shall acquire title by confiscation or sale or otherwise, and all abandoned land or other abandoned real property in those States; Provided, said property, whether confiscated or abandoned, remaining unsold or otherwise disposed of, shall have been properly transferred to the Bureau upon the requisition of the Commissioner or assistant Commissioner, shall be considered as under control of the Commissioner of Refugees, Freedmen, and abandoned lands for the purpose hereinbefore set forth, and for the time authorized by the act establishing the Bureau; and no part or parcel of said confiscated or abandoned property shall be surrendered or restored to former owners or other claimants, except such surrender or restoration be authorized by said Commissioner.

Fifth.—Assistant Commissioners will, as rapidly as possible, cause accurate descriptions of all confiscated and abandoned lands, and other confiscated and abandoned real property under their control to be made, and besides keeping a record of such themselves they will forward monthly to the Commissioner of the Bureau copies of such descriptions, in the manner prescribed by Circular No. 10, July 15th, 1865, from this Bureau. They will, with as little delay as soon as possible, select and set apart such confiscated and abandoned lands and property as may be deemed necessary for the immediate use of refugees and freedmen, the specific division of which into lots and the rental or sale thereof according to the law establishing the Bureau will be completed as soon as practicable and reported to the Commissioner. In the selection and setting apart of such lands and property, care will be used to take that about which there is the least doubt that this Bureau should have to control.

Sixth.—Whenever any land or other real property that shall come into possession of this Bureau as abandoned does not fall under the definition of abandoned as set forth in section 2d of the act of Congress approved July 2d, 1864, hereinbefore mentioned, it will be formally surrendered by the Assistant Commisssioner of the Bureau upon its appearing that claimant did not abandon the property in the sense defined in said section and act.

Seventh—former owners of property held by this bureau as abandoned, who claim its restoration on the ground of having received the pardon of the President, will forward their applications to Commissioner of Bureau, through the superintendents and assistant commissioners of districts and States in which this property is situated; each application must be accompanied by—1st, a copy of the special pardon of the President of the United States, or of the oath under his amnesty proclamation, where they are not embraced in any of the exceptions therein enumerated. Second, Proof of title.—Third—Evidence that property has not been confiscated or libelled in any United States Court, or, if libelled, that proceeding against it has been discontinued. Officers of bureaus, through whose hands such applications may pass, will endorse thereon such facts as may assist the Commissioner in his decision, stating especially the use to which the property is put by the bureau.

O. O. HOWARD, Major General,
Commissioner of Refugees, Freedmen,
and Abandoned Lands.

Approved September 4th, 1865.

ANDREW JOHNSON,
President of the United States.

The receipts from Internal Revenue, to-day amounted to only $970,625. Since the 1st of July the revenue from this source counts up the handsome sum of $65,270,625 50; over a million a day for sixty-five days.

Timothy Regan, has been appointed route agent between Gallon and Dayton, Ohio, at a salary of $800 per annum, and Enos Craig, route agent between Quincy, Ill., and St. Joseph, Missouri, at $900 per annum.

Capt. J. D. Morrison, Co. E, 194th Ohio Vols., who was mortally wounded on Sunday by the accidental discharge of a pistol, died yesterday morning. The deceased belongs to Senecaville, Ohio, where he leaves a wife and family.

There is good authority for denying the published statement that

General Lee

Is engaged in writing a history of the war from a rebel stand-point. He has, however, received numerous offers from publishers on both sides of the Atlantic to do so, but he has so far uniformly declined all of them.

The receipts of the Pittsburgh postoffice for the fiscal year ending the 30th of June last were as follows: First quarter, ending September 30, 1864, $23,098 90; second quarter, ending December 31, $23,502 46; third quarter, ending March 31, $24,419 14; fourth quarter, ending June 30, $23,430 27; total, $94,570 82. The expenses of the office during the same period were about twenty-eight thousand dollars, leaving a clear profit to the Government of over seventy-three thousand dollars.

Leonard Grover, a lessee of a theatre in this town, who has also appealed to the patronage of most western cities within the last season, as manager of a thriving opera company, recently saw fit to engage a notorious rebel actor, who was an officer on Stonewall Jackson's staff, as a member of his company for this winter. Last night was the opening performance. When the rebel actor, who was well but not favorably known in this town, made his appearance on the stage he was greeted with loud applause by a number of his friends, who had apparently attended the opening performance for that purpose; to this the Union men responded with hisses. Similar demonstrations alternated on the last appearance of the rebel on the stage, and at one time promised to develop into a serious affair. Fortunately, however, for the rebel and his employer, it was quieted without coming to blows, although the friends of the actor foolishly revived the storm of hisses by insisting upon calling him before the curtain at the close of the performance. Mr. Grover's patrons will now await with some interest the action he may be called upon to take in the premises.

The other day a baby was born to rejoicing parents in Georgetown, who straightway named it Robert E. Lee Barbour. On the same day another member of the family to which had been added the baby thus named was seeking to be appointed to a clerkship in the Treasury Department. Of such stuff are Washington office-seekers sometimes made.

Highly Interesting.

SOUTHERNERS GOING TO BRAZIL.

ARRIVAL OF EMIGRANTS.

Balloon Ascension in New York

THE WIRZ TRIAL

NEW YORK, September 5.—The steamer Montana sails to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock for California, via Rio Janerio. Among her passengers is Hon. Mr. Washburne, our new Minister to Paraguay. The Montana also takes out a number of Southerners, among them Col. Wood, of the Natchez *Free Trader* who are going to Brazil with a view to the formation there of a permanent settlement for themselves and others that may choose to follow.

The British steamship Queen, a new vessel which arrived here this morning from Liverpool, brings fifteen hundred and twenty-six steerage passengers—said to be the largest cargo of humanity that ever crossed the Atlantic on a single vessel.

A balloon ascension took place yesterday afternoon from Prof. Lowe's balloon amphitheatre, near Central Park. The great war balloon was used on the occasion. Prof. Lowe was accompanied by two amateur æranauts. The party has not been heard from since their departure.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Hon. Isaac N. Arnold, of Chicago, the Sixth Auditor of the Treasury, has returned to his duties, after five weeks' absence.

The *Times'* special says: Col. Chapman, Judge Advocate of the Wirz Military Commission, to-day had before him all the Government witnesses, and thoroughly examined each as to his knowledge of the acts of Wirz. By this means, Col. Chapman has been enabled to discharge a number of persons who are subpœned as witnesses, and so classify the remainder as to shorten the duration of the trial two or three weeks.

An Ocean Yacht Race.

NEW YORK, September 5.—There is considerable excitement in the yachting circles in regard to an ocean race that is to come off on the 11th inst., between Fleet Wing, owned by Mr. George A. Osgood, son-in-law of Mr. Vanderbilt, and the Henrietta, owned by Mr. James G. Bennett, Jr., two of the largest yachts in the United States. It will be the first ocean race that has ever taken place on this side af the Atlantic. The yachts are to start at noon on the 11th, from the light-ship off Sandy Hook, and sail to and around the light-ship off Cape May and back to the starting point.

This match is to be sailed by the sailing regulations of the New York Yacht Club, with the exception that no difference of tonnage is to be allowed, and that one or try sails can be used in heavy weather, if they are required. Immediately after this race, another is to be run on the 15th instant between the Restless, a very fast schooner yacht, and the Henrietta, from Sands' Point to New London. Other ocean races are in contemplation.

Mayor Gunther Ready far Trial.

NEW YORK, September 5.—Mayor Gunther has sent to the Governor a notification of the charges against him and others, concerning the street cleaning contract, and asks an earlier hearing than named by the Governor. He says he is ready for an immediate trial.

Our Washington Correspondence.

The Heated Term---Filthy Condition of the Capital---Impudence of Rebel Seekers after Pardon---Women Pardon Brokers---The Wirz Trial---Overland Trip to Leavenworth.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON CITY, September 5, 1865.

We have just entered on a spell of dreadful hot sultry weather. Ice, lager, whisky and fans are alternately resorted to to produce a cool feeling. Its all no go. The thermometer still stands at 95, and day and night we poor mortals of Washington feel as if we were already half-cooked. To add to our misery the mosquitos, having nothing left to eat in Dixie, have followed the pardon-seekers here, and have so fearfully preyed upon us at night that we look as if we all had the small-pox. September in Washington is a horrid month to pass through. This year it is worse than ever on account of the dirt, filth and stink which abounds, producing insects by the million and breeding sickness, pestilence and death in every quarter.

The cholera is traveling westward with fearful rapidity. No one seems as yet much concerned about it. At the rate with which it was progressing when last heard from it must ere this have reached England, and if not checked will reach the United States during the present month. Of this fact the State Department has been officially notified by all our European ministers and consuls. This is a serious matter, and nowhere can we learn of any preparation being made to meet it. Should it come to this city it would sweep everything before it. If ever there was a filthy town, Washington is that place. Nobody seems to care anything about himself or his premises. Nearly all refuse food is thrown into the street or left to broil in back yards and narrow alleys. Sewers are choked up and the gutters reek with decaying vegetable and animal matter. Eating-houses, underground saloons and low doggeries, reeking with poisonous odors, encumber almost every block. In one ward already hardly a family lives without having some sick inmates. Our city fathers stand by, looking on, but never reach forward to remedy the evil. Should the cholera suddenly made its appearance here there would be a bigger skedaddle than there was from Alexandria.

There is no slacking off in the rush of pardon seekers. The number of arrivals is daily on the increase. Some of the hotels have four rebel pardon seekers as guests to one person of other business. They occasionally grow very impudent and talk open treason. Herschel V. Johnson came very near being knocked over by Gen. Geary, at Willard's, the other evening, and certainly would have been had he not desisted talking open treason.

On Wednesday, Ex-Governor Brown, of Georgia, visited the Interior Department. Dr. B—— happened to be in the Chief Clerk's room when Governor Brown came in. Dr. B. is a man of few words. The Ex-Governor mistook him for the messenger, and very impudently requested him to at once carry his card to Secretary Harlan. Dr. B. took the card and called up the messenger Syphax, a light colored man. After Syphax took the card, says Dr. B., "Do you know that that gentleman who has just taken your card, has a mother who is half sister to the wife of Robert E. Lee?" Governor Brown was taken quite aback at this, and at last replied, "Then he has quite a distinguished relation."

Almost every man who now comes after a pardon brings a good-looking woman with him. If he can't get in himself to see the President, he sends his woman with a smile on her face and a lie in her mouth. For a while this *ruse* was quite successful. But the thing has fizzled out, and Andy won't have anything more to do with them. Now, the women are sent round to try their hands on the Secretaries and heads of Bureaus for their influence with Andy. The thing will not work, but the women are so numerous that they retard the business of the Department, to a great extent, by this hanging-on.

The Wirz trial progresses slowly. The prisoner is beginning to look very bad, almost as if he was already dead on his feet. He has to be closely guarded to prevent suicide. He sits much of the time with his head bowed down between his hands. The details of the many murders he committed while in command of Andersonville, which are daily narrated by the witnesses, both Union and rebel soldiers, must cause a torture in his heart a thousand fold worse than death itself. There is no hope whatever for him. Will the Copperhead editors cry out when he is hanged, as they did in the case of Mrs. Surratt, that this is another cold, bloody murder on the part of the Government?

During the past week, two large wagon trains have left for Leavenworth, Kansas. Each train consisted of two hundred and fifty six mule teams, forty-one horses and four ambulances. They expect to travel at the rate of fifteen miles per day, reaching Leavenworth in about two months. They took twenty days rations for men and animals, which will carry them to Wheeling. From there they go to Columbus, Ohio, Indianapolis, Ind., Springfield, Illinois, Quincy, Illinois, and thence to Leavenworth.

S. C.

OIL CITY CORRESPONDENCE.

The Late Rains—Oil Matters on Pithole Creek—The Late Strikes on Siverly Farm and Cherry Run.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

OIL CITY, September 3, 1865.

For the past two days we have had very heavy rains, which will probably have some effect on the river. Yesterday the water from Holiday Run flooded through the elegant residence of Mr. Portens, destroying the carpets and other articles to a great extent. Have not heard the estimate of loss. The streets, in consequence of the rains, have assumed their muddy appearance, which I assure you, is not very pleasant for pedestrians.

Some very bad news has come from Pithole. The "Homestead," one of the oldest wells, has ceased to flow. Notwithstanding this, great has been the increase in "Nos. 19 and 54," the latter having increased some one thousand three hundred barrels since the 26th.

A strike has been made on the Siverly Farm, a few miles above Oil City, on the Allegheny, but I have not heard the extent of it. The late strike on "Cherry Run," has caused quite a commotion in that vicinity.

The Theatre has been doing a great business since the appearance of Cherrie Belle. The new Theatre is not yet open. A race was to have come off on the course Friday, but the rain caused a postponement. The "*Fenians*" were also disappointed by the same. They were to have a grand pic-nic yesterday at "Morar's Grove," opposite the city, but the rain caused a postponement,

Grapes and peaches continue in abundance, but the prices are steep.

Major Brown, late of the 102d, was in town Saturday. Yours, W. G.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

The Andersonville Prison Survivors' Association held a meeting in Washington city on Monday. The object of the association is to assist the widows and orphans of Andersonville prisoners, and the prisoners themselves, where their circumstances demand it.

A Charleston correspondent says: Land companies with considerable capital have been organized in South Carolina, for the purpose of encouraging emigration. They propose establishing agencies in different parts of Europe and in the Northern States.

The work of confiscation in Virginia is well under way. Two hundred and fifty advertisements of property libelled for confiscation in Richmond alone will shortly be issued.

A Savannah correspondent says the Georgia Central Railroad has been repaired for a distance of forty-five miles out of Savannah, and as a consequence, trade has become very brisk, particularly in cotton, large quantities of which are stored in the city, on the wharves and about the presses, and everything looks encouraging for a thorough revival of the important traffic as soon as the railroads are restored. Accessions have been made to the line of steamers from Savannah to Augusta, and new lines between New York and Savannah are being established. At Hilton Head the commercial prospects are not so great. The place is losing its importance as a depot, and consequently much of the traffic has been diverted elsewhere. Efforts were made to organize a company to build a railroad from Hilton Head to Augusta, Georgia, and thus give the former place the pretensions of a rival to Charleston.

Judge Carter, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, who has reached Raleigh, N. C., on his return from an extended trip through the South, states that the cruelties to the freedmen, and the number of homicides among them, by the whites, are increasing to a fearful extent, especially in places where the troops are being withdrawn. The Judge has a copy of the *Southern Sun*, which says that if the Yankees are alarmed at the killing of a few hundred niggers a day in States where they have the protection of Yankee troops to a certain extent, what will be their alarm after the military forces have left, and the readmission into the Union of these States as sovereign powers, who will then have a complete organization of the militia in each county, which will give the South a second army that will bid defiance to the world.

A MASONIC dignitary, of great eminence in the Order, lately left Edinburgh to attend a celebration of the laying of a corner-stone, forgetting his cocked hat. He discovered his omission presently, and telegraphed from the first station, "Send my cocked hat by express to-morrow." His disgust may be imagined on receiving the next day a parcel containing cooked ham, on account of the operators having made a mistake in two of the letters of his message.

A COMPANY has been organized in Detroit for the manufacture of coarse linen goods, such as crash toweling, burlaps, twine, &c. There are only two similar manufactories in the United States, one at Delaware, Ohio, and one in Massachusetts. The establishment of this factory will give an additional impetus to flax culture.

The number of interments in Philadelphia during the past week was two hundred and ninety-three.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

THE WIRZ TRIAL.

WASHINGTON, September 5.—The Wirz trial was resumed from Saturday.

J. Nelson Clark testified that he was taken as a prisoner to Andersonville about the 28th of May, 1864, and confined. The previous evidence of the crowded and filthy condition of the stockade, the suffering of the prisoners, the coarse, dirty, and insufficient food, &c., was repeated. On one day of last year he counted one thousand and four dead men in the stockade. The witness mentioned the case of an insane soldier, who wandered up and down by the stream, refusing to wear clothes, and who had not sense enough to know that he must cook his rations. He ended his life by suicide. Another prisoner destroyed his life by hanging, after declaring that he would rather die than remain in the stockade. When the witness was taken to Andersonville, there were forty-one men in company with him, and twenty-two of them had died, principally at that prison. He said that six men were shot at different times, two of whom he knew died. One of them extended his arms too far out over the dead line, while dipping water out of the stream, when the sentinel fired. Another happened to get slightly beyond the dead line, when the sentinel fired, missed him, and hit a man who was lying in a tent. Witness mentioned the circumstances attending the shooting of the other four men for crossing the dead line. He did not, however, see or hear Capt. Wirz give the order for the shooting.

Vincent Harrison, of the 2d New York regiment, who was a prisoner at Andersonville, having been conveyed thither about March 1, 1864, testified that, while at Captain Wirz's headquarters, he heard Wirz give orders to have men put in the chain gang and irons placed around their feet, and also order the guard to shoot the first man who should cross the dead line. Wirz also threatened to shoot any man who would not promptly fall into line. Witness said he had seen marks on the bodies of men bitten by dogs, and described the sufferings of one hundred and fifty men who had been vaccinated with poisonous matter.

On cross-examination, the witness said some of the men in the chain-gang had previously attempted to escape.

Edward L. Kellogg, of the 20th New York Cavalry, said four men were shot for crossing the dead line. Shooting was quite a common occurrence. Witness was bucked six hours because he had failed to report a man who escaped. Another prisoner was bucked at the same time. Bucking consists of first tying the wrists together, then fastening the arms over the knee.

Cross-examined by the defense—He never saw a man bucked in the United States army, although he had heard of such things being done. The reason why he was bucked was that he did not comply with the rule for reporting those who attempted to escape.

Joseph R. Achiff, of the 24th Ohio, prisoner at Andersonville, testified that having gone out with a rebel guard, he jumped on the rebel's back, while the two prisoners who accompanied him took away his gun. Hearing the dogs in chase, he and his two companions scattered. The witness ran into a swamp, and soon saw five hounds, and seven rebels on horseback. The hounds were not taken off of him for fifteen minutes, during which time he had to fight them with his fists. He had nothing upon him but a pair of pantaloons made of two rebel meal sacks. He still carried the marks of the biting on his legs. The horn was blown as a signal to tear the hounds off. He was taken before Captain Wirz, who ordered him to be put in in the stocks. He was exposed to the sun. He was thus punished for thirty-six hours, and during that time had only two drinks out of the muddy creek. When he spoke to Wirz about this treatment, he was told to "dry up" or he would blow out his brains. The witness, after being taken out of the stocks was ironed. The rings, passing around his ankles and legs were separated by an iron bar, eighteen inches long. The legs of the witness were sore and scurvy fell into them. He was kept thirty-two days in irons by order of Captain Wirz. It was pretended the irons were removed by direction of a rebel surgeon, when the fact was they were afraid of Sherman, having a white flag hanging out all the time. This was in July, when a squad of Sherman's men were brought in. They were stripped of everything except their pantaloons and shirts. Even their buttons were split open, Wirz saying he had heard of money sometimes being stowed in buttons. The men were sent into the prisoners' stockade. Wirz said they were raiders and ought to be hung. They belonged to Stoneman's cavalry. Wirz struck a Michigan boy over the head with his revolver, the result of which was that the boy died of fits. The witness said he saw the man called Chickamauga killed. The men had nick-named him "Mutton Head." He belonged to Illinois, and was silly, and had lost a leg. The boys having plagued him, he applied to Captain Wirz for permission go on parole. Wirz cursed him and threatened to blow his brains out. The man was at the time within the dead line. Wirz ordered the guard to blow his brains out. The guard fired the shot, striking the man in the left side. The victim was left, carried out and died. The witness saw Wirz lay out the dead line in April, 1864, and heard him give orders at that time if any man crossed the line to shoot him. The first night he went into the stockade was on the 18th of March, 1864. He saw Wirz kicking a poor skeleton around there, and heard Wirz curse him. He named four officers who also witnessed the same cruel occurrence. The squad of ninety men to which the witness was attached being in tolerably good physical condition could stand up in line pretty well, but the others could not. Wirz said he would not give the latter anything to eat for forty-eight hours, and kept his word. On the 3d, 4th, and 5th of July, the rations were cut off throughout the stockade, because some had escaped. The number of prisoners there at the time was 35,000. On the 15th July there was a great crowd at the gate, of men trying to get out with the sick. Only one could get out at a time. There were at that place two two guards between the dead line and the stockade. Wirz gave orders if any one stepped over the dead line, to blow him through. The guard said he could not keep the crowd from encroaching on the line. The sentinel at the time had the muzzle of his gun at the stomach of a fine looking Pennsylvanian; he was ordered to fire and shot the man dead. Wherever a man was wounded and carried to the hospital he would never come back. George White, of Germantown, Pennsylvania, belonging to the marine corps, after being wounded, was carried off to the hospital. The young man requested him to tell his mother he was not afraid to die. Subsequently he saw White's body at the dead house, where Wirz was in company with two guards. The witness asked him if he could not take a lock of White's hair? "No," said Wirz. "If you do I'll blow your damned brains out." About fifteen prisoners were down at the creek bathing. A woman on an eminence was seen to nod and wave her handerchief to a sentinel, who fired and shot one of them in the head. The sentinel for this, obtained a furlough for thirty days So he had been informed by a Georgia soldier.

The witness described the character of the sufferings of the prisoners. He applied to Wirz to have the filthy grease stopped from being thrown into the stream as the water was thus injured. Wirz replied that the water was good enough for Yankees, and the witness did not deserve soap.

After the recess A. C. Huff was cross-examined. Witness was in the stockade six months, but was never in the hospital. As to the guard whom he and his companions overpowered, and whose guns they took away, they did not hurt him, but only choked him a little. The guard ran back to the prison crying "murder." He never heard of or saw a soldier in our own army placed in irons. A half dozen other persons accompanied Captain Wirz when the dead line was laid out.

By the Court—The witnesses did not hear Wirz give orders for taking watches and other valuables from the prisoners, but saw him himself searching the men and appropriating the possessions. The prisoners were stripped of clothing, jackets, boots and hats, in the presence of Captain Wirz. He had been previously robbed by General Wheeler of his pocket-book, containing thirty-five cents and three postage stamps. Major General Hindman also robbed him, taking off his hat and placing it on his own head.

Daniel W. Bussenger testified that when he and his companions were conveyed to Andersonville, they were, during four hours, exposed to the burning sun, and some of the men were sun-struck, Wirz was there, and gave orders that if any one stepped out of the line he should be shot. Wirz also said that if any should ask for water they should be shot, accompanying the remark with a denunciation of "the damned Yankees." While the man lay fainting, Wirz said if it was in his power he would make the victory complete. He saw a man shot early in July for getting water, although he was not over the dead line, and another man was shot while lying in the tent. The rations of the sick were stopped, and the witness shared his rations with some of them; three of them died; viz: Hugh Lynch, Wm. Kyger and Wm. Waterhouse, of the Third Pennsylvania Cavalry. The distress among the men was great. He had seen prisoners searching in the filth which had passed through the men for particles of undigested food and for scraps from the raiders camp. He had seen vegetables, such as potatoes, onions, and peas, and also apples, peaches, and melons in the vicinity of the camp. Two men were buried inside of the stockade. The body of one, which had lain for several days, was too putrid to take out.

Horatio B. Firrell, of the 72d Ohio regiment, testified that he was taken to Andersonville on the nineteenth of June. Wirz threatened the men and used vile language, calling them "d—d Yankees." One of the men who showed Captain Wirz his ration of corn bread and asked whether better could not be furnished, met with the response, "G—d d—n you, I'll give you bullets for bread." There were not sinks enough for one-twentieth of the prisoners. The swamp was more than a foot deep with human excrement.

Witness said the bodies were thrown into the cart like dead hogs, fifteen or twenty being a load. When the prisoners went there, Wirz came forward and read the rules, saying the prisoners would be shot if they entered the dead line, and any one speaking to a guard would be shot by the guard, without halting. Wirz also said if any of the Yankees traded with the guard and had not got what they bargained for, and then complained to him, he would say "good for the Yankees and bully for the guard." They were also informed that if any of the men were found disturbing things, the rations would be cut off till the perpetrators were found and punished. About the middle of March, when an exchange was talked of, some of our men by agreement, gave money to the guard, twenty dollars or less for the first chance.

On the cross-examination, the witness said he did not know that Captain Wirz had forbidden the acceptance of money.

Robert Morton, belonging to a Pennsylvania regiment, testified that he had seen Capt. Wirz wearing shirts sent our prisoners by the Sanitary Commission. It was a common thing for our men to be put on the chain-gang, and he had never seen the stocks empty. He saw one man receive seventy-five lashes for carrying onions into the hospital, and he saw Wirz kick a sick man, and heard the dying statement of a black man, who was shot in the back. A young man was shot by the guard, who said he would shoot another if he could get thirty days furlough. Wirz remarked, "If he could have his own way, not twenty-four men on the south side, would get away either on exchange or parole."

On being cross-examined, the witness said the rations were stopped, because some twenty-five of the men had been digging a tunnel to make their escape. The tunnel was dug with tin plates, oyster shells, and whatever the men could get.

Frank Mattox, colored, belonging to the 35th United States, testified that after he recovered of his wounds in the head and foot, he was put to work at the prison. A colored man was whipped with two hundred and fifty lashes. He was stripped naked and laid upon a log and whipped all over. The man was afterwards ironed. He related the circumstances of a white man, who had blacked his face and mixed with a gang of colored men in order to make his escape; he was discovered and whipped, Wirz saying as the man blacked himself to be a negro he would give him the negroes law, viz: thirty-nine lashes. Witness had seen twelve men together in the chain gang for an entire week. He had seen a man torn by dogs in a shocking manner, though nearly dead. The man was put into the stocks, and two days after, the witness buried the man. This was in September, 1864. Captain Wirz, while in the graveyard with several other officers, said, "We have given the Yankees the land they came to fight for." This was in October. Captain Wirz, with some of the doctors who were with him in the graveyard looking at the corpses, whose skulls had been sawed off, and the green appearance of the bodies which had been vaccinated, laughed at the sight exhibited and the killing of the men. He had seen thirteen of the boxes sent by the Sanitary Commission, and Wirz put on one of the shirts and a pair of pantaloons.

Cross-examined—Witness had seen four or five of the colored prisoners whipped with thirty-nine lashes. The trenches were seven feet long and three deep; the dead were laid side by side with their faces, up and the earth thrown in. A Confederate surgeon superintended the burial and gave instructions to pack the bodies in close, which was decently done. There were no coffins nor boards of which to make them.

By the Court—The Doctors in the graveyard with Captain Wirz were speaking about the effects of the vaccination, when Wirz said "Yes, G—d d——n them, we gave them the land they came to fight for."

The Court adjourned till to-morrow.

FROM EUROPE.

The Atlantic Telegraph.

The Company Confident of Success.

LONDON TIMES ON THE SITUATION

Rumored Capture of Pekin by the Insurgents.

SANDY HOOK, September 5.—The steamship Scotia, from Liverpool on the 26th ult., via Queenstown on the 27th, passed this point at 3:30 o'clock P. M. The political news is unimportant.

The Telegraph Construction Company have offered to contract for two cables to America next year.

The Western powers are concocting a protest against the division of the Elb Duchies.

The steamship Asia, from Boston, arrived at Queenstown on the 27th. The Hibernian, from New York, arrived out on the 25th.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The steamship Scotia arrived up at five o'clock.

LIVERPOOL, August 26.—The telegraph constructors are so confident of success with the Atlantic cable that they offered to contract with the Atlantic Telegraph Company to recover and complete the present cable and laying a second during the next year.

The *Le Norde* explains the position of the French system of telegraph via the Canary Islands to Cape De Verd and the southern route. It says there is discouragement from the failure of the Great Eastern. A line is to be completed from Paris to the Canary Islands in two years and the whole line within five years.

The London *Times* has an editorial on the situation of Americans towards England, denies that there exists any pretext for war, and seriously asks for a dispassionate consideration of affairs by Americans.

The Emancipation Society has issued an address announcing its dissolution.

Owing to urgent demands from Ireland, on account of the cattle disease, the importation of cattle from Great Britain into Ireland is prohibited.

A mutiny broke out on the ship St. Mark, in the Mersey, bound for New York. It was soon quelled, but the second mate and some of the crew received severe injuries.

The British squadron has returned from Brest.

The Emperor and Empress returned to Fontainbleu from Switzerland.

The Paris *Tempes*, alluding to the Austro-Prussian proceedings with the Duchies, points out that France may appropriate a point on the Rhine when it suits her, with just as much right as Prussia appropriates Lareburg.

The Austro-Prussian diplomats are to continue negotiations as to the question of the succession to the Duchies.

SHANGHAI, July 12.—Burgoyne was still in custody. The American minister again demanded his release, intimating that a refusal would be a *casus belli*.

It is rumored that the insurgents had captured Pekin.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL, August 26.—The cotton market is firm, with an upward tendency, although quotations remain the same.

Breadstuffs quiet and firm, with the exception of corn, which is easier.

Provisions firm. Lard still has an advancing tendency.

LONDON, August 26.—Evening.—Consols closed at 89⅞@89¾ for money. Illinois Central shares, 78¾@79; Erie, 53¾@53⅞.

LONDON, August 26—Evening.—Five-Twenties closed at 68⅞@69.

The Paris bourse is firmer; rentes closed at 68f62c.

LIVERPOOL, August 26.—Breadstuff—The weather continues variable and more favorable for harvesting. Yesterday it was very fine, and wheat was consequently dull and a shade easier, although Thursday's advance was generally maintained. Winter Red 9s 6d @9s 9d per cental; Milwaukee and Amber Iowa 9s 3d@9s 6d. Flour steady. Corn easier; mixed declined to 31s ⅌ 480 lbs.

Provisions—Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co., Gordon, Bruce & Co., and others, report beef quiet but firm at the late advance. Pork firm at full sales for fine. Bacon very firm, but business is limited by the high prices. Butter quiet and firm for fine. Lard is scarce and firm at 75s@82. Tallow active and again 2s dearer; Butchers' Association, 40s@40s 6d. Cheese unchanged; fine tends upward.

The Brokers' circular reports Ashes steady. Pearls, 30s. Sugars firmer and a shade dearer. Coffee inactive. Rice in good demand at very full prices; sales of Baltimore at 6s 6d, and Philadelphia at 6s 9d. Linseed rather easier. Linseed oil in good request at 32s 6d@33s. Hemp very firm and tending upwards. Sperm oil advanced to £100. Rosin dull. Spirits of Turpentine nominal at 46. Petroleum—Boucelle, English & Brandon report a very firm market; small sales of refined at 2s 5d@2s 6d ⅌ gallon, and of crude at £19 per tun. Spirits dearer.

LONDON MARKETS—Messrs. Baring, Bros. & Co. report wheat 12d dearer for old; new samples inferior and slow of sale; white amber at 44@48s; red at 43@46s. Flour 23s@26s per barrel. Iron quiet; bars and rails at £7@7 10s for Scotch pigs, 55s 6d@60s. Sugar firmer; full prices paid. Coffee firm. Rice remains firm. Good Corn; Congon at 11½@1½s. Tallow quieter at 44@44s 6d. Linseed cakes slow of sales: N. Y. in bbls £10 5s@10 7s 6d; in bags, £10@£10 5d. Turpentine—French in rather better demand at 45s 6d, on the spot. Rosin scarce. Petroleum keeps very firm; refined cannot be bought in any quantity under 2s 9d; sales for October to December delivery at 5½; crude inactive; stock, 393 bbls refined, and 1,677 bbls crude. Last year's Sperm Oil: 97@100. Linseed Oil improving, at 32s 3d@32s 6d.

INTERESTING ITEMS.

WASHINGTON, September 5.—When the Commissioner of Internal Revenue made decision 140, the five-twenty bonds issued under the act of June 30, 1864, had not been put into the market, but he now rules that said bonds should be included in the list of United States Securities, to be deducted from bank capital under the section of the Revenue laws.

It appears, from the books of the Collector of the Internal Revenue for the District of Columbia, that the net individual incomes for the last year of about one hundred citizens on which they severally paid taxes, was between $3,000 and $4,000. Seventy-five persons from $4,000 to $5,000, thirty-four from $5,000 to $6,000, twenty-eight from $6,000 to $7,000, twenty from $8,000 to $10,000, twenty-one from $10,000 to $12,000, twenty from $12,000 to $15,000, ten from $15,000 to $20,000, and twelve paid taxes on $25,000 and upwards. The last named included three hotel keepers and four bankers.

Charles Palmer, of Richmond, who was to write to the President and Cabinet to visit that city, arrived here on Saturday. He has been most cordially received, and to-day at noon, by special invitation, was presented by Mr. Seward to the Cabinet—a compliment due to Mr. Palmer, who, during the war, was imprisoned with Mr. Botts for his devotion to the Union. The President and Cabinet expressed to Mr. Palmer a hope to be able to accept the invitation of the people of Richmond as soon as the weather and business would permit.

The Secretary of the Treasury is now paying the Texas indemnity bonds, so called, which were issued by the United States to the State of Texas under the act of September 9th, 1850, when such bonds are presented by loyal holders with evidence that they have passed through the hands of loyal citizens only.

Gen. Miles, in command of Fortress Monroe, telegraphs that Jeff. Davis has been and still is suffering with the erysipelas and carbuncles on his legs.

Government has only between thirty and forty witnesses more to examine in the Wirz trial. Their testimony will be on particular points. A few only have as yet been subpoenaed for the defense. It is now supposed that the trial will terminate about the first of October. The first negro witness was examined to-day, and he was remarkably clear in his narrative of the treatment of prisoners at Andersonville, including those of his own color. It is understood the prosecution will soon introduce some new evidence of an important character.

From Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, September 5.—The Danish bark, Agnes, arrived from Rio Janeiro to-day. She brings as passenger Hon. Jas. Monroe, United States Consul at Rio Janeiro, and bearer of dispatches from Minister Webb. Mr. Monroe proceeded to Washington this afternoon.

FROM MEXICO.

Despondency of Liberal Leaders.

Supplies Greatly Needed.

TOTAL LIBERAL FORCE 18,600.

Matters at Brownsville, Texas.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The *Tribune's* correspondent at Matamoras, August 14th, has had a long conversation with Gen. Delon, of the Liberal army. The latter says the wants of the party are now so urgent that unless they are met in some way, the cause will be lost. They have no money, arms, ammunition, clothing and even provisions. The last want is so much felt that large bodies of men cannot keep the field. It is only entreaty that the chiefs can hold them together for short periods. Delon told the writer that he and others had to beg them, by all they held dear, to keep together, and that he has seen men lying on the ground moved to tears by the words of their leaders.

The bodies of men yet in the field are General Negrete, 5,000 men; General Garcia, 5,000 men; General Delon, 2,000 men; General Escabadoa, 1,500 men; General Riva Palacia, 1,300 men; General Hinijoss, 800 men, with President Juarez 200 men. Total, 18,600 men. This is the total force that can be said to be acting under orders of the Government. The first of these corps in importance is that of General Negrete, which holds the State of Chihuahua. The second is that of General Garcia, which operates in a line of Solo Reerito, from Vera Cruz to Tabasco. There are a number of bands of men who make war in the name of the Liberal Government, but will not obey orders from any one. The chiefs of these bodies ought, Delon said, to be hanged, that their men might be brought into regular commands.

An administration is now formed of an executive and three ministers only. The seat of the Government is in the State of Chihuhua. General Corvajal was some time ago sent by President Juarez, as envoy to the United States with full power to enter into terms with public or private parties for aid to Mexico. He carried with him blank forms, signed by the President, for every purpose. This officer is looked for daily, and when he arrives it will be learned how far he has met with success in his mission.

The same correspondent says: About two o'clock A. M. to-day a dash was made by a small body of men under orders of Cortinas against a point of the defenses of this city. It was easily repulsed. Firing in the dark was very brisk.

Commandant Nease, with his special arm of mounted rifles, has marched upon Cadexaia. A fight between him and part of Delon's force is looked for. In the environs of Tabasco, there has been a little fighting, ending in Jonuta being taking by the Imperial force.

The *Tribune's* Brownsville correspondent of August 8th says: Cortinas had told him in a recent interview that the state of Liberal affairs was good—that he could gather 3,000 men under his command. He added that he would soon make an attack upon Matamoras. This has been spoken of for the last two or three weeks. Cortinas observed that the United States could not continue at peace with the empire of Mexico, but that if the old form of government was re-established, the people of the two countries would live in the most friendly manner.

The same correspondent on the 15th says, a great many officers have sent in their resignations lately, a circular having been issued directing officers who desire to resign, to send in their resignations now. In the colored troops, resignation has been the order of the day. In the sixty-second regiment, only two or three officers remain in service. The heat is not so great as it was. The nights are growing cold, and a fine East wind blows during most of the afternoon. The men are dying fast. The roll of the muffled drum is heard every afternoon, as funeral parties pass to inter comrades who have died of fever. The term of service of the twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth Wisconsin Volunteers being up, they are ordered to be mustered out. A Battery of the brigade of General Slack's Thirteenth Army Corps, goes with them.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The correspondent of the London *Daily News*, writing from the Great Eastern, says: The rope which broke the second time and so sent the expedition home, was an ordinary five and a half inch hemp rope, only used because the stock of wire and hemp buoy rope, was exhausted. The latter never gave way, and it was not until after five miles of it had been wasted through the failure of the swivels stationed at every one hundred fathoms to prevent its twisting, that the other rope was used. The tested breaking strain of the first rope, was eleven tons, yet it broke the first time at a strain of 7,500 weight, and the second time on the drum without any strain at all. The hemp rope was the last resource of the baffled engineers, who, rather than come back without making every effort, would have probably been inclined to cut off and send down the hawser and rigging of the Great Eastern herself. The strong buoy rope, designed for deep water, never gave way. The grapnels or hempen rope were only meant for five or six hundred fathoms water, and those on board lay great stress upon the fact of no portion of the machinery or appliances having failed when called upon to perform the work for which they were meant. The possibility of picking up the cable at a depth of two miles had, it appears, never occurred to the cable layers, and the satisfaction felt at its complete feasibility seems to outweigh the temporary misfortune of the ropes not being equal to the emergency. The business-like system observed, in recording the events of each day, is worthy of note. A lithographic workman, with stone and press, had one of the ordinary ship's cabins given up to him. Every morning the diary of the preceding day was written by Dr. Russell and copied by Mr. John C. Dean. A slip was then lithographed and a hundred copies struck off. Meanwhile envelopes, addressed to twenty-five American journals and to Scotland and Ireland, were kept in readiness, and as each day's news was told off, it was added to the stock already folded for posting. By this means letters were sent off simultaneously and without a moment's unnecessary delay.

New York Democratic Convention.

ALBANY, N. Y., September 5.—The Democratic State Convention which opens here to-morrow has already attracted a large crowd of outsiders to the Capital, and the interest evinced in the cause of the different candidates is warm. Two-thirds of the delegates and alternates have arrived, and the morning boats and early trains to-morrow will bring the remainder. There is not much talk about the platform, but it will be short and moderate.

The following is the spirit of the main resolutions: That it will fully and earnestly endorse President Johnson's reconstruction policy. It will approach the question of the national debt cautiously, pledging the party, however, to its absolute payment, but insisting upon the most general and equal taxation. It will of course take ground in favor of leaving the negro suffrage question to the States concerned, although there are some delegates who are disposed to pronounce against negro suffrage under any and all circumstances.

As the evening wears on the canvass for certain of the candidates grows spirited. The names most prominently mentioned to-night are: For Secretary of State, Major General Morsena; Comptroller, Lucius Robinson; Canal Commissioner, C. M. Armstrong, of Albany, and Colonel Sammon, of Montgomery; State Engineer, T. H. Sweet, of Oneida, and Fay, of Monroe; Treasurer, Colonel John T. Van Buren, of Orange; Attorney General, Samuel J. Tilden, of New York; Clerk of the Court of Appeals, Colonel Tenbroeck, of Albany, Gen. Josiah T. Miller, of Seneca, and Mr. Classboro, of Ontario; Inspector of State Prison, Gaylord J. Clark, of Niagara, Colonel McNett, of Albany, Belch, of New Orleans, *Replican*; and Berb, of Tioga; Judges of the Court of Appeals, Hon. Martin Grover and Hon. Wm. F. Allen of New York, and Judge Hand of Essex; Judge Allen positively declines being a candidate, and if the Brooklyn delegation fails to present the name of Judge Solt, Judge Hand will most likely be placed on the ticket for the short term. David R. Floyd Jones is also mentioned for Secretary of State, and would probably be a strong candidate if his claims were pressed, but the general disposition of the delegates seems to be to try fresh men.

The *Journal* says Mr. Robinson won't accept; but those Democrats urging his name insist that he will not decline. Some opposition is evinced toward him by those who insist upon the nomination of only straight-out Democrats. The strife centres upon the several candidates for canal commissioners, State engineer, treasurer, and inspector of prisons. It seems to be arranged that only the Tammany delegation will be admitted from New York. There are four organizations from the city claiming admission. There is more uncertainty in regard to the contesting delegations from Kings county. Both are hard at work making friends, while the indications to-night favor the delegations led by Senator Murphy. Gov. Seymour is present, and will no doubt be chosen President of the Convention, Mr. Winfield, of Orange, for temporary chairman. John Van Buren is also here on his way to Oswego.

The Vermont Election.

Triumph of the Republican Ticket.

MONTPELIER, VT., September 5.—The election for State and county officers and members of the Legislature, took place to-day. The vote is the lightest cast in many years, being not more than three-fourths as large as last year. We have the vote for Governor from twenty-five towns, embracing one fifth of the vote of the State. The Republicans voted for Daniel Dillingham, of Waterbury, and the Democrats for C. N. Davenport, of Rockingham. Twenty-five towns give Dillingham 5,076, and Davenport 1,554 votes. The same towns last year gave Smith, Republican, for Governor, 6,334, and Redfield, Democrat, 2,275. Taking this vote as an indication, the majority for Dillingham will be relatively larger than that of Smith last year. We have a representative vote from forty-eight towns, all of which go Republican but five.

Danbury Bank.

DANBURY, CONN., September 5.—The report of trouble in the Danbury Bank, is utterly incorrect. The Bank is stronger than ever before.

THE SATURDAY COMMERCIAL,
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE
CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE
AND VALUABLE READING
FOR THE FAMILY.
TERMS OF THE WEEKLY:
Per Year, (52 issues,).....$1 50
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The money must always accompany the order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.
☞ Postmasters are requested to act as agents for THE COMMERCIAL.

TERRIBLE RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Boilers of the Locomotive Explode—Three Persons Instantly Killed—Coroner's Jury Investigating the Matter.

HARRISBURG, September 5.—The Erie Express on the Pennsylvania railroad, coming east, this morning, when near Duncannon, met with a dreadful accident, by which three persons were instantly killed. The boiler of the locomotive, drawing the train, burst with a fearful explosion, killing a stranger who was riding on the locomotive. The baggage master was also slightly wounded. A coroner's inquest is proceeding this evening to investigate the matter.

NORTH CAROLINA NEWS.

NEW YORK, September 5.—We have Wilmington, Newbern and Raleigh papers to the 2d.

The Raleigh *Standard* says Governor Holden has received a communication from President Johnson, saying that if he should visit Richmond, he would extend his visit to Raleigh, his native city.

The Wilmington *Herald* prints a letter from Hon. B. F. Moore on the situation and the duties of the approaching convention, on questions of slavery, negro suffrage, ratification of civil contracts entered into during the war, repudiation of the rebel debt, &c. He stands squarely on Governor Holden's platform. At the same time he rather obscurely refers to questions which should be left by the Constitution to the action of the Legislature.

The *Herald* says Mr. Moore has the reputation of being one of the ablest jurists of the State.

FROM NEWBERN, N. C.

NEWBERN, N. C., September 2.—The steamers Louisa Moore, Euclid and Argo, and a fleet of schooners left here to-day for the North, heavily ladened with cotton, tobacco, naval stores, and other products.

In the extensive cotton fields in sight of Newbern, the cotton pickers commenced gathering the crop last week. The cotton worm has not made its appearance in this part of the State. The yield of cotton this year in eastern North Carolina is good. There is a great lack of hotels and boarding houses in Newbern. The portable houses brought from the North, are bringing exorbitant prices. It is impossible to rent a building or to obtain lumber here for less than its weight in silver. Real estate and city lots, strange to say, have not taken a flight upwards owing to the fear of confiscation and the unsettled condition of this kind of property.

The Rebellion in Hayti.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The capture of Fort St. Michael by the Haytien rebels, has already been announced. The *Bulletin de la Revolution* has a long account of the event, by which it appears that Anjou, who commanded the rebels, did not seek to enter the postern gate, but led his force through the sloughs up to the very walls of the fort. The heroic band experienced great difficulties in making their way through a net work of thorny underwood and other natural obstacles. On reaching the walls, Anjou ordered a halt, and mounting an oak tree, he reconnoitered the position and waited for dawn. About 3:30 A. M., he descended the tree and dashed on the fort at the head of his men, shouting "*Vive Salnave!*" The garrison being thus unexpectedly attacked with cold steel, fell into indescriminate confusion, and they fled, leaving the forts to the victors.

Maltreatment of Freedmen.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The *Tribune's* Richmond correspondent says: Complaints continue to pour into the Freedmen's Bureau of maltreatment and meanness towards the negroes on the part of the planters in different parts of the State. They band together to turn off all their help, except such as shall be actually needed during the winter. Five dollars per month is paid to such.

Henry A. Wise is out with thirty pages of foolscap, addressed to General Grant, appealing from General Terry's decision transferring Wise's property abandoned by him, to the Freedmen's Bureau.

Fire in Troy, N. Y.

TROY, N. Y., September 5.—A destructive and threatening fire occurred at West Troy this afternoon, below Canal street, taking both sides of Broadway from and including Clifford & Lathair's steam planing mill to the exchange, some twenty-five valuable brick buildings, making a loss of probably $70,000 to $100,000.

Included are Wisewell's Mansion House block and other stores. The fire was stopped at the exchange, by great exertions. The *Democrat* was destroyed.

Late Washington Items.

WASHINGTON CITY, September 5.—The Wirz trial was resumed to-day. Several witnesses testified to the cruelties practised by Capt. Wirz, and confirmed the evidence previously given of the bad treatment and distressing mortality among our prisoners.

A Cabinet session was held to-day.

The Andersonville prison survivors held a meeting last evening. The object of the society is to assist the widows and orphans of the Andersonville prisoners, and also the prisoners when the circumstances demand it.

The Trial of Jeff. Davis.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The *World's* special says a story is widely prevalent here to-day that Jeff. Davis' trial is to take place this month. It is believed to be unfounded. October is thought the correct time, Norfolk the place, and Chief Justice Chase the presiding Judge.

It is understood the President does not contemplate any visit to Richmond, or North or South Carolina at present, if at all, to either of the latter States. He may make a brief visit to Richmond, purely for recreation.

STATE ITEMS.

Charles E. Clark, alleged defaulting teller of the Commercial Bank, Philadelphia, having at last secured bail, has been released from confinement.

The Union Bank of Reading having been converted into a National institution, last week destroyed $258,000 of notes of its old issue.

The first annual meeting of the "White Star Union" was held in Philadelphia on Saturday, Gen. Burnum, Vice President in the chair, Maj. Gen. Geary being unable to attend. An amendment to the constitution was adopted, admitting enlisted men to membership. The Union adjourned to meet in Philadelphia on the 24th of November next, which day is the anniversary of the battle of Lookout Mountain, where the "white star" shone above the clouds, the division flag bearing that emblem, being the first unfurled from the captured summit.

The Bankers and Brokers' Telegraph Company of Philadelphia, commence the completion of their new lines to New York, Baltimore, Washington, Boston, Springfield, Portland and intermediate points. They are to be speedily extended South and West.

The Mayor of Harrisburg has vetoed the ordinance lately passed by councils of that city allowing intoxicating liquors to be sold between the hours of 11 o'clock P. M. and 4 A. M. He thinks there "should be an intermission to drinking as well as to labor."

An insane man, named E. D. Hayden, was found at the Lochiel House, Harrisburg, a few days since. His friends are inquired for.

The following named Pennsylvania soldiers are confined in the Old Capitol Prison, charged with mutinous conduct: David Cochran, Co. K; Elias Miller, Joseph McCormick, David Giberson, Matthias Peters, Daniel Kendig, Horace G. Leeser, Nicholas Wolf, Harvey Gerb, Philip McKim and Henry Hurst, Co. I, 195th Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Philadelphia paid from May 17th, 1861, to August 6th, 1865, the sum of $2,596,307 87 relief to 1,108,116 soldiers' families. The largest amount of families paid on any one day in the year was 11,012, on December 28th, 1861.

The Ninety-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, Col. Galusha Pennypacker, numbering three hundred men, have arrived home in Philadelphia.

STATE POLITICS.

Hon. Winthrop W. Ketchum, of Luzerne county, is named for the Union gubernatorial nomination next year.

The Union men of Perry county, have nominated the following ticket: Assembly, Col. F. S. Stambaugh, Capt. Geo. A. Shuman; Sheriff, Lieut. Jno. T. Miller; County Treasurer, Samuel Smith; County Commissioner, John Wright; Jury Commissioner, Hugh Campbell; Director of the Poor, Peter Sheaffer; County Surveyor, M. B. Holman; Auditor, Geo. W. Bretz; Coroner, Dr. Stites.

The following is the Democratic ticket in Berks county: For Representatives, Frederick Harner, Henry B. Rhoads, John Missimer; for Sheriff, Tobias Barto; for County Treasurer, Isaac R. Fisher; for District Attorney, Wharton Morris; for County Commissioner, Wm. S. Young; for Director of the Poor, Geo. Lash; for County Auditor, John G. Glass; for County Surveyor, Daniel S. Zacharias.

The following is the Democratic ticket in Venango county: Assembly, James P. Hoover; Sheriff, Seth T. Kennedy; Treasurer, Robert J. Phipps; District Attorney, G. R. Snowdon; Commissioners, D. McElphatrick, three years; J. Kunkle, one year; Auditor, S. F. Dale; Coroner, Dr. G. W. Cary; Surveyor, John Pettit.

LOVELY IN DEATH.—The London *Herald* (Lord Derby's organ) taking leave of the *Index* remarks:—"We cannot part unregrettingly with our fellow laborer in a work in which none labored with more earnestness and devotion than he. We cannot bid him farewell without taking this occasion of expressing the sad satisfaction with which we remember that both he and we did all that was in our power toward the great, good and gallant men who strove, and toiled, and died in vain for the rights of their people and the honor of their country."

David McConaughy has received the Union nomination for State Senator from the Adams and Franklin district.

The Daily Commercial

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1865.

UNION STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL:
JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
of Montgomery.
SURVEYOR GENERAL:
JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
of Cambria.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
LEVI B. DUFF, Allegheny.
FOR COUNTY CONTROLLER:
HENRY LAMBERT, Pitt Township.
FOR TREASURER:
DAVID AIKEN, JR., Liberty Township.
FOR STATE SENATE:
JAMES L. GRAHAM, Allegheny.
FOR ASSEMBLY:
GEO. Y. McKEE, North Fayette Township.
HANS B. HERRON, McCandless Township.
ALFRED SLACK, Allegheny.
DAVID SHAFFER, Upper St Clair.
J. P. GLASS, Pittsburgh.
JOHN A. DANKS, Shaler Township.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER:
JONATHAN NEELY, Lower St. Clair Tp.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
R. L. McCULLEY, Birmingham.
FOR DIRECTOR OF POOR:
MOSES CHESS, Chartiers Township.

WANTED, PUBLIC SPIRIT.

In the manufacture of Iron, Steel, Guns and Glass, and in her Oil Refineries, Pittsburgh stands unrivalled on this continent, while in several other discriptions of manufactures she has taken and holds high rank. Her Mills and Furnaces, her Nail Factories and the variety and extent of her machinery, especially the improvements her enterprising citizens have made and the success that has attended their efforts in the manufacture of Steel and in Copper smelting, are the wonder of travellers, the admiration of the business-world and the objects of just pride among ourselves. Nowhere else, during the war, could the Government go for the guns which have astonished the world and marked a new era in heavy ordnance. Nowhere else could the Government go for armor with which to plate the monitors and the great ships which have revolutionized the navies of the world. It was Pittsburgh machinery, science and skill that enabled the Government to create a navy, itself impregnable, and before which that of no other nation could stand. Our Steel manufacturers need but protection to enable them not only to supply the markets of this country, but to enter boldly the markets of other countries, and contest there even with Sheffield. Our Glass manufactures are famous everywhere, and to such perfection have they brought the art that Pittsburgh pressed glass can scarcely be distinguished from the best descriptions of cut glass. In this respect emphatically Pittsburgh stands first, and to-day, in the manufacture of glass, she holds possession of the markets of the country. Everywhere Pittsburgh manufactures of every description are famous, and they are of a kind that have conferred on our city the title and fame of the BIRMINGHAM OF AMERICA.

Nevertheless, Pittsburg is lacking in one essential thing—PUBLIC SPIRIT. Our Iron makers make the best of Iron, our Steel makers make the best Steel, our Glass makers make the best Glass, our Gun makers make the largest Guns, our Refiners have the largest Refineries, our manufacturers excel in their several departments, and thus is Pittsburgh divided up; but there is still wanting, and for this reason, perhaps, unity of enterprise and that degree of Public Spirit which is necessary to make Pittsburgh what she should be. A city has a being apart from the divisions and sub-divisions of community. Acting all the while as Iron, Steel, Glass, Gun makers, and Oil Refiners will not answer the purpose. All these brought together, acting from a common stand-point, and for a common purpose, is what Pittsburgh needs and must have before she can hold the rank to which she aspires, and which her wealth and manufacturing facilities entitle her to hold. Back of all these leading pursuits lies the Coal, which is our chief advantage. But it will not supply what can be wrought only in the minds of our citizens. Is there any reason why we should not have in Pittsburgh as much public spirit as other cities of no greater population? No man among us will say nay,—but we have it not. By Public Spirit we mean a city pride which shows itself in actions—paves and keeps clean all the streets; builds public buildings; expends the made-wealth in dwellings for the larger class who cannot be expected to build for themselves; lays out and prosecutes improvements; patronizes Art, Science, and supports Religion, Education, and Amusements.

We cannot have too much City Pride thus manifested. Till we have it we cannot be justly proud of our city. We may be proud of our manufactures, of those great specialties for which our city is so famous, but we cannot expect, on closer sight, the admiration which strangers, having heard of our fame, before coming among us are prepared to accord.

A plea is made for Public Spirit in Pittsburgh. We are falling behind in the race with other cities, wherein we have held the lead. If the heads of the great interests would only come together, compare our own with other cities, inquire what is to be done in view of our overflowing community, and the future of our city, and then resolve to do it, a new life would be given to Pittsburgh. We want the awakening of enterprise, propelled by the Public Spirit we have described. The question addressed to all this community, more especially to the heads of our great manufacturing interests—is, *shall we have it?*

STATES AND THEIR PEOPLE.

Whether States can commit the crime, and be obnoxious to the penalty of treason, or not, is a merely speculative question. That the people of a State may commit the crime and be made to bear the penalty admits of no doubt. And if the entire population be in the condition of traitors liable to punishment, what is there left of the State? Who is there to fill its offices, who to interpret or execute its laws? We can conceive of a people not organized into a State. But we have not powers of abstraction sufficient to conceive of a State without population—with nobody to rule and nobody to be ruled. But as to all civil functions, traitors are disfranchised, and are as no people, until they have expiated their offense by punishment or are exempted from it by pardon, they have no claim to civil rights, and, of course, none to the exercise of official functions.

This is the principle upon which the reconstruction of the rebel States, or of the States whose people were rebels, is progressing. Some loyal population must be found or made, before civil functions can be resumed, and all the debate and speculation on the question, whether or no a State can commit the crime of treason are, in this case, superfluous.

JOHN BULL FOILED.—The Tycoon of Japan employed a distinguished New York shipwright to build him a screw war steamer. The job was finished, and the ship was named the Tusiyama. The British Minister at Washington, about one year ago, protested against her departure, and she did not leave, the report having been circulated that she was designed for the rebel service. But the prohibition has been removed, and she will depart. The preference given by the Tycoon to American ship builders and the hope that English mechanics would be the gainers was, no doubt, at the bottom of the interference. But the scheme failed, for at this time there is in New York a Japanese official of high rank and of much intelligence, who is making himself acquainted with our improvements in ship building and warfare. He is represented as "an accomplished artist and scholar, and will return to Japan well posted, so that JOHN BULL need not trouble himself about building any gunboats for the Tycoon at present."

BOOKS FOR FREEDMEN.—Rev. Dr. A. M. STEWART, formerly Chaplain of the 102d regiment, and now agent at Washington City of the American Tract Society, has laid upon our table a number of small books and papers, such as are now published by the Society for distribution among the freedmen of the South. The Tract Society is laboring, in connection with the Freedmen's Bureau, to elevate the condition of the Southern blacks. No appropriation having been made by Congress for conducting the business of that Bureau, the success of the undertaking at present depends upon the manner in which the people of the North respond to the appeals which have been made to them. Dr. STEWART will be in this neighborhood for a month or so, and intends calling upon citizens to aid in this noble work. We trust that the people will respond with their usual and well known liberality.

IN Utah an anti-bigamist party is growing up, is already strong, and threatens to disturb BRIGHAM YOUNG not a little. When the Government applies to that people the test of obedience to the laws of the land, which it intends to do before long it is said, we apprehend this new sect will occupy the post of advantage. It is said that the bigamist leaders are quailing before the expected storm.

THE CHURCHES AND THE REBELLION.

It is true that the clergy and churches, of all denominations, have taken a profound interest and an active part in the late rebellion. It is true that they have indulged their sympathies and employed their action on both sides of the terrible controversy. The few individuals who have, in nervous benevolence, stood wringing their hands at the horrors, or who have, with sanctimonious indifference, like the priest and Levite, passed by on the other side, are not sufficient to be reckoned as an exception. The ministers and churches have, we may say, universally been concerned in the public and vital questions which have for four years convulsed our nation, and they have been on opposite sides in the momentous strife.

But we can discover nothing more in this fact to excite our surprise than in the antagonism of Senators, Statesmen, and other educated and thinking men, on the same question. DAVIS, MASON and LEE, against LINCOLN, SEWARD and GRANT, present the same psychological and moral problem that we meet with in the opposition of distinguished clergymen of the several churches. A great number and variety of considerations conspire to make up the reasons of human action. Facts, opinions, passions and prejudices furnish the impulses that urge them on. From them no class is exempted. Conscience, even, is clothed with no such infallibility as to be proof against the invasions of error. And it is one of the infirmities of our nature, as all history shows, that we do not readily observe errors that widely prevail, and have become incorporated with the thinking of the community. Hence convictions unsuspectingly accede to them, and are biased by their power. On questions of conscience, that is, on moral questions, this is as true and as common as on other questions. That the prevalent opinions and popular influences of the South should have affected the churches and the ministry, is no more surprising than that the same causes, in a different form, should have controlled their opinions and actions in the North. Conscientious differences exist on many subjects besides the rebellion. There is a right and a wrong, however, in them all, independent of individual convictions. That the churches and ministers who have favored the rebellion are wrong, we have not the shadow of a doubt, however strong their belief that they were right may be. But their being wrong occasions us no more surprise, and no more embarrassment, than it does that other people aiding the rebellion are wrong.

The course which the Southern ministers and churches are pursuing since the close of the war, in the matter of reunion, we believe to be also wrong; but it is only a continuance in an evil course begun in the war, and continued under the same unhappy influences. They succumb, like others, to the award of power, in their civil relations, yet in their ecclesiastical relations, which were always voluntary, they follow the bent of their convictions, although those convictions may be founded in error, or be modified by prejudice and passion. That the Southern clergy have been egregiously wrong, and are now egregiously unwise, we do not hesitate to believe, since their persistence in a disunion which their wills can effect in the churches, may embarrass the efforts for union in the State, to which they must submit, and fixes on themselves the just odium of conspicuous, separate and unnecessary organization.

That the clergy have participated in the momentous questions and scenes of the times, on the side of the Union, cannot be attributed to them as a fault. That they have done the State good service, is acknowledged by every loyal mind in the country. The issue, though political, was vitally and immediately connected with all the best interests of the people. Silence and inaction on their part would have been a sin and a shame. And their endeavors to restore ecclesiastical unity in their several denominations are worthy of approbation, in their main design, and in their collateral bearing on the unity of the nation. Whether they have all been the most wise, we express no opinion. And we cannot but hope that the ministers and churches of the Southern States will, upon the cooling of passion, regard these endeavors with more of the spirit in which they are made, and coalesce with Christian brethren spontaneously and cordially. The cause of former jealously and strife, and the fuel of the recent burning having been providentially removed, they might hereafter live on terms of amity and fellowship, peacefully, happily, and honorably in their several churches, as they will under one civil government.

GUERRILLAS AND REBELS.—Men are occasionally arrested and imprisoned as guerrillas, but, on the plea that they were officers or soldiers of the Confederate army, are set at liberty. This, it seems to us, is making a distinction where there is no difference. The same plea was made, we think, in behalf of incendiaries and raiders from Canada, and of officers accused of piracy on the high seas. They produce commissions, or offer to prove the fact, that they were members of the rebel army, and expect to be exonerated from punishment on that ground. Can it be that the crime of bloody rebellion will exempt men from the punishment due to robbery? That, if done with the approval of the Government, would be a more direct recognition of the belligerent rights of rebels than has been made, even under the pressure of necessity, or in any other way.

A case of the kind lately occurred in Virginia, the parties being charged with robbing United States prisoners, in August, 1864. They plead as above, and the *Republic* says, if they were rebel officers, they will be discharged from custody, as a matter of course.

PRESTON KING'S RECEPTION.—On Monday, the hot, sultry day, Mr. KING, the new Collector at New York, received, and no doubt he did it with all the courtesy which is natural to him, the applicants for situations in the New York Custom House, which is now under his care. They were formed into a procession, on republican principles, to give each a fair chance of approach and presentation. The procession, containing about two hundred, included some soldiers and some ladies. It was the sultry hour of three o'clock when the business was completed. The Collector perspired freely. No doubt most of those in the procession did the same. It was a melting time all round.

The appointments will be made in due time, but not immediately. The number of applicants, however, greatly exceeds the number of places to be filled, and some disappointed hopes must, of course, be the result.

General Moorhead and the Tariff.

The Tariff Association in Cleveland has published the following letter from General MOORHEAD, briefly but forcibly discussing the Tariff question.

PITTSBURGH, August 22, 1865.

DEAR SIR:—I thank you for a copy of the circular issued by the "Society for Protection of American Industry," dated the 10th inst.

The principles and policy, so necessary for the protection of our government, to enable us, as a nation, to bear the burdens imposed upon us by this wicked and terrible rebellion; to relieve us at an early day from high taxation, and to cherish and protect the honor and credit of the government, and enable it to pay promptly, not only the interest upon, but eventually the principal of the public debt, are so clearly set forth therein, as to require nothing from me but a simple endorsement of them, which I most gladly give.

The adoption of, and strict adherence to, the principles laid down in your circular, will make us, I verily believe, within a quarter of a century, the greatest and richest nation on the globe.

This wicked rebellion, waged for the purpose of dividing and destroying our Union, in the efforts to accomplish which, the nations and governments of the Old World sympathized, if not directly aided, was put down by us, without either aid or sympathy from abroad, and as our own people furnished the funds cheerfully and promptly, necessary to carry on the war, so will they, if protected in their labor and manufacturing skill and industry, pay the interest on the debt, and rapidly reduce the amount of the principal.

This appears to be so plain and certain to me, that I only wonder why any sane man should doubt it. I therefore hail with joy your circular and hope its principles may find a lodgment in every loyal heart.

By wise acts of legislation, we must protect the labor of our country against foreign labor. Let us buy less and sell more, keep from sending our coin abroad to buy articles we can make and produce at home, encourage emigration—as our country should continue to be as she has been, the asylum for the oppressed of all nations. Let the manufacturing of the nation be diffused, so as to carry it into the very heart of the agricultural region, and afford a market for a large portion of the products of the Northwest, at their very doors, and the war debt of this nation will dissolve as ice before the genial sunshine.

Respectfully yours,
J. K. MOORHEAD.

AN English M. P., who owned extensive estates and possessed a considerable personal celebrity, was spending a few days at the residence of a noble family. There were several interesting and accomplished young ladies in the family, to whom the honorable member, as in duty bound, showed every attention. Just as he was about to take his leave, the nobleman's wife proceeded to consult him in a matter which, she alleged, was causing her no little distress. "It is reported," said the Countess, "that you are to marry my daughter L——. What shall we do?—what shall we say about it?" "Oh," quietly responded the considerate M. P., "just say she refused me!"

WHO CAN VOTE IN SOUTH CAROLINA.—The Charleston *Courier*, of the 31st, says: "It is stated that a decision has been arrived at that only those will be entitled to vote at the approaching election for a convention who were actually legal voters in 1860. If the report be correct it disfranchises all who may have attained age or who may have become qualified since that time, and conflicts with the interest and spirit of Governor Perry's proclamation, based upon the amendment made by President Johnson—that laws in relation to suffrage in force prior to secession should alone be valid."

PERSONAL.

—The New York *Times* is responsible for the following: "The public have not forgotten the memorable attack made by the *Tribune* on the Government a day or two after the confusion of Bull Run. Mr. Greeley, when bombarded by the entire press of the country for the article, protested that he didn't write it, and knew nothing of it. It is susceptible of demonstration that, although the article was penned by another, its tone and matter, sentence by sentence, were discussed calmly, and considered deliberately by its responsible editor, while certain rhetorical suggestions made by Mr. Greeley, were adopted in the original manuscript."

—Major General Fitz Henry Warren, having been mustered out of the service, has returned to Iowa, where he resides. He was Assistant Paymaster General under Mr. Collamore, and for a brief period the Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune*. His letters attracted great attention, and began to cause a quaking at the Capital, when a revolution in the *Tribune* office upset him. A collection of his letters written prior to and immediately succeeding the first battle of Bull Run, would make a readable book now, and cause the writer to be credited with more wisdom and sagacity than was accorded to him at the time they were written. Though not a journalist, there is a field in such a connection that he could fill admirably.

—It is asserted in the best informed quarters, that Jeff. Davis will be tried for treason, before Chief Justice Chase. Ample time has been given for all popular excitement to subside, so that his jury may be as dispassionate as possible; and for the complete preparation by his counsel of every available defense in law and in fact. The delay of the Government in making the arraignment may not have suited some impatient spirit, but has best comported with the sanctity of justice, and with its own dignity. The New York *Times* infers that, though convicted, as he will be, he will not be executed. The constitution will be vindicated, and the supremacy of the national authority forever established, in law as well as in fact. "Public opinion," it observes, "may allow his pardon." "His chances," it further remarks, "rest merely on technical evasions, and on the perjury or perversity of jurymen." The impression is strong, that the trial will take place in Richmond. The court room in the Custom House there, is now being rapidly fitted up for the coming session of the court, which will be held in October.

—Mr. Cleary, the person who had the misunderstanding with the Chicago reporters, has come out with a card defending his conduct. He thinks he did nothing to cause the reporters to leave, and that they are the most unreasonable set of men he ever met with. He only called one of them a "fool," (was there not a sharp prefix?) which he thinks proved how mild mannered he was. Persons inclined to be a little particular, with exaggerated notions of good breeding, might differ with him.

—Ex-Senator Foote, familiarly known as the "Hangman," has returned to Tennessee. He has for some time been sojourning in Canada.

—Prince de Joinville, who warmly espoused the cause of the North, and was through some of the most important campaigns of the war, has written an article in a French publication on the French and European Navies, wherein he applauds the exploits of the American Navy in the contest that has just closed. Speaking of French naval artillery, he says the French "are decidedly behindhand. We have nothing equivalent to American fifteen-inch guns." "We have allowed the English and Americans to get the better of us in this respect." The Paris correspondent of the London *Herald* berates the Prince. That writer says: "It has also given pain to many to find that Prince de Joinville blindly espouses the Yankee prejudice to the extent of calling the Alabama a pirate; he contrives to pay a compliment to the Kearsarge, but not a word that he appreciates the courage of the *gallant Semmes*. Had at any time any French naval officer achieved half as much as the commander who has made immortal his name and that of the Alabama, would not his Royal Highness set down to prejudice and the narrowest party spirit such contemptuous disposal of his claim of renown as he ungenerously and unjustly metes out the Alabama and her captain?"

—Ketchum's scoundrelism, it seems, was for some time known to two junior partners of the firm to which he belonged. According to the letters read at the meeting of the creditors of Ketchum, Son & Co., referred to, it appears that so long since as the 1st of June last, Mr. Swain, one of the junior partners, was aware of the abstraction of securities belonging to the firm by Edward B. Ketchum, for purposes of private speculation on his part. Mr. Thomas Belknap, Jr., another of the partners, in a letter dated August 28, said, "In looking over the loans and securities about the 1st of June, Mr. Swain found that there was missing some $430,000 United States seven and three-tenths per cent. notes, $350,000 legal tender five per cent. notes, and $195,000 five-twenty United States bonds. * * Upon being taxed by Mr. Swain with the abstraction, Edward admitted it, and said he was speculating on his own account; but asserted that the securities were within his control if a little time was afforded him." He then goes on to say, "Mr Swain informed me of the case at once;" and further that "Mr. Swain and myself were both of the opinion that by holding over him the threat of exposure he would be induced to retire from his speculations and make good his abstractions;" and so, he continues, "we permitted the matter to run along;" but apparently without informing the senior member of the firm of the condition of affairs.

—The French Consul at New York has undertaken to discipline the press of that city, by intimating to certain proprietors that their journals will not be permitted to circulate in France, unless they adopt a more becoming tone towards the Emperor, in discussing his Mexican policy. His Majesty, though successful in muzzling the French press, will not succeed in this attempt.

—Gen. Heintzelman having been mustered out, is now Colonel of the Seventeenth Infantry of regulars. He is now on a visit to his home, at Manheim, Lancaster county, Pa., from which he has been absent twenty-five years, this being the first leave of absence he has received since the war began.

—Mr. Alexander Dudley, President of the York River Railroad, has returned to Richmond from Washington with his pardon restored to him. He was summoned to that city by a telegram from President Johnson himself. This little affair has been a lesson to Mr. Dudley, and he will probably now attend to his legitimate business—that of putting his railroad in running order, for which he is admirably qualified.

—The rebel General Jenkins, indicted for the burning of Chambersburg, and for whom Governor Curtin has made a requisition on Governor Pierpoint, is beyond the reach of civil or military authorities now, having died from the effects of wounds received in the Western part of the State.

—The Richmond *Whig* understands that Gen. Lee "has consented to accept the Presidency of Washington College. The venerable school, and the pleasant and cultivated village which is its seat, will henceforward have an importance in the eyes of the world which few other events could have given them."

—Fifty-three years ago the following obituary notice of President Johnson's father (January 10, 1812,) appeared in the Raleigh (N. C.) *Star*: "Died in this city, on Saturday last, Jacob Johnson, who had for many years occupied an humble but useful station in society. He was city constable, sexton and porter to the State Bank. In his last illness he was visited by the principal inhabitants of the city, by whom he was esteemed for his honesty, sobriety, industry, and humane, friendly disposition. Among all to whom he was known and esteemed, none lament him more (except, perhaps, his relatives,) than the publisher of this paper, for he owes his life, on a particular occasion, to the boldness and humanity of Johnson." The North Carolina *Standard* thus explains the concluding lines in the above obituary notice: "Thomas Henderson was upset in a canoe, and was so near being drowned that life was nearly extinct when he was recovered. Jacob Johnson was on the bank, safe and secure, but he saw *his friend* drowning before his face. Thoughtless of self he plunged in at the hazard of his own life. He did finally succeed in saving his friend, but both were nearly exhausted when they reached the shore."

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

At the port of New York, in July and August, the Government collected $23,000,000 in gold customs on $46,000,000 or $48,000,000 foreign merchandise taken for consumption. In July and August, 1860, before the war, the value of foreign goods taken for consumption at that port was $48,889,261, on which the Government received only $8,994,358 in customs.

One of the best posted wine makers at Cleveland, Ohio, says that if for five years to come the people of this country plant vineyards as they have for five years past, there will be more wines and grapes here than in the old country.

It is believed that the internal revenues in September and October, if not in November, must, from the present prospects of trade, and the circumstance that a large share of the last income tax remains to be collected this month, continue on a large scale. The customs in gold will scarcely continue so large as in August—about seventeen and a half or eighteen millions at all the ports—but September will probably yield quite as much as July, say thirteen and a half or fourteen millions, and place, with his present gold balances, a reserved power of at least fifty millions in gold to raise currency, by its conversion or gradual sale in the market, if needful for the general conduct of the Treasury or to prevent his Customs accumulations from stimulating the premium on gold.

The eighth annual report of the Central Park, N. Y., Commissioners shows that the board have expended $4,368,136 on the park, and are still spending money at the rate of about half a million dollars annually. The number of visitors who entered the park during the last year was 5,740,079.

Census returns show Quincy to be the second city in Illinois—population 19,000.

A horse was poisoned to death a few days ago, in Boston, by chewing green house paper, which was lying in a barrel. He died in a few minutes.

Private advices are to the effect that many of the Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi planters are making preparations to move during the coming autumn in Louisiana, chiefly along the banks of the Red river, for the purpose of raising cotton. In most cases they are hiring, at so much per month or year, their former slaves, and intend taking them with them.

Washington Topics and Gossip.

I hear some of the friends of Judge Sharkey, of Mississippi, are pressing his claims for the vacant seat on the Supreme bench, but the result of their efforts, it would be difficult to conjecture. In so far as concerns legal ability and thorough fitness for the position, the Judge has but few equals, but there are other circumstances which may cause the President to set his face firm as a flint against the efforts for his appointment.

Reliable advices from Mississippi are to the effect that the recent action of the Convention with reference to slavery is regarded as dealing a death-blow to that institution, notwithstanding the Convention failed to provide for the future welfare of the blacks. It has been thought by some that in this failure, and a reference of the subject to the Legislature, there was a purpose to play double on the question of emancipation, but this, I am informed, is not the case. The subject was referred to the Legislature simply because it was more within the province of the deliberations of that body, which has yet to ratify the Emancipation Act of the Convention before it can be said to be complete.

Major Eckert, Assistant Secretary of War, has issued an order shutting down on all newspaper reports to and from the South, including specially Mobile and New Orleans. The excuse given is "military necessity," but it seems to me that this is about "played out." While we had heavy armies opposed to us, and it was vitally important that the wires should be controlled by the Government, it was well enough that outside parties should stand aside; but with the rebel armies dispersed and our own pretty much disbanded, with the ports opened to the introduction of even weapons of war, to assert, in the face of all this, that "military necessity" compels the Government to keep a tight reign upon the magnetic lines, is to assert what none but an idiot will believe. There is not a telegrapher or newspaper along the entire Southern route but what knows better, and it is but trifling with the reading public and commercial necessities, to imperiously insist that dispatches shall not be forwarded. The Military Superintendent at Nashville says, that his orders "cover all reports." It is to be hoped the War Department or the President, will rescind such absurd orders without another day's delay.

The President has declined to order the release of A. H. Stephens while his application for pardon remains unacted upon. Otherwise, however, he has directed that he be kept as thoroughly comfortable as the facilities of his temporary abode will allow. Linton Stephens, who has gone to visit him, is a half and not a full brother of the distinguished rebel. Major General Hooker, it is said, has reversed the policy of Gen. Dix, and allows the freest correspondence with Mr. Stephens. The apartments he occupies have been changed to the locality occupied by the officers of the Fort.

MARRIED:

WOOLDRIDGE—WARD—On Tuesday, September 5, 1865, by the Rev. J. B. Patterson, at the residence of the bride, W. P. WOOLDRIDGE and JULIA M. WARD.

DIED:

ANDERSON—At 212 Beaver street, Allegheny City, on Tuesday, the 5th instant, MINERVA, wife of Mr. James Anderson.

Funeral will take place WEDNESDAY, (to-day,) at 3 P. M., from above address. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SHEDDEN—At the residence of her son, in Union township, Mrs. MARY SHEDDEN, in the seventy-fourth year of her age.

The funeral will take place from her son's residence, at 2 o'clock THIS AFTERNOON. Carriages will leave Hare's Hotel at 1 o'clock.

DR. McBRIDE'S KING OF PAIN.

Dr. McBride's King of Pain.
Dr. McBride's King of Pain.
Cures Neuralgia in Five Minutes.
Cures Headache in Three Minutes.
Cures Toothache in One Minute.
Cures Rheumatism in one Day.

READ THE FOLLOWING CITY TESTIMONY.

PITTSBURGH, August 21, 1865.—My daughter could not walk or do anything at all, with the pains in her hips and knees. I tried the doctors, and all the patent medicines I heard of, without receiving any benefit until I bought a bottle of McBride's King of Pain, and by using it two days she is now able to walk without the slightest pain. May God bless him—may he do others the same good. THOS. WRIGHT, Fifth Ward.

Sold at McCLARRAN'S Drug Store, 86 Market st., corner Diamond, near Fifth street. au25

"EXTENE."

ASTHMA.—MESSRS. LEVAN & CO—I have been suffering with Asthma for years. I was so bad that I had to get up three times a night, and use medicines to relieve me. I have taken two bottles, and it has acted wonderfully. I can now sleep well, and can rest at night. My appetite is very much improved. I would advise all to use it. FRANK BARNHARDT,
Firm of Barnhardt & Koch, Reading Pa.
February 2, 1865.

CONSUMPTION.—WM. LEVAN & CO.—In the spring I was attacked with cough and spitting of blood from the lungs, and night sweats; my father, mother, and six brothers and sisters have died with consumption, they all commenced the same as me. My husband had just died, and I was left alone with four small children. I consulted Mr. Davis, of this city, stating my case, and that I was poor. He told me that cod liver oil might cure me if I wished to try it; and also mentioned the Extene, stating that the proprietors were claiming to cure consumption with it. I bought two bottles of you, and am entirely cured of it.
SARAH McCARTY, Laurel st., Reading.

Sold only at FLEMING'S Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street. se1-M T&W

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

We have this day associated with us EDWARD AGNEW, in the manufacture of Japanned and Stamped Tinware and Tinners' Goods. The firm will be FLEMING, TORRENS & CO.
JOHN FLEMING,
JOSEPH TORRENS.
Pittsburgh, Pa., September 1, 1865. se5-1w

C. C. BOYLE.......................JAS. RICHEY, JR.

C. C. BOYLE & CO.,

Lumber Dealers, Allegheny City,
NEAR SUSPENSION BRIDGE.
Shaved and Sawed Shingles, Patent Siding, Flooring, and all kinds of Lumber on hand. se4-2t-T&F

ALLEGHENY COUNTY PRISON.

At a meeting of the Board of Inspectors, held this day, amongst other proceedings, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the Secretary be instructed to notify the Warden not to charge or receive from prisoners Jail fees on their discharge hereafter, except in cases where it is specially ordered by the Court of Common Pleas, Quarter Sessions and Oyer and Terminer.

By direction of Board of Inspectors.
HENRY LAMBERT, Secretary.
PITTSBURGH, September 2d, 1865. se4:2t

SAMUEL HARPER,

(Late of the 139th Regiment,)
Has Resumed the Practice of Law,
In the office of C. B. Smith,
NO. 93 DIAMOND STREET.
Special attention given to military and all other claims against the Government. Pensions procured. se5-tf

MONONGAHELA BRIDGE COMPANY, September 1, 1865.

THE PRESIDENT AND MANAGERS of the company for erecting a bridge over the Monongahela River, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have THIS DAY declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock, which will be paid to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, at the banking house of N. HOLMES & SONS, on and after the 11th instant.
se6-7t N. HOLMES, Treasurer.

STAR WELLS OIL COMPANY.

The first annual meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Board of Directors and other officers of the company, will be held at the office of the company, on MONDAY, the 11th instant, at 2 o'clock P. M.
se5-6t H. AHL, Secretary.

FOR SALE.—

A Photograph Gallery,
On one of the principal business streets of Pittsburgh. Complete set of instruments already furnished. For particulars address "PHOTOGRAPHS," Commercial office, Pittsburgh. se5-1w

DWELLING HOUSE AND TWO

LOTS OF GROUND, in Allegheny City, for sale, fronting on Robinson street (near to Federal street) 50 feet, and extending back along Bank lane 65 feet. The dwelling is of two stories, with high stone basement—9 rooms in all—large cellar. This property can be bought low.
se5 B. McLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth street.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

Proposals for the buildings for the Pittsburgh Locomotive and Car Works will be received up to WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, at the office of the company, No. 17 Market street, up stairs, where plans and specifications may be seen. Bids may be for the whole work, or for the different descriptions of work separately.
se6-6t P. H. MILLER, Secretary.

PROPOSALS

Are invited, and will be received at the office of S. RIDDLE, Esq., Allegheny Postoffice, Allegheny City, up to SEPTEMBER 8, 1865, for

EXCAVATING AND GRADING
The grounds of the
UNION PARK SKATING COMPANY.

Also, for fencing the same—furnishing the materials and building the fence. Also, for the building of the house. The specifications and plans can be seen at the office of J. M. BALPH, Architect, Anderson street, Allegheny City. Separate proposals will be required for each. The company reserving the right to reject any and all bids. se5-5t

FOR SALE

A FINE STOCK OF DRY GOODS,
And the long lease, (obtained at low rates,) of a large STORE-ROOM, situated in one of the BEST BUSINESS LOCATIONS IN MEADVILLE.
Address Box 71, Meadville, Pa.
September 1, 1865. se4-6t

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE TEXT BOOKS.

A full assortment of all the TEXT BOOKS used in the Schools and Colleges of Pittsburgh and vicinity
Constantly on Hand.
Spencer's, Cowley's, and Payson's, Dunton & Scribner's SERIES OF PENMANSHIP.
School Stationery
Of all kinds, for sale, at the lowest prices,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AT
KAY & COMPANY'S,
se5-2t 55 WOOD STREET.

100 EMPTY IRON BARRELS—For sale by J. B. CANFIELD.
se8

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

N. J. BIGLEY
Is now prepared to furnish, from his Youghiogheny Mines, the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity with a superior article of well screened
Lump and Nut Coal.
YARD, FOOT OF TRY STREET,
NEAR CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD DEPOT.
Hotels, Rolling Mills, Glassworks, &c., supplied on liberal terms. Orders solicited and promptly filled. Wagons also supplied. se2-tf

GREENWOOD INSTITUTE,

A SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
At New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa. The fall term of this school will commence WEDNESDAY, September 13, 1865. For further information address
MRS. C. T. GANTZ, Principal,
se6-2w New Brighton, Pa.

GREAT SALE OF BUILDING LOTS,

At Braddock's Fields, on the Connellsville and Pennsylvania Railroads. Will be offered at public sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, Sept. 16, at 1½ o'clock P. M., 29 large and desirable building lots, in Buchanan's Plan, each lot fronting 50 feet on streets 50 and 60 feet in width, extending back 133 feet to an alley. Also 2 large lots of over 2 and 4 acres, having each a wide front on the Monongahela River, and well suited for manufacturing purposes. Suitable arrangements have been made with the Connellsville R. R. Company to convey all persons (gentlemen or ladies) to the sale, free of charge. A special train will leave the depot, corner of Water and Ross streets, at 1 o'clock on the day of sale. No tickets required. For plan of lots and other particulars, see large bills, or apply to B. McLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth street. se6-10t

SALE OF FORFEITED STOCK.—

There will be sold, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock A. M., on MONDAY, the 16th day of October, 1865, at public auction, at the office of the Treasurer, in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., unless sooner redeemed by payment of assessment of one dollar per share, due January 4, 1865, with interest and charges thereon: 3 984 shares in the Medora Mining Company, said stock having been forfeited for non-payment of the assessment above referred to, according to the terms of the charter and by-laws of the company. Eastern stockholders may redeem their stock, as above provided, by payment to F. K. Womrath, Esq., transfer agent, 324 Walnut street, Philadelphia, at any time prior to the close of business on FRIDAY, the 13th of October next, or to the Treasurer before the sale. By order of the Directors. JAMES M. COOPER, Secretary and Treasurer Medora Mining Company.
Pittsburgh, September 6, 1865. se6-toc16

SEPTEMBER 5, 1865.

NOTICE—SEALED PROPOSALS

will be received for building a public school-house in Ross township, two and a half miles from Allegheny City, on a lot alongside Saw-mill Run plank road, near J. Flocker's rope-walk; frame house, 30 by 40 feet, 12 feet story in clear, on a stone foundation, proper number of windows, and with other fixtures as may be agreed on. Proposals to be left at the abovesaid J. FLOCKER'S to the 9th inst. se6-3t

FOR SALE

IN EAST LIBERTY.
A fine new brick house, of 8 rooms, and large stable; lot 150x135 feet, on a 40 foot street; within three squares of the Passenger Railroad Station. A bargain will be given to any person desiring property of the above description.
J. S. STRICKLER,
se6-eod Attorney, 115 Fifth street.

DUFF'S BANK,

RAILROAD,
STEAMBOAT and
MERCANTILE BLANKS,
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
se6 Corner Wood and Third streets.

COPYING PRESSES,

COPYING BOOKS and
BRUSHES,
For sale at the stationery store of
W. S. HAVEN,
se6 Corner Wood and Third streets.

30 DRUMS VIRGINIA TWIST,
Will be sold very low, for cash.
Inquire of ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
Corner of Smithfield and Water streets,
se6 Opposite the Monongahela House

TEN CASES

EXTRA FINE MERINOS,
87½, 1 00, 1 25, 1 37½, 1 50, 1 75, 2 00 ℔ Yard.
Four Cases 5-4 All Wool Delaines,
87½, 1 00, 1 25, 1 37½, to 1 75 ℔ Yard.
TWENTY-FIVE PIECES
PLAIN BLACK AND REP SILKS,
1 50, 1 62, 1 75, 1 87½, 2 00 to 9 00 ℔ Yard.
FORTY PIECES
Auction Bought Linen Sheeting,
50 Cents ℔ Yard,
Four Cases Merrimac Style Prints,
25 Cents ℔ Yard,
AT
GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,
92
MARKET STREET.
Forty Bales of Cotton Batting, Cheap.
se6

FIFTY DOZEN

Gum Suspenders,
LESS THAN NEW YORK PRICES,
—AT THE—
GREAT SALE OF GOODS,
AT COST AND UNDER, AT
McClelland's Auction Rooms,
55 FIFTH STREET.
THE ENTIRE STOCK of DRY GOODS and SHOES
CLOSING OUT AT AND BELOW COST.
se6

FRENCH AND DOMESTIC

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
Auction Bought at New York,
NOW FOR SALE AT
McGratty's Clothing House,
Southwest corner Diamond and Ohio streets,
Allegheny City, Pa.

Mr. J. C. KLETT, Jr., having just returned from New York, where he has bought a large stock of FRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, which he is now prepared to make up in the best and most fashionable styles, and at

UNSURPASSABLE LOW FIGURES.

We have also on hand a large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, for Men, Youths and Boys' wear. All styles of furnishing goods, &c. Don't forget—Southwest corner of Ohio street and Diamond, Allegheny City. se5-1w

E. HOWARD & CO.'S

WATCHES,
FOR SALE BY
DUNSEATH & CO.,
56 Fifth Street.
au31

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—BY

virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, the undersigned, Administrators of the estate of WM. M. BEETEM, deceased, will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, the 28th day of September, A. D. 1865 at 10 o'clock, A. M., the undivided five-eighth, part of the following described real estate and other property belonging to the estate of said deceased, viz: Those certain tracts or pieces of land situate in Wilkins Township, Allegheny County, bounded by the Pennsylvania Railroad, by lands of Henry Chalfant, Moore, the Pittsburgh and Greensburg Turnpike Road, lands of James Kelly, Sampson, McKelvy and others. Said tracts contain about 245 acres of fine surface land—200 acres of which are covered with good timber. There are also about 250 acres of coal lying under the above and adjoining tracts of land, with a vein of about 4 feet 8 inches in thickness. On the above premises, to be sold as part of the coal property, are seven miner's houses; two stables, blacksmith shop and tools, one mile of railroad track, including siding, with heavy rail for locomotive, pit track, duck house, inclined plane, screws, tipple, scales, 53 four-wheeled dump cars, 54 pit cars, and sufficient material for building thirteen more, 9 mules, 9 horses, 18 setts of harness, 11 carts and wagons, 1 pair of timber wheels, fixtures for coal yard and office, and lease of office, &c., &c. The administrators are authorized to sell the entire interest of the decedent in the foregoing property, either as a whole, or in parts to suit the convenience of the purchasers. The coal is equal to any in this region for manufacturing or family use. The surface land is well adapted for gardening or farming purposes, and the part that fronts on the Pittsburgh and Greensburg Turnpike Road is desirable for country residences.

A plan of a proposed sub-division of the surface lands can be seen at the office of I. G. Macfarlane & Co., at No. 1 Canal street, Pittsburgh, opposite the Grain Elevator.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-fourth on the confirmation of the sale; one-fourth on the delivery of the deeds and possession and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest; the deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on the premises sold.

For further particulars apply to GEORGE SHIRAS, Jr., at No. 160 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, or to the undersigned at Carlisle, Cumberland county, Pa.
JOSEPH W. PATTON,
JOSEPH A. STUART,
Administrators of Wm. M. Beetem, deceased.

The undersigned, owner of the remaining undivided three-eighth part of the above described property, will also offer his interest for sale at the same time and place.
sep5-3w-3t-a-w I. G. MACFARLANE.

NOTICES.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Take notice, that letters testamentary, with the will annexed, of C. C. HUEY, late of M'Keesport, Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said HUEY will please call and settle, and those having claims against his estate will present them to the undersigned or either of them, at M'Keesport.
WM. ATWATER,
JOHN WAMPLER,
au31-3w Executors of C. C Huey, deceased.

DUCK CREEK VALLEY OIL COMPANY.

Subscribers to the capital stock of this Company will please call at the office of Ira B. McVay & Co., corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets, and pay in the amount of their subscriptions.
IRA B. McVAY,
ja20-tf Treasurer.

STOCKHOLDERS TAKE NOTICE.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the ROSS OIL COMPANY will be held at their office, No. 4 Hand street, on SATURDAY, September 9, at half-past one o'clock. The object of the meeting is to increase the capital stock of said company. By order of the Board of Directors. ROBT. WRAY, JR.,
au15-tsed Secretary

OFFICE OF THE COAL BLUFFS MINING COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, August 25, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE

Stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the Eureka Insurance Company, on WEDNESDAY, September 6, 1865, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it.
au25-dtd ORMSBY PHILLIPS, Secretary.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas, letters testamentary to the estate of JOHN BISSELL, deceased, late of Collins Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, have been issued to the undersigned, all persons having any claims against the said estate are hereby notified to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement, and all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to call and settle, at the office of BISSELL & CO., 235 Liberty street.
WILLIAM S. BISSELL,
CHARLES S. BISSELL,
FRANK S. BISSELL,
Executors.
Pittsburgh, July 22d, 1865. jy27-6w

FOR THE LADIES.

QUEEN OF TOILETS.
WAGGONER'S
PARISIAN PEARL DROPS
PARISIAN PEARL DROPS
PARISIAN PEARL DROPS
OR
FRENCH ENAMEL.
FRENCH ENAMEL.
FRENCH ENAMEL.

This CELEBRATED TOILET and ENAMEL is the original preparation used for the past ten years by the EMPRESS EUGENIE and her Court of Beauty. It is unnecessary to comment upon the transparent complexions of the Empress and the ladies of Europe generally, for all know they possess the most beautiful, clear and delicate skin in the world. The secret of their beauty is almost entirely attributable to the effect produced by the application of the FRENCH ENAMEL.

WAGGONER'S PARISIAN PEARL DROPS have been used successfully throughout the United States for the past ten years. Mr. W. has been trying within that time to purchase of Mons. JARIEUL, of Paris, his celebrated FRENCH ENAMEL, with but little hope of success, until very recently, he has by persuasion, and the payment of an *enormous price*, secured the pure and much desired FRENCH ENAMEL. This grand improvement, added to the already celebrated WAGGONER'S PARISIAN PEARL DROPS, stamps it the *Queen of Toilets*. Read the advantages this article possesses over the common and injurious liquids and powders now being offered:—It gives to the complexion a pure, pearly whiteness; it possesses a beautiful flavor; it does not soil the clothes; it does not rub off; its use defies detection; it is not affected by perspiration; it prevents the skin from becoming tanned or chapped; *it permanently removes tan, freckles, pimples, moth, blotches*, etc.; it does not cause the skin to be rough in the morning, but, on the contrary, renders the surface as soft and clear as an infant's; it contains no injurious article and is WARRANTED NOT TO INJURE THE SKIN.

CAUTION.—Ladies are cautioned to beware of the injurious cosmetics now offered them. If constantly used, their injurious effects will soon be discovered.

NOTICE.—I desire the ladies, and the public generally, to understand that I am the first and only person duly authorized to introduce into the United States WAGGONER'S PARISIAN PEARL DROPS OR FRENCH ENAMEL, for which I have secured the copy-right, and I hereby caution all persons that any infringement will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.

Beware! Beware! Beware!

Use no article unless it reads "Waggoner's Parisian Pearl Drops or French Enamel."

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price, $1 per bottle. One bottle will last two months.

Sold, wholesale and retail, by JOSEPH FLEMING, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond.

Also, by B. L. FAHNESTOCK, FORTUNE & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Nos. 76 and 78 Wood street.

All communications must be addressed to
J. J. WAGGONER,
Sole Agent and Manufacturer for the United States,
DETROIT, MICH.
Entered according to Act of Congress in year 1858.
se4-3t-S-W S

S. R. M'ELROY.......JAMES DICKSON.......JOHN T. SHANE.

DRY GOODS.

FALL 1865!
M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,
No. 54 Wood St.,
PITTSBURGH,
Having recently refitted their store, with improved facilities for doing business, now offer their
FALL STOCK OF DRY GOODS,
AT WHOLESALE, AT
Low Prices, for Cash.
STAPLE AND DOMESTIC FABRICS
In good assortment, which will be kept complete during the season. A very large stock of
FLANNELS,
Of the following and other well known brands, now in store:
FULLERTON'S,
BRADLEY'S,
STEUBENVILLE,
THOMPSON,
WILDE'S.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS, JEANS, &c.,
PRINTS AND DRESS GOODS,
A full line; also,
COTTON YARNS,
WOOLEN YARN,
BATTING AND BAGS.
Pittsburgh, September 1, 1865. se4-3m-MW&F

LIBERTY WHITE LEAD!

Liberty White Lead!
Liberty White Lead!
TRY IT! TRY IT!
TRY IT! TRY IT!

Warranted to cover more surface, *for same weight*, than any other. Buy *the best*, it is *the cheapest!*
Liberty Lead *is whiter* than any other.
Liberty Lead *covers better* than any other.
Liberty Lead *wears longer* than any other.
Liberty Lead *is more economical* than any other.
Liberty Lead *is more free from impurities* and is WARRANTED *to do more and better work, at a given cost* than any other.

Buy the BEST, it is the CHEAPEST.
Manufactured and warranted by
Ziegler & Smith,
WHOLESALE
DRUG, PAINT & GLASS DEALERS,
137 NORTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
Sold in Pittsburgh at
JOSEPH FLEMING'S
DRUG AND PATENT MEDICIND DEPOT,
No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street ju16:6mws

LANDING FOR SALE

AT OIL CITY.
The landing owned by Brewer, Burke & Co., with sheds, office, tanks and fixtures, on bank of Allegheny River, at Oil City, will be sold at auction on WEDNESDAY, THE 27th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, at 2 o'clock P. M., if not previously disposed of at private sale. This landing is one of the best landings on the river bank, having 100 feet river frontage, and running back to the first street, with ample shed room and platforms. Two tanks, each 600 barrels capacity. Two-story office building. For particulars, apply to JOHN S. TRACY & CO., on premises, or
BREWER, BURKE & CO.,
Corner Duquesne Way and Hancock streets,
au26-eodtd Pittsburgh, Pa.

ALEX. M'CLINTOCK'S

SAW-MILL,
(Successor to Robert Wrightman,)
LAWRENCEVILLE.
I am now prepared to furnish
Sawed Lumber & Bill Stuff for Buildings,
Bridges, Deck Plank, Boat Siding; CLEAR DRY LUMBER for Pattern Making; Shingles, Nail Kegs, Lath, Pailings Sawed Hickory for wagon purposes, and STEAMBOAT FENDERS.
All orders left at my office, corner of Mechanic st. and Allegheny River, or Box No. 182, Lawrenceville Postoffice, will be thankfully received and
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
ALEX. McCLINTOCK,
Pittsburgh, August 23, 1865. au29-3m

FISH.—NOS. 1, 2 AND 3 MASS.

SHORE, in barrels, half-barrels and quarter-bbls, just landing and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
Nos. 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin streets.
au26

REVOLVERS OF EVERY KIND—

For sale by JAMES BOWN,
ly8 136 Wood street.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER............WM. HENDERSON,
Triumphant success of the distinguished American actor,
MR. HACKETT,
Who will appear as
FALSTAFF.
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING will be performed Shakspeare's various and well contrasted characters in his comedy, in five acts, entitled
MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR,
Or, FALSTAFF OUTWITTED BY WOMEN.
Sir John Falstaff..............................Mr. J. H. Hackett.

WANTED.

Advertisements appearing under this head will be charged ten cents per line. *No advertisement will be inserted for less than* forty cents.

WANTED—A Good Cutter, at KAUFMAN, OPPENHEIMER & CO.'S, No. 80 Wood street. se4-3t

WANTED—5,000 Bushels Good Oats, 1,000 bushels Flax Seed, by T. C. JENKINS, Commission Merchant, 239 Liberty street. se6 1t

WANTED—A Practical Man, with from $6,000 to $8,000 cash, to take the place of a retiring partner in an established manufacturing business, paying 30 to 50 per cent. Best of references given and required. Address, for interview, Box —, Postoffice, Pittsburgh, Pa. se5-2t

WANTED—A first-class Female Cook, and two girls for general housework. None but the best need apply, nor none not willing to go into the country. Good wages given. Apply THIS DAY, between 11 and 2 o'clock, to Mr. JOHNSON, at the office of Marshall Brothers, Diamond alley, near Smithfield street. se6-1t

WANTED—Board, with furnished room, for a gentleman and wife. Address BOARDING, Commercial office. se5-tf

WANTED—A Situation as Assistant Book-keeper in a wholesale house. Good reference given. Address G. BRUCE, Allegheny, Pa. se4-3t

WANTED—AXE GRINDERS AND POLISHERS, for which the highest price will be paid. Address, for one week, to H. WHITE'S SONS, Salem, Columbiana county, Ohio. au26-2w

WANTED—HOUSE.—WANTS TO rent a good, comfortable house, containing from four to eight rooms, with stable connected. Preferred situated in a quiet, clean street, Allegheny. Inquire Box 117, Pittsburgh Postoffice. au3-tf

WANTED—A GOOD, STEADY, HONEST BOY can make $3 per day, by selling the Commercial and other papers at Oil Creek and Cherry Run. One who knows the business preferred. Apply to JOHN W. PITTOCK, opposite Postoffice, Pittsburgh. None need apply unless they have the above qualifications. au28

BANKS AND BANKERS.

U. S. 7-30 BONDS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE NOW prepared to receive subscriptions for this new loan, in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, interest commencing on the receipt of the money. Every person who can spare $50 can place it on interest at one cent a day, making $3 65 a year interest, payable semi-annually, principal payable in three years, or convertible into 5-20 six per cent. bonds, the interest of which is payable in coin.

For further particulars, apply to
jy30 HANNA, HART & CO., Agents.

SAMUEL WORK. KRAMER & RAHM, WM. M'COUCH.
Pittsburgh.

BANKING HOUSE OF

WORK, McCOUCH & CO.,
No. 36 South Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Dealers in BANK NOTES, COIN AND EXCHANGE. Stocks, Loans and other Securities bought and sold on commission. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
United States Loans bought and sold at market rates au14 tf

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF

PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company,) Capital $500,000, paid in, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the Act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK of PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c.; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same officers and Directors.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES LAUGHLIN,	ALEX. SPEER,
ROBERT S. HAYS,	F. O. BAILEY,
THOMAS BELL,	ALEX. BRADLEY,
THOS. WIGHTMAN,	SAMUEL REA,

WM. K. NIMICK.
JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.
se7 JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.

THE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK

OF PITTSBURGH,
Chartered by State of Pennsylvania, 1836.
CAPITAL.....................................1,000,000
ORGANIZED UNDER NATIONAL LAW, 1865.
This Bank has been designated a
DEPOSITORY OF THE
United States Treasury,
and appointed agent for the sale of the
7-30 LOAN.
Every facility will be offered to investers or parties purchasing for re-sale.
H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.
my1-tf

PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

Capital paid in $1,000,000, with Privilege of $2,000,000.
Banking House Cor. First & Wood.
This Bank, organized under the National Banking System, is now prepared to transact business at its Banking House, corner of Wood and First streets.
Collections made on all accessible points, on the most favorable terms. Special Agents for JAY COOKE, for the sale of
U. S. 7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES.
SAMUEL REA, President.
F. M. GORDON, Cashier.
J. C. McPHERSON, Teller.
my1-6m

ANDREWS & ARMSTRONG,

Engine Builders & Practical Machinists.
Manufacturers of
Marine and Stationary Steam Engines.
Also, ENGINES of all descriptions for oil purposes
PULLEYS, HANGERS, SHAFTING and CASTINGS of all descriptions made to order.
CORNER SANDUSKY AND WATER STS.,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
☞ Particular attention paid to REPAIRING.
au8-6m

WHOLESALE

MILLINERY GOODS,
Fall 1865.
J. D. BERND,
FIFTH AND MARKET STS.
We are now receiving, and will open on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, a full and complete stock, comprising full lines of
PLAIN AND FANCY RIBBONS,
COLORED AND BLACK VELVETS,
PLAID VELVETS,
SATINS,
GROS DE NAPS,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
Straw and Felt HATS AND BONNETS,
BLACK ENGLISH CRAPES, &c., &c.
The attention of
Country Merchants and Milliners
is particularly called to our stock, as we guarantee to sell as low as any Eastern houses in the trade. se5-6t

MODERN MIRACLE.—FROM OLD

and young, from rich and poor, from high-born and lowly, comes the universal voice of praise for HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER. It is a perfect and miraculous article; cures baldness, makes Hair grow. A better dressing than any Oil or Pomatum. Softens harsh, dry and wiry hair into beautiful silken tresses. But above all, the great wonder is the rapidity with which it restores GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR. Use it a few times, and, presto, change, the whitest and worst looking Hair resumes its youthful beauty. It does not dye the Hair, but strikes at the root, and fills it with new life and coloring matter. It will not take a long, disagreeable trial to prove the truth of this matter. The first application will do good; you will see the natural color returning every day, and before you know it, the old, gray, discolored appearance of the Hair will be gone, giving place to lustrous, shining and beautiful locks. Ask for Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; no other article is at all like it in effect. You will find it cheap to buy, pleasant to try, and sure to do you good. There are many imitations. Be sure you procure the genuine, manufactured only by R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

R. E. SELLERS & CO., corner of Wood and Second streets, Pittsburgh, Wholesale Agents. For sale also by GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh, and by all Druggists. je23-3meod:M,W&S

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee and Manageress.......Miss ANNIE EMMERSON.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, September 6, 1865
third night of the gifted, refined and popular actress
MISS CHARLOTTE THOMPSON,
Who will appear in her world-renowned specialty of
CAMILLE.
Armand Duval, G. D. Chaplin. The entertainment will commence with the great sensation play in five acts of
CAMILLE, OR THE FATE OF A COQUETTE.
Camille, Miss Charlotte Thompson. Overture by the orchestra. The performance will conclude with the serio comic interlude, DEEDS OF DREADFUL NOTE.
Prices of Admission—Family Circle, 25 cents; Parquette, 75 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Orchestra Chairs, $1; Colored Boxes, 50 cents.
Doors open at 7. Commence at half past.

CITY BILL POSTER.

JAMES THACKERY,
19 Diamond, over Lippincott's Grocery Store.
Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same. ja28-1y

CIVIL ENGINEERING.

IGNATIUS HAHN,

Civil, Mining and Mechanical Engineer
And Engineering Agent. Office 31 Fifth street. Estimates, plans and working drawings for rolling-mills, steel-works, &c., &c.; all kinds of machinery and apparatus. Private lessons in all technical sciences and mechanical drawings. au9-1m

EDUCATIONAL.

PENNSYLVANIA

Military Academy,
AT WEST CHESTER. The duties of this institution will be resumed on THURSDAY, September 7, at 4 P. M. Cadets may pursue either a classical or scientific course of study, under experienced and thorough instructers. In the Primary Department the usual English branches are taught. Military instruction is given in the three arms of the service. The Academy is furnished with horses for cavalry and horse artillery exercises. All the appointments of the institution are of the first order, and no expense or effort is spared to advance the education and military training of the cadets. The religious instruction of the cadets is carefully attended to. For circulars apply to JAS. PARK, Jr., Pittsburgh; or to Col. THEO. HYATT, President of P. M. A. au18-1m

WESTERN MILITARY INSTITUTE,

near Dayton, Ohio. CHAS. ANDERSON, Lieutenant Governor of Ohio, President of Board of Visitors; S. S. L'HOMMEDIEU, Vice President, Cincinnati; J. G. LOWE, Secretary, Dayton, Ohio; V. WINTERS, (Banker,) Treasurer, Dayton, Ohio; Capt. JOS. M. LOCKE, Superintendent; Capt. CHAS. B. STIVERS, U. S. A., Commandant of Cadets. The first session of the above institution will commence on September 19, 1865. Circulars can be had at the book-stores in this city. Applicants and those desiring special information, will address the Rev. SAMUEL FINDLEY, Box 1,182, Pittsburgh, or Capt. JOSEPH M. LOCKE,
au19-1m Sup't W. M. I., Dayton, Ohio.

FEMALE EDUCATION.

The fall session of H. M. Twining's
Seminary for Young Ladies,
on Diamond street, opposite the court house, will commence the first Monday in September. Circulars at Kay & Co.'s book-store, Wood street. au24-2w eod

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

WAKEHAM'S SELECT SCHOOL, now in charge of R. S. ROBB, will open on MONDAY, September 4, in the School-room in Christ's Church, on the East Common, Allegheny.

No change will be made in terms, tuition or length of session. se2-2weod

THE FALL SESSION OF MISS

HANNAH E. DAVIS'
School for Young Ladies and Misses,
Will commence on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1865, at Nos. 116 and 118 Federal street, Allegheny City. au12-1m-2taw-w&s

MILITARY COLLEGE, ALLENTOWN, PA.

—With chartered privileges, and superior advantages for an English, Classical, Commercial and Military Education, re-opens September 5. For circulars, call at GRAFF, HUGUS & CO'S, Pittsburgh, or address Rev. M. L. HOFFORD, A. M., President. au12-3taw-1m

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF

PHILLIPS & BEST was dissolved on the 1st day of April last, and the interest of William Phillips in the said firm, and its effects, has been THIS DAY purchased by John Best, who has assumed the obligations of the late firm, and is alone authorized to receipt for moneys due the same.
WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
August 28, 1865. JOHN BEST.

HAVING PURCHASED THE INTEREST

of my former partner in the Manufacturing of Glass, I offer to the trade, and the friends of the late firm, an article of
GRANULAR FLINT GLASS,
Superior to anything produced in market, except from Lead, for which a
PATENT, DATED JANUARY 10, 1865,
Was granted to me for the production of same.
All orders received will be promptly attended to, carefully packed, and forwarded with as little delay as possible. JOHN BEST,
au31:2w Try street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing under the style of BROWNLEE & McKAY is dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by WM. McKAY, who will collect all debts due the firm, and pay all the firm's liabilities.
JAMES BROWNLEE,
WM. McKAY.
Pittsburgh, August 28th, 1865.

PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned will continue the Grocery and Liquor Business at the old stand, No. 16 Diamond, under the firm of McKAY & BROTHER.
JAMES McKAY,
WM. McKAY.
Pittsburgh, August 28th, 1865. au30-6t

DISSOLUTION.

The co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of BRYCE, RICHARDS & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, JOSEPH RICHARDS, WM. T. HARTLEY and JOHN A. H. CARSON retiring, and disposing of their interest to the remaining partners.

W. and H. WALKER having purchased an interest in the late firm of BRYCE, RICHARDS & CO., the manufacture of Flint Glass will be continued under the firm of BRYCE, WALKER & CO., at the old stand, No. 41 Wood street.

Having sold our interest in the late firm of BRYCE, RICHARDS & CO., we take pleasure in recommending to our former patrons and the public in general our successors, Messrs. BRYCE, WALKER & CO.
JOSEPH RICHARDS,
WM. T. HARTLEY,
au31-6t JOHN A. H. CARSON.

DISSOLUTION—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP

heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of C. Ihmsen & Sons is this day dissolved by mutual consent, dating from the 1st of August, 1865, M. O'C. Ihmsen retiring, and disposing of his interest to the remaining partners.
C. T. IHMSEN,
WM. IHMSEN,
M. O'C. IHMSEN.
Pittsburgh, August 14, 1865.

The undersigned will continue the business of manufacturing window-glass and glassware, under the old firm name of C. IHMSEN & SONS.
C. T. IHMSEN,
WM. IHMSEN.
Pittsburgh, August 14, 1865. au17-1m

DISSOLUTION.—THE PARTNERSHIP

heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of the "PITTSBURGH CUTLERY COMPANY," is now dissolved by mutual consent, GEORGE MARSHALL and GEORGE JEPSON retiring therefrom; and SAMUEL MASON and EDWARD BINNS having entered into copartnership, will retain the name, assume the debts, and continue the business of the old firm.
SAMUEL MASON,
GEORGE MARSHALL,
GEORGE JEPSON.
Rochester, Pa., July 29, 1865. au2-tf

EDWARD BINNS.............................SAMUEL MASON.

BINNS & MASON'S

PITTSBURGH CUTLERY COMPANY,
ROCHESTER, PA.,
Respectfully informs the Hardware Trade in Pittsburgh and throughout the United States that we are exclusively engaged in the manufacture of Pen and Pocket Cutlery. We FORGE ALL OUR BLADES with extra care, from the best refined cast steel, manufactured by Hussey, Wells & Co., Pittsburgh, and, both as respects quality and price, are in a position to compete with any similar goods in the market, whether of American or British production. jul7:3m

LADIES! LADIES!

IF YOU WANT A
BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION,
BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION,
TRY A BOTTLE OF
WAGGONER'S FRENCH ENAMEL,
WAGGONER'S FRENCH ENAMEL.
For the complexion it is unrivalled.
It permanently removes Tan, Freckles, Moth, etc.
It prevents the skin from becoming tanned or chapped.
It removes all eruptions of the skin.
It possesses a beautiful flavor.
Its use cannot be detected.
It does not crack the skin as common powders do.
It gives the complexion a pure pearly whiteness.
It renders the skin soft and smooth.
Give it a Trial—It is all we Ask.
Beware of common powders—they will ruin the complexion.
WAGGONER'S FRENCH ENAMEL
Is warranted not to injure the skin. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1 per bottle. One bottle will last two months.
Sold wholesale and retail by JOSEPH FLEMING, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond; also, by B. L. FAHNESTOCK, FORTUNE & CO., wholesale druggists, Nos. 76 and 78 Wood st. Prepared only by
J. J. WAGGONER,
Sole Agent for the United States,
se4-TuW&S-1m Detroit, Michigan.

LUMBER.

A lot of
DRY OAK AND PINE LUMBER,
At the yard of
J. R. SMITH & CO.,
Cor. Liberty and Morton sts., 9th Ward, Pittsburgh.
au31-6t

TO LET—FIRST FLOOR AND

CELLAR OF STORE, 30 feet square, on corner of Second and Try streets. If required, one to six-horse power can be had for running machinery for light or fancy Turning, or any purpose, free of exposure or risk of fire in use of said Store.
Inquire on the premises.
au31:2w JOHN BEST.

STEAM GUAGES, &c.

ASHCROFT'S Guages and Low Water Detectors,
Shaw & Justice's Mercury, Steam and Blast Guage.
Eastman's and other approved Guages.
Clark's Patent Damper for saving fuel and regulating power at any desired amount of steam.
Steam Guages tested, repaired and adjusted.
CHARLES MAGGI,
my2-1y-M,W&F Agent for the above, 113 Third st.

The Daily Commercial

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1865.

THE KING OAK.

The forest sward was his palace floor,
 The sky with its vaulted roof;
And around his throne his giant court
 Stood solemnly aloof.

Young in the past and lawless days
 When force was right divine,
And steel-clad fingers griped the blades
 That made a monarch sign.

He had known all the still, long summer heats,
 The wood-dove sweet to hear,
The insect hum, the fern that reached
 The antlers of the deer.

He had known grim winter's frozen blasts,
 The rattling branches' sound,
The cold beams of the far-off sun,
 The wood in fetters bound.

He had loved the soft-returning spring,
 Under whose gentle spell
The grass sprung up, the leaf came forth,
 White blossom and blue bell.

With a kingly joy in winter drear,
 With the storm he wrestled high;
But he ever welcomed the herald ray
 That shone when spring drew nigh.

It touched the gloss of velvet moss
 Upon the old oak's breast;
It peeped into the squirrel's haunt,
 And found the thrushes' nest.

It woke the sprites of fern and flower
 Whose sleep had lasted long;
Dispersed the cloud, let loose the brook,
 And filled the woods with song.

Old oak! long centuries of time
 Hast thou beheld depart;
Be they repeated, ere decay
 Shall reach thy mighty heart.
 —*Chambers' Journal.*

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

STRAWBERRIES.

At a recent meeting of the American Institute, Prof. Huntsman said:

I think the great size that some recent seedlings have obtained has not improved the quality. Most of the large berries are deficient in flavor. When a new seedling has been produced all right in this respect, it is usually small or too unproductive to suit the deire of strawberry growers. We hope yet to obtain a combination of all the good qualities requisite, that is, great size and productiveness and quality equal to the best. We have reason to hope for this when we look at what has been done within fifty years, or even ten, by hybridization and production of new seedlings.

Originally there were three species of wild strawberries in Europe—the green or small aromatic berry; the wood, or Alpine, which produced small, dry berries, and seedlings from the above were not improved; the third was the Hautboy, a small, high-flavored fruit, growing upon stronger plants. Slight improvements have been made from seedlings of this variety. In America we have three species or varieties of one species, the Fragaria Virginiana or wild strawberry, small but sweet, and improved in new seedlings. A sub-variety called the Iowaensis is found at the West, of large size, early, brilliant scarlet but acid. In South America there are two species or varieties, the Grandiflora, with flowers of the size of a silver dollar—plants vigorous and productive; burns in our climate, but thrives in Europe, where it is extensively used to obtain new seedlings, being susceptible of considerable improvement. The other variety is the Chili or Chiensis, similar to the Grandiflora, but of still larger size, though differing in character. It is too tender here, and even dies out in Europe. Its chief value is as an impregnator to get hybrids. Within the last few years many crosses have been made between the Alpine or Pine and Grandiflora, also the Pine with the Virginiana and Chiensis, obtaining such berries as the Triumphe de Grand, Hovey, Napoleon III, etc.

Prof. Huntsman said that he had recently obtained some seedlings of promise by crossing the Iowa and Early Scarlet, and is now trying the Chili crossed with the Iowa, but is not prepared to report upon the product.

The sexual character of the strawberry was spoken of. While Longworth and some others claim that the pistillate varieties are the most productive, he prefers hermaphrodite sorts, which fertilize themselves. As a general rule berries with rosy white flesh are the highest flavored. Boston Pine, British Queen and Burr's New Pine are examples. Many persons fail to get a crop of strawberries for want of good culture. To get the best returns the plants should be set one to two feet apart, according to the habit of the variety, and all the runners kept pinched off. Manure liberally with ashes or decomposed leaves and barn-yard manure. A list of six varieties may include Triumphe de Grand (always kept in hills,) Russell's, Hovey, Agriculturist, also to be grown in hills two to two and a half feet apart. Wilson and McAvoy's Superior on Longworth's Prolific; the amateur should always have Burr's New Pine, Hooker and Boston Pine.

The Rev. Dr. Osgood said he had heard some money calculators estimate the annual value of the strawberry crop sent to the city markets at a million of dollars. Of how much more value to the great human family would this crop be estimated upon the value of health and social good feeling which it produces. I pray that the time may come when every prodigal son may return from his food of husks in the fields and paths where he has wandered to a feast of strawberries and cream in his own mother's house, and that every father may be induced to grow the crop in its greatest perfection in readiness for these happy family reunions.

A LOOK AT THE GRAPE VINES.

The first thing one observes is the presence of rot, spot and mildew, unusually prevalent this season. They are also very fitful in their appearance, the old Catawba and Isabella, usually the first to succumb to disease, in some cases being entirely free, in others badly affected. Some of the newer sorts, claimed to be proof against mildew, show unmistakable signs of it this season, and it is usually noticed most prevalent nearest the ground, an argument against the close pruning which keeps the fruit near the surface. Now while we do not believe with the ancients that the oaks and elms were intended to support the vine, we do think it may be and often is too much curbed for its healthy growth and the perfect maturity of its fruit. Who that has not noticed how much longer and stronger the canes grow when trained upright, or allowed to ramble among the branches of a tree, than when left uncared for upon the ground. And is there not some relation between the strong, vigorous growth and healthfulness of the vine? We would by no means advocate letting it run at will and make wood at the expense of fruit, but a moderate curbing in or shortening will probably prove the best in the long run.

There is an evident mistake in stripping off the leaves to expose the clusters to the sun. It is not necessary that the celusters receive the direct rays of the sun all day long—they often do better without them while it is essential that the leaves, or lungs near the bunches be preserved. The shoot may be pinched off a foot or eighteen inches beyond the cluster, but all leaves between that point and the bunches should be left.

This young and thrifty vine has too much fruit on it—two clusters to a spur are quite sufficient, while many of these have three. When the vine is young and growing, a single cluster to the spur is enough—or three clusters to two spurs may answer. The superior size of the remaining berries and clusters will more than compensate for those removed, to say nothing of the overtax to the vine in attempting to perfect so much fruit.

Whatever system of pruning is adopted, adhere to that system as far as practicable, and not, by neglect, leave the impression that no system is used. In some cases the production of wood to cover an arbor is desirable, in other cases, the superfluous growth must be checked, and the forces or powers of the vine be directed to fruit. The tendency of the growth on arbors or trellises is to the top, leaving a naked bottom in the course of a few years. To prevent this, either train up new shoots occasionally to take the place of the old ones, or bend the main shoots horizontally near the ground, and train uprights from these arms, a portion of them to be cut away each year.

Here is another error in allowing a sod to grow close about the stems along this border. The nourishment and moisture which should go to the roots of the vine are appropriated by the grass, and the vine is languishing in consequence. For the same reason growing crops, especially those which make heavy drafts upon the soil, should not be planted close to the grapes. And in feeding the roots, remember that they are no longer close to the main stem, but have pushed in each direction quite a distance. Let the fertilizers be applied there; keep the surface loose and free of weeds.

MILKING COWS.

All farmers know there is considerable difference in cows with respect to the ease and celerity with which they can be milked. From some the milk is extracted easily, while from others it is obtained, as it were, grudgingly and with much labor. The first requisite in the operation of milking, is to place yourself on a friendly footing with the animal from which the lacteal current is to be obtained. A hasty, passionate, or gross person will always make a poor milker. It requires patience and kindness to break a cow in, and good usage thereafter to make her render her milk freely. If the animal is wild or skittish, the common practice is to administer a heavy dose of milking-stool, while performing several circuits around the milking-yard. This treatment may, after a while, bring the cow to a stand-still, but it will be one of fear and trembling—the worst possible condition for a ready rendering of the fluid sought.

The opposite of this course is the true one. Approach the animal kindly, and with soothing words allay her fears. Place your hand upon her lightly, moving it up and down upon her neck and shoulders. Rub your hand lightly about the ears and neck. She will perhaps shiver a little at first, eye you suspiciously for a time, and then taking a long breath, yield herself to your management without further apprehension of evil. An animal in an excited state of fear and bodily agitation cannot render her store of milk readily, hence the necessity of a good understanding between the milker and the milked.

IMPORTANT TO HOP-GROWERS.

A writer in the Utica *Herald* says: The almost total failure of the hop crop the present season, will make the announcement of the discovery of a remedy for the evil, a matter of public interest. The remedy is not to destroy the insect, but to provide some other object upon which the insect will commit its ravages. This result is effected by sowing buckwheat in the yards. The experiment has been tried during two seasons, by a hop-grower in the southern part of Schoharie county, and with entire success. He now has a large yard in a fine state of cultivation, and entirely free from the insect. During some years past many agricultural products have been subjected to the ravages of different kinds of insects, and the experience of those who have tried to devise remedies has been that it is almost impossible to destroy or eradicate the insect itself. In such cases, therefore, the object will be accomplished if something can be substituted which the insect will attack instead of the growing crop. In the case of the hop louse, it has been observed that those yards which were kept free of weeds were more affected with lice than those which were neglected. The inference seems to be that where no other vegetation is allowed in the yards the ravages of the insects are necessarily confined to the hop, and if something else is provided, on which the insect will feed, the hop will escape its ravages. Buckwheat being odoriferous, will attract the insect, and it probably offers more nutriment than the hop vine.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS Matthews' VENETIAN HAIR DYE has stood the test of trial, and is constantly increasing in public favor.

The VENETIAN HAIR DYE is the best and cheapest made. Its price is only 75 cents, and each bottle contains double the quantity of dye in those usually sold for $1.

THIS HAIR DYE is manufactured by a peculiar process, which renders it infinitely superior to any dye in the market. Being complete in one bottle, no preparation is required, which greatly simplifies the application.

IN USING THIS DYE, you avoid that RUSTY, DEAD appearance by which dyed hair and whiskers are so readily recognized, when an inferior article has been used, as it produces a perfectly natural color of any shade that is desired, from a rich brown to a jetty, lustrous black, that will not smut, crock or stain the clothing. Invest 75 cents, and you will be convinced. Sold by all druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. A. I. MATTHEWS, Manufacturer.

DEMAS BARNES & Co., New York, Wholesale Ag'ts. oc29-1y

INSURANCE.

CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of Pittsburgh.

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CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,—Office, corner Market and Water streets, second floor.
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Insures Steamboats and Cargoes.
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Office, No. 92 Water street, Spang, Chalfant & Co's warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of fire and marine risks. A home institution, managed by directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined, by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

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Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
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Office, northeast corner Wood and Fifth streets, second floor.

Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.

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617 Chestnut and 614 Jayne Streets,

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Have just received from auction

500 PIECES FRENCH MERINOES,

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Which they offer to the trade

At a Small Advance.

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ja27

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PLOWS,

SULKY AND REVOLVING HAY RAKES

Hay Elevators, &c.,

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JOHN HALL & CO.,

Nos. 121 and 123, corner of Pitt and Liberty street,

my27-d&w3m PITTSBURGH

TENANT FARM

OIL COMPANY.

Office, cor. Penn and Wayne sts.

This Company was organized on the 28th inst., under the Pennsylvania Mining and Manufacturing Laws. The Territory of the Company is situated on DUNKARD CREEK, between the lands of the Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company and the Dankard Creek Petroleum Company.

Capital Stock	$150,000
Working Fund	25,000
Par Value of each Share	$1 00

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au30 tf

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Orders promptly executed. Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily COMMERCIAL. my22-1y

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We offer for sale, on advantageous terms, our oil yard, at Lawrenceville, with tanks, sheds, warehouse, office, stable and all other fixtures. It is the best landing near the city, has every convenience for easily and cheaply removing oil in bulk or barrels from the river to tank or warehouse alongside the Allegheny Valley Railroad, such as pumps, engine and boiler, reception tanks, railroad from river to warehouse—in fact, there is nothing wanting to enable persons doing a crude oil business, in the most economical manner. As an investment for income, we doubt if persons wishing to make one both safe and profitable could do better. The tanks will always rent for a price that will pay at least twenty per cent. on our price. For further particulars, apply to BREWER, BURKE & CO.,

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NONPAREIL FRENCH VINEGAR

A very superior article of

WINE VINEGAR, IMPORTED.

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BRYAN & CAUGHEY,

(Successors to Geo. S. Bryan & Co.)

Commission Merchants,

For the sale of

PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &C.,

No. 74 Water Street,

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NO. 124 FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Josephine, Isabella, Stenhope, Glendon and other brands of Anthracite and Charcoal Foundry and Forge Pig Iron, Blooms, &c. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. jy22

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Philadelphia Central Spice Mills, New York Corn Exchange Paper Bags, Prof. Morris' Azumea Baking Powder, McCandless & Smith's Pure Malt Vinegar.

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Also, Agent for the Pottsville Rail Mill. Orders solicited for T rails, 22, 25, 28, 32, 40, 45, 50 and 56 pounds to the yard, and Street Rails, Philadelphia pattern, 40 pounds to the yard. je6

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Do do $2 and up to $25, 1 per cent.
Do do $25 and up to $100, 25 cts. pr. share.
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jy11

ROBERT F. WEDDELL,

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Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets,

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CHAS. H. SUPER,

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Dealer in DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, and first-class TOILET ARTICLES,
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Purchasers will always find prices satisfactory.

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NO. 341, CORNER LIBERTY AND WAYNE STS

Offer for sale Lindsay's Improved Blood Searcher, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, Brown's Bronchial Troches, Cary's Cough Cure, Ransom's Hive Syrup and Tolu, Sozodont, Seller's Cough Syrup, Carbonate Ammonia, Extract Calabria Licorice, Extract Logwood. de6

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MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM

DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

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All the medical men and the press recommend DR. STRICKLAND'S ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE as the only certain remedy for Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is a combination of Astringents, Absorbents, Stimulants and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.

PILE REMEDY.

DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief, and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

TONIC.

We can recommend those suffering with loss of appetite, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Nervousness and Nervous Debility, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it strengthens the whole nervous system; it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

For sale by Druggists generally, and by Park & Brill and Geo. A. Kelly, Allegheny City, R. E. Sellers & Co., N. McClarran & Co., Chas. H. Super, J. M. Fulton, Fifth street, and JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth.

Send by Express everywhere. -1y

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S

Female Regulating

PILLS.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and cannot do harm to the most delicate; certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S Pills was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline. These Pills form the finest preparation ever put forward with immediate and persistent success. Don't be deceived. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you want the best and most reliable female medicine in the world, which is comprised in these Pills.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S Pills have been a Standard Remedy for over thirty years, and are the most effectual one ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box or 6 Boxes for $5, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, secure from observation, by remitting to the Agent. Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
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Sold in Pittsburgh by JOSEPH FLEMING, corner Market street and the Diamond near Fourth. no20

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THE PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY have on hand and are constantly receiving from their mills

Print, Manilla, Hardware, Roofing and Wrapping Papers,

Of all sizes the market requires, and can afford unusual facilities to customers. Cash paid for all kinds of paper stock.

Warehouse, 82 Third street. my1

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AND

APPARATUS FOR DEFORMED LIMBS,

Manufactured and repaired on the shortest notice. Also, the largest assortment of ready-made Trusses, Supporters, Bandages, Dental and Surgical Instruments, Cutlery, &c., in this city. OTTO HELMOLD, 96 Smithfield street, near Fifth.

Ladies attended to by Mrs. Helmold. se14-1y

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COAL, COKE AND LIME,

FIRE-BRICK AND TILE.

The Pittsburgh and Connellsville Gas, Coal and Coke Company are receiving daily, from their Connellsville Works, Coal, Coke and Lime, which they are prepared to sell at lowest rates. Coal and Coke loaded in cars for Western shipment.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF CAST STEEL,

Best refined Tool Steel, Circular, Mulay and Cross-cut Saw Plates, Reapers, File, Hoe, Rake and Fork Steel; Machinery, Plow, Sheet, Shear, Railroad Spring and Frog Steel.

Office and Works, corner Harrison and Pike streets, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Warranted equal to the best English Steel.
Orders may be left at No. 37 Fifth street. fe5

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SOLICITORS OF SOLDIERS' CLAIMS.

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CHARLES DUFFIELDS,

BEST SUGAR-CURED HAMS,

In store and for sale by
COOK BROS. & CO.,
jy28 No. 13 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

TO LET.

Dwelling House,

From the first day of October, No. 51 First street.

Apply to H. D. SCULLY,
se5 3t No. 23 Fourth st.

LAND FOR SALE.—330 ACRES, partly adjoining the village of Damascus, and all of it near Damascus Station, P., Ft W. & C. R. R., Mahoning county, Ohio, and 76 miles west of Pittsburgh. Soil generally deep, sandy loam. A large portion in cultivation, and mostly well watered. Some parts pretty well timbered. For sale in large or small tracts to suit purchasers. Apply to EDWARD WILLIAMS or JOHN BUTLER, Damascoville, Mahoning county, Ohio. au30 t-sep30

WAREHOUSES FOR SALE.

The fine iron-front, three-story warehouse, 24x90 feet, No. 24 Wood street, now occupied by Messrs. Fleming Brothers; also, the warehouse, No. 120 Wood street, near Fifth, now occupied by Mr. Wm. Bennett.

THOS. B. UPDIKE,
au9 tf Manchester Savings Bank.

3,000 ACRES

VALUABLE OIL TERRITORY FOR SALE,

Situated in Kanawha county, West Virginia, near Elk River. Developments now being made. COAL and LUMBER in abundance. Inquire of
W. H. BRILL,
se1-3m 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa.

OIL LANDS FOR SALE.

Several valuable tracts of OIL TERRITORY, bordering on the Kanawha river, West Virginia, are offered for sale by the undersigned. For information, deeds, plans, &c., apply to me at No. 69 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WM. M. MOFFETT,
au4-tf Attorney at Law.

FOR SALE.

A valuable piece of Property, situate on Virgin alley, between Smithfield and Grant streets, the same being 58 feet front on Virgin alley, running back 115 feet towards Sixth street, on which there are erected fourteen BRICK DWELLINGS, all of which are in a good tenable condition. For further particulars enquire of
A. ROESSLER,
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500 ACRES OF COAL

FOR SALE.

ON THE

THIRD POOL, MONONGAHELA RIVER,

With about One Hundred Acres of surface.

JAMES O'HARA,
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FOR SALE

AT REDUCED PRICES,

7 by 20 inches OIL ENGINES, full 12 horse power, with boilers 14 feet long 32 inches diameter by
M. DARRAGH & CO.,

Engine builders and oil tool manufacturers, at Fallston, Beaver County, Pennsylvania. my31

FARM FOR SALE.

SIXTY-FIVE ACRES of the farm of Dr. JAMES POWER, deceased, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, 2½ miles in the rear of Elizabeth. Choice land, every foot arable, four never-failing springs. Improvements good. Also underlaid with two veins of stone coal, a six and a five foot respectively; two miles will reach each river. Possession to suit purchaser. au31-6tdlmw CALVIN B. POWER.

COAL DEPOT—FOR LEASE OF TEN YEARS, the Square on Try street, from Third to Fourth streets, running back to Hill street, is for Lease. Until the 15th of SEPTEMBER, proposals will be received for leasing the above property, situated on the Steubenville Railroad, now ready for use, where switches can be made to connect with all the Railroads entering the city, and the most convenient depot in the city for the sale of Coal. Sealed proposals for the above property, directed to the undersigned, will receive the most prompt attention.

JOHN BEST,
au31-2w Try street, Pittsburgh.

COAL LANDS FOR SALE.

The subscriber, at Florence, Washington county, Pa., will sell the FARM near Burgettstown, containing about 160 acres, say 100 acres cleared, with a small TENANT HOUSE and FRAME STABLE; is in a good state of cultivation. The balance is uncleared and heavily timbered. About three-fourths of the Farm is underlaid with an excellent strata of COAL, of from 5 to 6 feet in thickness, which has been opened in several places and used on the Farm. It has on it any amount of Limestone, and is well watered with never-failing Springs. It lies near the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, say within 30 or 40 rods of it, rather above the bed of the road, say about 27 miles from Pittsburgh, and about 13 from Steubenville. For particulars we would refer to WM. McCREERY, Esq., Pittsburgh, to the tenant on the farm, or the subscriber at Florence. S. LIVINGSTON.

aug4-tf

LOT FOR SALE.

A Large Lot of Ground in Pitt Tp.,

Near the city line, fronting 135 feet on the Minersville Railroad, by 110 deep, opposite Willis Booth.

Price, $1,000 Cash, or its Equivalent,

A never-failing stream flows in front, and a permanent spring of water runs through the premises from the hill above, making a superior site for many manufacturing purposes. For further information, apply to JOSEPH CRAWFORD, adjoining, or to ALEX. BRACKENRIDGE, No. 163 Wiley street.

August 28, 1865. au29 2awtf

FOR SALE—A FINE TRACT OF 28 ACRES OF LAND, with an excellent and well stocked orchard, covering about one-half the place. About two acres of coal is also on the place. On this tract are erected a substantial stone dwelling, containing six rooms, and a tenant house; also stabling, out houses, &c. This tract is well watered by both springs and well. It is situated about a mile and a quarter from Laughlin's Station, on the Connellsville Railroad, and is part of the estate of the late Hon. Walter Forward, in Liberty township, (formerly Peebles.)

The above tract will be sold either by the half or whole, to suit purchasers.

Terms easy. For further particulars inquire of J. M. FAAS, No. 21 Pennsylvania Avenue, or of Messrs. MITCHEL & PALMER, Attorneys, No. 87 Fifth street, or on the premises. J. M. FAAS,
Guardian of minor heirs of Walter Forward, Jr.
au31:1w MRS. ELIZABETH FORWARD.

FOR SALE—FOR SALE—FOR SALE.—A well known Negley Run Improved Farm, of about 100 acres, under a high state of cultivation, which has been divided into lots containing from 2 to 12 acres and will be sold as a whole or in parcels, to suit purchasers. The improvements are, a two story frame dwelling, a barn and stone spring-house, with an excellent spring of water, not excelled in Allegheny county. There is also a choice variety of fruit, consisting of apples, peaches, pears, plums, cherries, quinces, &c., &c. A portion of the property is underlaid with coal, and is well watered with springs and running streams. For terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of
G. S. BATES,
au23 Butler street, near Allen, Lawrenceville.

BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN LOTS FOR SALE.—A portion of the estates of JOHN HERRON, Esq., deceased, adjoining Fort Herron, has been laid out in lots of various sizes, from one-fourth to one and a half acres each, with wide streets (40 feet) and is now ready for sale. This property is in one of the most eligible locations around the city. The air being pure, free from the smoke and soot arising from the vast consumption of coal in the city, renders the location naturally healthy, and having extended views of the river and surrounding country, makes the property more desirable. Being but 2 miles from the Court House, (via Wylie street) having a good road, it can be reached in a pleasant walk of twenty-five or thirty minutes, or a drive of fifteen minutes. There is also on the property a Passenger Car Station, making it convenient and pleasant to transact business in the city. Cars passing to and from the city throughout the day. Lots will be sold singly or in numbers. The plan of lots and prices can be seen at the office of
W. C. AUGHINBAUGH,
jn5-tf Attorney, NO. 87 Diamond st., Pittsburgh.

A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT.—For sale, that beautiful Homestead, of the Colonel MORGAN ROBERTSON, of Pittsburgh, containing 187 acres, a large portion rich river bottom, with about 30 acres containing the best Youghiogheny Coal, and some 50 acres of hill land heavily timbered, and the balance under cultivation. The improvements in part consist of a good DOUBLE BRICK HOUSE, a large Barn and Out-Houses, a never-failing Well, an Orchard of the best varieties of Fruit Trees, now in bearing; also, two Tenant Houses, &c. This Farm lies upon the bank of the Monongahela River, fourteen miles from Pittsburgh, and offers peculiar facilities for the Mining, loading and shipping of Coal, for building all kinds of Water Craft, for the most convenient and profitable disposition of the Timber and other products of the land. The whole is offered for sale on most advantageous terms.

For particulars apply to
JOSEPH DILWORTH, Esq.,
Of Dilworth, Porter & Co., or
THOS. J. KEENAN, Esq.,
my19tf Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.

VALUABLE IRON PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENNESSEE

ROLLING WORKS.

We will offer for sale on the 2d DAY OF OCTOBER, 1865, on the premises, the valuable Iron Property known as the

Tennessee Rolling Works,

with 6440 acres of Land, about 600 acres good Farming Land cleared and under fence, situated on the Cumberland River, fifty miles above the mouth, in Lyon county, Kentucky, embracing a large and complete Rolling Mill, a Forge with twenty Nobbling Fires, a Machine Shop containing Lathes, Boring and Planing Machines, with a Boiler and Engine to run separate from Mill, with a Grist Mill attached, a large Warehouse, Dry Goods Store, Brick Office, and a large number of Dwellings for workmen. Also about Forty Thousand Bushels of Stone Coal, and Sixty Thousand Bushels of Charcoal.

The above Iron Works have been in successful operation for a number of years, and the reputation of the Iron fully established, with a capacity for making Five or Six Thousand Tons of superior Charcoal Iron yearly—unsurpassed by any manufactory in the United States. The facilities for obtaining Pig Iron are superior to any establishment in the West, there being three Charcoal Furnaces within one to three miles of the Mill, capable of producing Seven or Eight Thousand Tons of Pig Iron yearly.

The facilities for obtaining cheap supplies of Corn, Pork and other articles, are unsurpassed.

Shipments of Iron can be made to the mouth of Cumberland River all seasons of the year.

TERMS OF SALE.

The Rolling Mill, Forge and Lands thereto attached, Tools, embracing Mill, Forge and Blacksmith Tools, and Weighing Scales, are to be sold on a credit of one, two and three and four years from date, with approved security, and lien retained until the purchase money is paid.

It is understood that the purchaser of the mill, lands and fixtures is to take the wrought iron and cast iron scraps, stone coal, charcoal, farming tools, carpenter tools, corn, hay, mules, cattle, hogs, iron safe and fixtures in office, wagons, carts, medicines, etc., and pay cash at a fair valuation, two disinterested men to fix said valuation; in case they do not agree, to call in a third man.

The object of the sale is to close up said business agreeably to the articles of co-partnership.

Capitalists wishing to invest in a profitable iron property will do well to examine the same, when competent men will be ready at all times to show the property, and give particulars until day of sale.

HILLMAN BROTHERS.

je21-toc1

CLARK'S INDELIBLE PENCILS, Gold Mounted Rubber Pencils, Artist Pencils, and Plain Rubber Propelling Pencils, for sale at the Stationery Store of
W. S. HAVEN,
au4 Corner Wood and Third sts.

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BAYNE & SHAFER,

ATTORNIES AT LAW,

NO. 81 DIAMOND ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.

All kinds of legal business promptly attended to. Also, Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay and Prize Money collected without unnecessary delay. se1-1y

TEXAS LAW AND LAND AGENCY.

A. B. NORTON, Attorney, having offices at AUSTIN, TYLER and WOODVILLE, with competent associates, will transact a general collection and agency business throughout Texas. Lands bought and sold; taxes paid; titles investigated; money collected and remitted. Those having claims of any description in any part of the State can address accordingly.

se2-tf

G. M. M'MASTER.......J. M. GAZZAM.......J. R. BUTTERFIELD

McMASTER, GAZZAM & CO.,

ATTORNEYS,

For the collection of Claims against the Government.

Office, 98 Grant Street.

PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

Pension, Bounty, Arrears of Pay, loss of Horses, Prize Money, and all other claims before the Departments, promptly attended to and information given at all times. No charge made until the *claim* is collected. Letters of inquiry answered immediately Officer's Accounts adjusted. my9

H. C. MACKRELL.........................S. A. JOHNSON.

MACKRELL & JOHNSON,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW AND U. S. LICENSED SOLDIERS' CLAIM AGENTS.

Bounties for wounded Soldiers collected in from ten to twenty days.

Office, No. 89 Grant Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Call with discharge and two witnesses. jy28

JNO. H. HAMPTON.........................W. C. MORELAND.

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NO. 93 DIAMOND STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

BUTTERFIELD, GAZZAM & CO.,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

FRANKLIN, PA.

(M'MASTER, GAZZAM & CO., PITTSBURGH, PA.)

Legal business promptly attended to in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio, and West Virginia.

REFERENCES—Lockhart & Frew, Robt. Woods, Esq. Pittsburgh; Hon. Garrick Mallery, Philadelphia; Hon. Morrow B. Lowry, Erie. my9

E. S. MORROW,

ALDERMAN AND CONVEYANCER,
e2 No. 114 Fourth street.

CARPETS.

NEW MATTINGS,

WHITE AND RED CHECKED,

In all widths, of the latest importation.
FANCY MATTING, new and handsome styles, just received and for sale by

M'FARLAND & COLLINS,

jy22 71 and 73 Fifth street.

WE HAVE JUST PURCHASED and are now receiving a new assortment of

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc.,

Which, in addition to our heavy stock of goods previously on hand, enables us to offer to our customers all the advantages the market affords, at the

Lowest Prices Reached This Season.

M'FARLAND & COLLINS,

71 and 73 Fifth Street,

jy22 Next house to the Postoffice.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL

OF

NEW GOODS.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

ENGLISH & AMERICAN BRUSSELS

Tapestry Ingrain,

EXTRA SUPER AND FINE

CARPETS,

China and Cocoa Mattings,

Oil Cloths, &c.,

AT PRICES

Lower than Ever Reached this Season.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,

No. 23 Fifth Street.

fe22

250,000 WATCHES,

CHAINS, DIAMOND RINGS, &c.,

WORTH OVER $1,000,000.

All to be sold for One Dollar, each, without regard to value. Not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive.

"This is one of the largest firms in the City of New York, and are doing a very extensive business and have on hand the largest stock that can be found in that City.—Oceana Times, Pent Water, Michigan, Oct. 21, 1864. "Their stock is large, and buyers may rely on articles purchased from them just as represented. Their long continuance in business enables them to offer better inducements than any other house in the city."—Loyal American, Anderson, Ind., Oct 20, 1864. "Their watches are admitted by competent judges, and those who have used them, to be the best in use. They are all they are advertised to be."—Independent, Warren, Ill., Oct. 20, 1864. They are large dealers, and their stock is manufactured in the best style, and of pure materials."—Telegraph, Saugerties, N. Y., Oct. 24, 1864. "All goods furnished are what they are represented to be."—Times, Waterville, N. Y., Oct. 20, 1864. "Worthy of confidence."—Wyoming Democrat, Warsaw, N. Y., Oct. 18, 1864. Honorable and fair dealing men."—Cumberland Valley Journal, Mechanicsburg, Pa., Oct. 20, 1864.

Splendid List of Articles. All to be Sold for $1 each.

250 solid Silver Dining Sets, $75 to $300; 500 Silver Salvers and Urns, $50 to 250; 500 Solid Silver Tea Sets complete, 50 to 300; 150 Rosewood musical Bxs, 32 airs, 75 to 250; 200 Mahogany Musical Bes, 24 airs, 50 to 200; 250 Gold Hunting Watches, 75 to 250; 250 Ladies' Enamelled Gold Watches, 50 to 200; 500 Gents' Hunting Silver Watches, 35 to 100; 500 Open-face Silver Watches, 25 to 50; 250 Diamond Rings, 50 to 100; 5,000 Photo. Albums, all sizes, 5 to 50; 2,000 Gold Vest and Neck Chains, 15 to 30; 3,000 Gold Oval Band Bracelets, 5 to 10; 5,000 Chased Gold Bracelets, 6 to 12; 2,000 Chatelaine and Guard Chains, 5 to 20; 7,000 Solitaire and Revolving Brooches, 5 to 10; 2,000 Lava and Florentine do, 4 to 10; 5,000 Coral, Opal and Emerald do, 4 to 10; 5,000 Mosaic, Jet and Lava Eardrops, 4 to 10; 7,500 Coral and Emerald Eardrops, 3 to 8; 5,000 California Diamond Pins, 5 to 20; 5,000 Cal. Cluster Diamond Pins, 3 to 10; 3,000 sets Solitaire Buttons and Studs, 3 to 10; 3,000 Gold Thimbles, Pencils, &c, 3 to 8; 10,000 Lockets, double-glass, 3 to 5; 5,000 Lockets for Miniatures, 5 to 10; 3,000 Gold Toothpicks, Crosses, &c, 3 to 8; 5,000 plain Gold Rings, 4 to 10; 5,000 chased Gold Rings, 4 to 10; 10,000 shield and Signet Rings, 3 to 10; 10,000 California Diamond Rings, 7,500 sets Ladies' Jewelry, jet, 5 to 10; 5,000 sets Ladies' Jewelry, coral, 8 to 12; 5,000 sets Ladies' Jewelry, onyx, 10 to 15; 5,000 sets Ladies' Jewelry, lava, 12 to 20; 2,500 sets Ladies' Jewelry, mosaic, 20 to 30; 10,000 Gold Pens with Silver holders, 5 to 10; 5,000 Gold Pens with Gold holders, 6 to 12; 5,000 Gold Pens and holders, super'r 10 to 15; 5,000 Silver Goblets and Drinking Cups, 8 to 10; 3,000 Silver Castors and Wineholdrs, 15 to 50, 2,000 Silver Fruit & Cake Baskets, 20 to 50.

Messrs. T. & H. GAUGHAN & CO., No. 116 Broadway, New York, extensive manufacturers and importers of all the leading and most fashionable styles of Watches and Jewelry, desiring to increase their business to an unlimited extent, have resolved upon a Great Gift Distribution, subject to the regulations following:

Certificates naming each article and its value, are placed in Sealed Envelopes and well mixed. One of these envelopes will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of twenty-five cents.

All articles sold at One Dollar each, without regard to value.

On receipts of the certificate you will see what you are going to have, and then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our list for One Dollar, and in no case can they get less than one dollar's worth. The price of Certificates is as follows:—One for 25c; five for $1; eleven for $2; thirty for $5; sixty-five for $10; one hundred for $15.

Agents wanted everywhere, to whom special terms are offered.
T. & H. GAUGHAN & Co.,
se1-1m No. 116 Broadway, New York.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

HIGHEST PREMIUM

LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINE

AND

BUTTON-HOLE MACHINE,

AGENCY, NO. 27 FIFTH STREET.

au31

ERNEST AXTHELM, No. 103 THIRD street, Pittsburgh, Agent for PLAYNER & KAYSER'S

Noiseless Patent Sewing Machines.

These Sewing Machines are known as the very best in the United States. They are warranted, and sold at the Lowest Prices. Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Repairing of Sewing Machines of every kind promptly attended to. se30-1y

OFFICE WINDOW-SHADES—

Of a new stripe, for sale at No. 107 Market street, near Fifth street. JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
au26

GOV'T SALES & PROPOSALS

LARGE GOVERNMENT SALE

OF

Steamboats, Wharfboats, Barges,

AND OTHER PROPERTY.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the places, and until the dates hereinafter named, for the purchase of the following named

STEAMBOATS, WHARFBOATS, BARGES,

And other property.

At Little Rock, Arkansas, until Monday, September 11, 12 M.,

For the sidewheel steamer Davenport (ferry-boat), registered 159 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Convoy No. 2, registered 111 tons.
Which can be seen at LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS, until the day of sale.

At Vicksburg, Mississippi, until Friday, September 15, 12 M.,

For screw tug Belle Darlington, registered 84 tons.
One (1) wharf-boat, 796 tons.
One (1) wharf-boat, 787 tons.
Model barges Rhodes and Geo. B. McClane.
Nine (9) gunwale barges.
Forty (40) coal boats.
One (1) yawl and one (1) floating dock.
All of which can be seen at VICKSBURG, MISS., until the day of sale.

At Natchez, Mississippi, until Monday, September 18, 12 M.,

For one wharf boat, 700 tons.
Model barge Mollie.
Five (5) gunwale barges.
Three (3) coal boats.
All of which can be seen at NATCHEZ, MISS., until the day of sale.

At New Orleans, La., until Wednesday, October 4, 12 M.,

For the model barge Mulligan, and one (1) coal boat.
Which can be seen at PORT HUDSON, LA., until the day of sale.
For the wharf boat Natchez, 700 tons; and two (2) coal boats.
Which can be seen at BATON ROUGE, LA., until the day of sale.

ALSO, for the
Sidewheel steamer Colonel Holcomb (building), registered 220 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Illinois, registered 600 tons.
Sidewheel steamer W. B. Savory, registered 62 tons.
Sidewheel steamer J. M. Brown, registered 339 tons.
Sidewheel steamer A. G. Brown, registered 229 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Ohio Belle, registered 300 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Mustang, registered 178 tons.
Sidewheel steamer St. Charles, registered 557 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Diana registered 780 tons.
Sidewheel steamer E. H. Fairchilds, registered 651 tons.
Sidewheel steamer B. J. Adams, registered 687 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Switzerland, registered 519 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Ida May, registered 250 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Iowa, registered 482 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Altamont, registered 392 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Dick Fulton No. 2, registered 118 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Colonel Benedict, registered 181 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Colonel Chandler, registered 29 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Cornie, registered — tons.
Sternwheel steamer Lizzie Davis, registered — tons.
Sternwheel steamer Colonel Chapin, registered — tons.
Screw tug Leviathan, registered 324 tons.
Screw tug Binnie Banks, registered 32 tons.
Screw tug Baltic, registered 113 tons.
Screw tug Captain Pitkins (now building).
Screw tug (no name and now building).
Screw tug Geo. E. Tyler, registered 116 tons.
Screw tug America, registered 118 tons.
Screw tug Hancox, registered 150 tons.
Screw tug Admiral, registered 163 tons.
Screw tug Gladiator, registered 171 tons.
Centre-wheel steamer Kepper, registered 81 tons.
Centre-wheel steamer General Ransom, registered 104 tons.
Centre-wheel steamer Colonel Colburn, registered 91 tons.
Model barges Nos. 10, 11, and Abbey.
Canal boat Rosalie.
Ten (10) gunwale barges.
Twenty-four (24) pontoon boats.
Four (4) yawl-boats, one (1) sail-boat, one (1) metallic boat, five (5) skiffs, and one (1) set of ways.
All of which can be seen at NEW ORLEANS, LA., until the day of sale.

At Mobile, Alabama, until Thursday, October 12, 12 M.,

For the sidewheel steamer Laurel Hill, registered 783 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Warrior, registered 466 tons.
Sidewheel steamer James Battle, registered 621 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Ariel, registered 302 tons.
Sidewheel steamer N. W. Thomas, registered 511 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Starlight, registered 331 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Iberville, registered 505 tons.
Sidewheel steamer J. D. Swain, registered 227 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Jennie Rogers, registered 316 tons.
Sternwheel steamer R. B. Hamilton (sunk), registered 199 tons.
Screw tug Perry, registered 154 tons.
Screw tug Alph Cutting, registered 95 tons.
Screw tug Blossom, registered 54 tons.
Model barge Ford, Canal Boat Golden Era, canal boat (no name), forty (40) pontoon barges, thirty (30) Yawl Boats, and three (3) Sectional Docks.
All of which can be seen at MOBILE, ALA., until the day of sale.

Persons making proposals for more than one boat or barge, should give the name or number of each boat or barge bid for, with price proposed to be given for each.

Each envelope containing a bid should be sealed, and the name of the boat or barge, or description of the property, endorsed thereon, and addressed to Brigadier General L. B. PARSONS, Chief of Rail and River Transportation, in care of the officer in charge of river transportation at the point designated for opening bids.

The Government reserves the right to withdraw any of the above property, and to reject proposals if deemed too low.

Payments to be made in United States currency, upon the acceptance of any proposal, and prior to the delivery of the property.

A full description of the property may be obtained on application to Col. ARTHUR EDWARDS, assistant quartermaster, St. Louis, Missouri.

By order of the Quartermaster General:
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
Brig. Gen'l and Chief of Rail and River Transportation.

CLOSING SALES OF

GOVERNMENT

Horses and Mules.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 24, 1865.

Will be sold at public auction during the month of September, to the highest bidder, at the time and place named below, viz:

NEW YORK.
New York City, Tuesday of each week, 100 Horses each day.
New York City, Thursday of each week, 200 Mules each day.

PENNSYLVANIA.
Philadelphia, Thursday of each week, 100 Horses each day.
Philadelphia, Saturday, September 2, and Wednesday and Saturday of each week thereafter, 100 Mules each day.
Pittsburgh, Thursday and Friday of each week, to September 22, inclusive, 150 Mules each day.
Harrisburg, Tuesday of each week, 150 Mules each day.
Manch Chunk, Thursday, September 7, 200 Mules.
Indiana, Tuesday, September 12, 150 Mules.
Greensburg, Thursday, September 14, 150 Horses.
Reading, Thursday, September 14, 200 Mules.
Altoona, Thursday, September 28, 150 Horses.

INDIANA.
Indianapolis, September 11, 13, 15, 25, 27, and 29, 150 Horses each day.
Indianapolis, September 12, 14 and 16, 150 Mules each day.

ILLINOIS.
Chicago, September 5, 7, 9, 19, 21, 23, 30, 150 Mules each day.
Chicago, September 4, 6, 8, 18, 20, 22, 29, 150 Horses each day.

DELAWARE.
Wilmington, Friday of each week, 150 Mules each day.
Wilmington, Tuesday of each week, 100 Horses each day.

NEW JERSEY.
Trenton, Tuesday, September 5, 150 Mules.
Trenton, Tuesday, September 19, 150 Mules.

MARYLAND.
Baltimore Thursday, September 7, 150 Mules.
Baltimore, Thursday, September 21, 150 Mules.

MISSOURI.
St. Louis, Thursday, September 7, and Tuesday and Thursday of each week thereafter, 200 Mules each day.

KANSAS.
Fort Leavenworth, commencing Tuesday, September 12, and continuing thereafter at such times as the Depot Quartermaster may designate, 2,000 Mules.

GIESBORO, D. C.
Tuesday and Thursday of each week, 100 Horses each day.

No sales of Mules will take place at
WASHINGTON, D. C.

The animals to be sold in September are superior to any heretofore offered to the public. The majority of them are sound and serviceable.

It is expected that at this series of sales all the surplus Government animals will be disposed of. Buyers should therefore avail themselves of this last opportunity to purchase.

Animals will be sold singly.
Sales to commence at 10 A. M. each day.
Terms—CASH, in United States currency.

JAMES A. EKIN,
Brevet Brig. Gen., in charge 1st Div. Q. M. G. O.
au28:tse22

LARGE GOVERNMENT SALE OF COAL.

1,000,000 BUSHELS.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 5, 1865.

Sealed proposals are invited and will be received at the places and until the dates hereafter named, for the purchase of all the surplus coal at those places belonging to the Government.

At ST. LOUIS, MO., until 12 o'clock M., of TUESDAY, September 5, for coal lying at Cairo, Ill., Memphis, Tenn., Helena, Ark., and mouth of White River.

At VICKSBURG, MISS., until 12 o'clock M., of FRIDAY, September 15, for coal lying at Vicksburg, Miss.

At NATCHEZ, MISS., until 12 o'clock M., of MONDAY, September 18, for coal lying at Natchez, Miss.

Separate proposals will also be received at the same time for the barges or boats containing the coal.

Each envelope containing a bid should be sealed, and the name or number of the barge containing it endorsed thereon, and addressed to "Brigadier General Lewis B. Parsons, Chief Rail and River Transportation," in care of the Quartermaster in charge of river transportation at the point designated for opening the bids.

Payment to be made in United States currency upon the acceptance of any proposal, and prior to the delivery of the property.

The Government reserves the right to withdraw any of the coal and the barges containing it, and to reject proposals if deemed too low.

By order of ohe Quartermaster General.
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
Brigadier General and Chief Rail and River Transportation.
au9-tse18

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., August 19, 1865.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT MULES.

GOOD, SOUND SERVICEABLE MULES

Will be sold at public auction, at the Fair Grounds, in this city, to the highest bidder, on the days and in numbers as follows:

150 Mules on THURSDAY, September 7, 1865.
150 Mules on FRIDAY, September 8, 1865.
150 Mules on THURSDAY, September 14, 1865.
150 Mules on FRIDAY, September 15, 1865.
150 Mules on THURSDAY, September 21, 1865.
150 Mules on FRIDAY, September 22, 1865.

Mules sold singly.
Sale to commence at 9½ o'clock, A. M.
Terms cash, United States currency.

O. CROSS,
au19-td Lieut. Colonel and Deputy Q. M. Gen.

UTILITY WORKS.—McLEAN & STROUS, sole manufacturers of Utility Locks, Utility Shutter and Butt Hinges, and McLEAN'S PATENT WINDOW SASH SUPPORTERS. Also, manufacture superior Counter Scales, Grindstone Hangings, Bed Castors, Strap Hinges, and a general assortment of Builders' and Cabinet Hardware, Sash Weights and Sad Irons, all sizes, kept constantly on hand. Office and warehouse,
au10-1y No. 153 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh.

"SMOKY CITY FEED STORE."

J. H. SHELLABERGER & CO.,

Dealers in Baled Hay, Oats, Corn, Bran, Middlings, Flour, Produce, &c., No. 12 Market street, two doors below First street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

N. B.—Consumers supplied with all kinds of Feed at the lowest market prices. fe22-3m

DRY GOODS.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

OFFER

Special Inducements to Buyers,

—IN—

EMBROIDERIES AND LACE GOODS;
WHITE GOODS AND RUFFLINGS;
HAMBURG EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS;
HANDKERCHIEFS AND COLLARS;
RIBBONS AND BONNET SILKS;
MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS;
CRAPES, FRAMES, RUCHES;
FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS;
TARLETANS AND MALINES;
FEATHERS AND BIRDS;
BEAD ORNAMENTS AND SETS;
DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS;
SILK AND BEAD BUTTONS;
GENTS' AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS;
ZEPHYR-KNIT GOODS; BALMORAL SKIRTS;
CORSET AND HOOP SKIRTS;
HOSIERY AND GLOVES; YARNS;
WORSTEDS, and a general assortment of

Fancy Goods and Notions.

Their Wholesale rooms will be found well supplied with all the desirable goods in their line. Buying exclusively for cash, we purchase cheap and

OFFER BARGAINS

—AT—

77 and 79 Market Street.

au22

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS HOUSE

WILSON, CARR & CO.,

94 Wood street.

The attention of the trade is invited to the superior stock, always to be found on hand, equal in extent to that of many

EASTERN HOUSES,

And surpassed by none in the West, among which may be found

PRINTS,
DRESS GOODS,
ALPACAS,
COBURGS,
BLACK SILKS
WOOL DE LAINES,
AMERICAN DE LAINES,
LADIES' CLOTHS,
FRENCH CLOTHS,
FANCY CASSIMERES,
BLACK DOESKINS,
TRICOTS,
ALL WOOL TWEEDS,
COTTONADES,
DENIMS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
TWEEDS,
ERMINES,
SATTINETS.

Also a full line of

DOMESTIC GOODS.

All goods bought for cash and sold at a small advance.

ju10-tf

J. A. WILSON..........J. W. CARR..........D. M'CANDLESS

WILSON, CARR & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Payne & Co.,)

Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods,

94 WOOD STREET.

Third House above Diamond Alley.
se25 PITTSBURGH

CLOTHING.

JOHN S. LEE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

And Dealer in

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

NO. 49 ST. CLAIR ST., PITTSBURGH.

my16

GREAT

CLOSING OUT SALE

OF

SUMMER CLOTHING.

The undersigned now offer the balance of their stock of SUMMER CLOTHING at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

In order to dispose of the same before the FALL TRADE sets in. At the same time we inform the public that we have already received a large and well assorted line of Goods, suitable for the FALL TRADE, consisting of Heavy, Dark and Light Colored

Cassimere Suits,

PANTS AND VESTS.

CASSIMERE AND FLANNEL SHIRTS,

UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

We also have a great variety of

White Shirts; Hats;
Silk, Linen, and Cotton Handkerchiefs;
Linen and Paper Collars,
Neckties and Scarfs;
Kid, Leather, Woolen and Cotton Gloves;
Silk and Cotton Suspenders;
Silk and Gingham Umbrellas,

And a great many articles, too numerous to be mentioned, all of which we are enabled to sell

Below Their Actual Value,

Owing to their being purchased before the late rise in goods. You will therefore find it to your interest by giving them a call before purchasing elsewhere.

N. GROSSMAYER & CO.,

47 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE THEATRE.

au6

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

At 63 Market Street.

SOUTH & ROSS.

au22

GENTLEMAN'S CALF BOOTS

AND CONGRESS GAITERS.

A full and complete assortment constantly on hand of my own manufacture, and will be sold at reasonable prices. S. DALZELL,
No. 132 Smithfield St., fourth door from Virgin Alley

PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of Phelps, Parke & Co., in the borough of Manchester until September 5, 1865, for the grading of Adams street, from Beaver to the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway.
WM. N. KIRK, County, or
au26-10t ISAAC STEWART, Street Commissione

PIG LEAD.

500 PIGS LEAD just received from the Linden Mines, Wisconsin, from which I will receive supplies weekly. Being very soft and pure; it is well suited for Glass and White Lead Manufacturers use. For sale by
WM. BAGALEY
mh14-tf 18 Wood

FISH—

20 barrels new Baltimore Herring,
25 barrels No. 3 Large Mackerel,
25 half barrels do
20 bbls No. 2 do
25 kits No. 3 do
50 half bbls Lake Herring,
25 half bbls White Fish.
20 half bbls Trout.

For sale by J. B. CANFIELD
fe3-tf

BASE BALLS AND BATS—FOR sale by JAMES BOWN,
jy8 136 Wood street.

LIME—200 brrrels Best White Lime for sale by J. B. CANFIELD
fe8

MANUFACTURERS.

AMERICAN IRON WORKS

JONES & LAUGHLINS,

PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

AMERICAN AND CLAIR

BAR, HOOP, SHEET and PLATE IRON,
BRIDGE IRON,
ANGLE AND T IRON,
GUARD IRON,
COAL SCREEN IRON,
T RAILS, 16 and 20 lbs. to yard,
TRAM RAILS, punch'd and counter sunk,
BOILER, BRIDGE and TANK RIVETS,
CUT NAILS and SPIKES,
SHIP and BOAT SPIKES,
RAILROAD SPIKES,
RAILROAD FISH BARS and BOLTS,
RAILROAD CAR WHEELS and AXLES,
STREET CAR WHEELS and AXLES,
COAL-PIT CAR WHEELS and AXLES,
PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTING,
PATENT COLD ROLLED PISTON RODS, MOWER AND REAPER BARS.

Warehouse and Office,
120 WATER, AND 158 FRONT.
Branch House,
NOS. 22, 24 AND 26 RIVER ST.,
jy8 Chicago, Ills.

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS.

MODES, RYRIE & CO.,

Manufacturers of

BLACK AND GREEN GLASSWARE

DRUGGISTS' WARE, BOTTLES, DEMIJOHNS, CARBOYS, &c.

Warehouse, No. 144 Water street, between Smithfield and Grant streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We warrant our wares to be superior to any manufactured west of the mountains. Always on hand, Glassware of the above description. All orders promptly attended to.

☞ Particular attention paid to Private Moulds.
au4-1y

CARLIN & GIBSON,

FOURTH WARD FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE WORKS,

Sandusky street, near Robinson, Allegheny City,

MANUFACTURERS OF

STEAM ENGINES, ROLLING MILL AND MACHINE CASTINGS.

We have always on hand, and make to order, Steam Engines for oil wells, with flue or portable boiler Counter shafts, Derrick fixtures, &c., &c. my31-6m

W. SMITH.........DAVID E. PARK.........JAMES PARK, JR

SMITH, PARK & CO.,

NINTH WARD FOUNDRY,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Warehouse, 149 First and 120 Second streets, manufacturers of all sizes and descriptions of coal oil retorts, and stills, gas and water pipes, sad irons, dog irons, wagon boxes, steel moulds, pulleys, hangers and couplings; also, jobbing and machine castings of every description made to order. Having a complete machine shop attached to the foundry, all necessary fitting will be carefully attended to. se15

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS

ESTABLISHED IN 1848.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Best Refined Tool Cast Steel,

Spring, Plow, Blister and Saw Steel, Railroad Car Springs and Spring Steel, Axle Springs, Steel Tire, &c. best Cast Steel suitable for Oil Tools. Warehouse, 83 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap5

BANNER COTTON MILLS,

PARK, PAINTER & CO.,

Warehouse, Nos. 149 First and 120 Second Streets,
PITTSBURGH PA.

4-4 Brown Sheeting, Carpet Chain of all Colors, Candlewick, Batting and Twine.

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of best quality refined Cast Steel, square flat and octagon, all sizes.

Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.

Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 First and 120 and 122 Second street Pittsburgh, Pa. no7

WELDON & KELLY,

No. 164 Wood Street, Pittburgh, Penn.,

Gas and Steam Fitters and Plumbers, and Manufacturers of

Oil Well Pumps, Tubing and Tools,

Keep on hand Improved Oil Well Tubing with Brass or Iron Couplings, Brass or Copper Working Barrels Tongs, Clamps, Rods, Sand Pumps, and everything necessary for the working of oil wells. my18-1y

J. E. CONNOR, Manufacturer of the latest improved Screw, Lever and Drop Presses; Cutting and Stamping Dies; and general agent for the far famed Olmsted's late improved combined Double Seamer and Setting Down Machine; combined Circular, Square and Bevel Cutters, and Tinners' Tools of all kinds made to order.

Nos. 69, 71 and 73 Adams street,
ap15 BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

GLASS BAZAAR.

W. N. OGDEN & CO.,

64 Market street.

Manufacturers and dealers in Fine Cut and Pressed Glassware, consisting of rich cut Bowls, Dishes, Tumblers, Celeries, Goblets, Wines, Champagnes, &c., manufactured of the finest Flint Glass, and cannot be excelled. Also, a large assortment of Silvered Glass, Bowls, Celeries, Salts, Goblets, Curtain Pins, &c., engraved or plain. Full sets of this Ware to order—with initials engraved on same.

Also, agents for the Mason celebrated Improved patent Self-Sealing Fruit Jars. There is no jar in the market equal to these.

Full sets of fine Table Ware loaned to parties, balls and pic nics on reasonable terms.

We particularly request heads of families to call and examine our goods and prices before making purchases. ju12-1y

JAMES BOWN,

(Successor to Bown & Tetley,)

Manufacturer and Importer of Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Hardware,

GUNSMITHS' MATERIALS, CUTLERY, &c.,

No. 136 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Agents for Colt's Pistols and Rifles. jy2-cy

1865 FORT PITT BOILER 1865 AND SHEET IRON WORKS

Carroll & Snyder,

Corner Second and Short streets,

Manufacturers of tubular, double flued and cylinder steam boilers, chimneys, Britching, fire beds, ash pans steam pipes, salt pans, oil stills, tanks, agitators, settling pans, iron bridges, gasometers. Particular attention paid to repairs of steamboat and land boilers. New and second hand boilers always on hand. jell

COPARTNERSHIP.

FORT PITT FOUNDRY.

WM. METCALF.........................ORLANDO METCALF.
JOSEPH M. KNAP.........................JAMES G. KNAP.

CHARLES KNAP NEPHEWS,

(Successors to Charles Knap,)

Manufacturers of Ordnance,

And all kinds of

HEAVY CASTINGS FOR ROLLING MILLS, BRIDGES, &c.

au7-1m

EXCELSIOR BOLT AND NUT WORKS.

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,

Manufacturers of, and keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Bolts, Nuts, Washers, and Thimble Skeins.

☞ Office and wareroom corner Market and Water streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. ju6-1y

C. CADMAN.........................T. E. CRAWFORD

DUQUESNE BRASS WORKS,

CADMAN & CRAWFORD,

Brass Founders, Gas and Steam Fitters. Particular attention paid to Steamboat work and Oil Refineries. Corner of Duquesne Way and St. Clair streets. au16-1y

BARNDOLLAR & PRICE,

(Successors to T. J. Craig,)

Manufacturers and dealers in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron ware. Also, Tin and Iron Roofers and Job Workers. Just received, a large assortment of house furnishing hardware, such as Water Coolers, Refrigerators, Meat Safes, Toilet Ware, Squirrel Cages, Britannia Ware, Waiters, Knife Boxes, Cash Boxes, Knives and Forks, Ice Pitchers, Ice Chests, Bath Tubs, Bird Cages, Parrot Cages, Planished Tin Ware, Fire Irons, Spoon and Fork Boxes, Tea Canisters, Spoons. Also, a large stock of Stoves. ap6

JOHN M. CORNWELL,

MANUFACTURER OF

SADDLERY & CARRIAGE HARDWARE,

Silver and Brass Plating, Door Plates, Bell Pulls, Bell Hanging, &c., &c., No. 7 St. Clair st., near the bridge.

sep7-1y

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

METEOROLOGICAL DIARY.—Taken daily by Geo. E Shaw, Practical Optician, 58 Fifth street:

TUESDAY, September 5.

	Sun.	Shade.
9 A. M.	85	70
12 M.	90	76
3 P. M.	115	84
6 P. M.		80
Barometer at 6 P. M.		29 2-10.

ALLEGHENY BOARD OF CONTROLLERS.—The regular monthly meeting of this body was to have been held last evening, but owing to the absence of a quorum, no business was transacted.

THE HARVEST HOME.—This festival, which is held annually in Saxonburg, a German settlement in Butler county, commenced yesterday, and will be continued until Friday evening. A large number of persons left the two cities yesterday for the purpose of participating in the festivities.

BOY DROWNED.—A lad named William Mish, aged eleven years, whose parents reside in the Fifth Ward, was drowned in the Allegheny river below the Mechanic street bridge, on Saturday, while bathing. The body was recovered yesterday, and an inquest held by Coroner Clawson, the verdict being one of accidental death.

ARREST OF ALLEGED THIEVES.—On Monday night two colored men, named Leon Washington and Wm. Johnston were arrested on a charge of attempting to rob the boarding house of Washinton Warren, in the Sixth ward. They were taken to the watchhouse, and upon being searched, three valuable watches were found concealed in Washington's boots. They were both committed to jail for a further hearing.

WANT EMPLOYMENT.—The Sanitary Commission, No. 59 Fourth street has many applications for work from our returned soldiers. Many of them are unable to do hard labor, but can act as watchmen, &c. Others are anxious to apprentice themselves to trades. Will not the business men take a greater interest in these "veterans," and at least give them an opportunity to earn an honest penny.

COMMITTED TO JAIL.—John Oliver, William Leonard and William Oliver, who were arrested on Monday night for being concerned in the row at the Point, had a hearing before the Mayor yesterday morning, which resulted in their committal to jail for thirty days, in default of the payment of fines of twenty-five dollars each. Officer Euster also made an information against "Polk" Harkins, charging him with assault and battery with intent to kill, when a warrant was issued for his arrest.

DEAD BODY FOUND.—On Monday, the dead body of a man was found on Mr. A. Ingram's farm, in McCandless township, about ten miles north of this city. Mr. John Ross, who was driving a load of hay to the Allegheny market, noticed a man leaning against a fence, and supposing that something was wrong, went to him and discovered that he was dead. The appearance of the unfortunate man indicated that his death was the result of a fit. A neighboring Justice of the Peace held an inquest on the body, but the verdict of the jury has not yet been ascertained.

RIOTOUS PROCEEDINGS IN LOWER ST. CLAIR.—For some time past the residents of Mount Washington have been much annoyed by the riotous proceedings held nightly at the lager beer saloon or tavern of Fred. Kauf, and those doing business in the city, returning after night to their residences, are at the mercy of the lawless fellows who resort there. Monday night a fearful riot took place there, which was participated in by parties from Sligo and from this city. Although there were several injured, none were seriously. It is said parties from the city and neighborhood visit Mount Washington on Sunday, for the purpose of playing cards, and indulging in other sports. If Lower St. Clair township has no police force, the sooner the authorities provide a suitable one the better for the inhabitants.

The Elevator Machinery.

To the Editor of the Commercial.

PITTSBURGH, September 5, 1865.

After thanking you for your kind notice of our work on the "Elevator" machinery, permit us to say that the engine is not on the "Corliss principle," but was a modification of the *Cornish* valve, known here as the cup valve, with the lifters ordinarily used on the balance puppit valve.

We have an idea that engines on a principle superior to Mr. Corliss' celebrated engines, can be built in this city for less money: and we are now prepared to do that very thing. We respectfully invite all persons using steam-power, to call and examine our new engine, which is calculated, so far as power is concerned, as a mechanical Purse of *Fortunatus*; or "the more you want the more you get." FOSTER & CO.

Larceny of a Horse and Buggy.

Yesterday about noon, a horse and buggy were stolen from the front of the office of Messrs. Walton & Fawcett, coal merchants, 134 Water street. Mr. Jos. Walton, the owner of the property, had driven to the office for the purpose of attending to some business, and upon coming out found that his horse and buggy had been taken away. Two suspicious looking men, who had been observed standing near the buggy, are supposed to be the guilty parties. The Mayor was apprised of the larceny when he dispatched the police in pursuit of the thieves. The horse is a dark bay, and the buggy was almost new.

Last evening about dusk the horse and buggy were found at the corner of Fifth and Grant streets, where they had been left in the care of a boy by two men, who promised to return in a few minutes. The police searched the neighborhood for the rascals, but were unable to discover them. The horse was badly used up, and, from appearances, had been driven very hard.

Washington and Jefferson College.

AN APPEAL FOR AID.

The Trustees of Washington and Jefferson College have issued an address to the friends of liberal education, setting forth the undisputed advantages possessed by this powerful and admirably-conducted collegiate institution, and appealing for aid for its endowment fund. After setting forth that it is designed that the new institution shall stand pre-eminent among the colleges of the land, the Trustees say:—"Such an institution we can have—such an institution we will have if the people will rally around the united College, and support it heartily with their sympathy and their contributions. All are interested in this great enterprise. Let every one feel that the College is his—that he has a personal interest in it, and a personal duty to discharge towards it. The College is for the people, and the people, as one man, should rally around and sustain it. It needs their aid. The munificent donation of Dr. Beatty ($50,000) is only the nucleus of an endowment. It was so intended by him. The endowment is not completed. It is only begun. All the available funds of the College do not amount to more than one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. It should have five hundred thousand dollars immediately. Money must be had, or the design of a great College will fail. In a community abounding with wealth, shall this be the deplorable result? Other institutions are receiving contributions by hundreds of thousands. Without liberal donations, it is impossible for the united College to become what its friends desire, and what the community expects it to become."

In conclusion they say:—"The destiny of the college is in the hands of the people. What, in the providence of God, it is to be, rests with them. Shall it not be sustained? It needs and deserves the most liberal donations. Shall it not receive them? Let the Alumni of the colleges gather around the new college, bringing with them their old love of Alma Mater quickened by the enthusiasm of a new enterprise. Is there an Alumnus of Jefferson or Washington to whom this appeal will be made in vain? Is there a friend of liberal education, whether for the benefit of the Church or the State, who will not heartily respond to it?"

Re-Union of Libby Prisoners.

The Spirit of Jackson Abroad—Great Intellectual Feast at Lafayette Hall—Dr. Jackson's Speech in Three Parts—Also his Boots—Soul-stirring Music—Home, Sweet Home, on the Gong—A Lucid Lecture, and a Lively Audience.

In accordance with a notice distributed throughout the city for several days, by Dr. Andrew Jackson, the distinguished colored friend of all mankind, he delivered his celebrated and long promised speech, at Lafayette Hall, last evening. Owing to the attractions of Miss Charlotte Thompson, at the Opera House, and Mr. Hackett, at the Theatre, the audience was not so large as it might have been. The prospect of having any audience at all was very doubtful at one time in the evening, but all doubt was soon dispelled by one of the vigorous members of Dr. Jackson's committee, who appeared in front of the Hall with the formidable gong of the St. Charles Hotel. This instrument was sounded long and loud, and brought to the spot a crowd eager to obtain entrance to the Hall.

At half-past eight o'clock, Dr. Jackson appeared in the Hall, and was received with deafening cheers. The following gentlemen were appointed officers of the meeting:

Major W. B. Neeper, President; Captain John S. Kennedy, Vice President; Captain Benjamin W. Morgan, Secretary; Thomas M. Little, Marshal; John Algeo, performer on the gong.

While the officers were taking their seats, Mr. Algeo played "Home, Sweet Home," on the gong and Dr. Jackson changed his every-day boots and stockings for a pair of patent leather boots, which shone resplendently as he advanced to the front of the stage. The Doctor observing Frank H. Cooley in the audience, called him to a seat on the stage, as a mark of distinction due to a fellow-soldier who, the Doctor said, had fought, bled, and died for his country in Mexico long before Andy Johnsing was President.

Among other distinguished gentlemen who were in the audience, we observed J. J. Siebeneck, Esq., John D. McFaden, Esq., Dr. T. W. Shaw, Lieut. Fullwood, John M. Roberts, Esq., James C. Sproul, Esq., and a host of others equally learned and gifted.

Dr. Jackson said that his present speech must be heard as he intended to tell about the poor soldiers who were in prison, (three cheers for Dr. Jackson and cries for music.) The Doctor then charged upon his audience that they had no manners, he did not mean all of them, but only some of them, and he meant exactly what he said when he spoke these here words which he was saying to them. (Cries of "take a drink Doctor.") There is some of you here what suffered for want of something to eat and lie down on, and there is some of ye as don't know what it is, and I would'nt believe no man if I hadn't been down there myself and seen it walking on these here same legs with my own eyes. (Three cheers for legs and eyes, and sonorous sounds from the gong.) Yes, sir. Yes, sir. I was there, yes sir. And here's a man as was there (pointing to Major Neeper) who suffered when he was hungry. He knows it, and he knows I know it too. (Great cheering while the Doctor accepted a tumbler of brandy.) That is the first part of the speech on this occasion which I have penetrated with the perambulations of the energies of the democratic elements of mosaic ambition in the memory of such great men as the Hon. Dr. McCook, who said he was coming down here to make a speech like mine is, as what I will speak if this here audience will behave itself like men and not like rebs. (Loud cheers and music on the gong.)

You ask me what the above officers and soldiers were fighting for. That's what this here bill says that I hold in my hand. Yes, sir. Were they fighting for the nigger? No. I deny the assertion. (Cheers.) They fit for territory, they did, and the noble men were feeding on stuff your dogs didn't dare to eat. Yes, sir. It's true. Yes, sir. The next part of my speech is about President Lincoln, who made a speech, and said, says he, and he said it three times and I heard him: says he, the time is comin' when we will all respect the cullered people more than we do now. (Long and loud cheering and playing on the gong.) He said it three times, I heard him myself, and where do you think he went to? (A voice—New Jersey.) Yes, sir, he said it previous to his going hence to make his departure where Col. Black is, and where I am going when I grow a better man like Andrew Johnsing and that there dear old flag of the Stars and Stripes which Washington the grandfather of his country put up in Philadelphia, and when I go to Heaven I expect to see Lincoln, and Moses, and Abraham and John Quincy Adams and John Brown, and me included among the number.

We have sketched sufficient of this delectable intellectual entertainment to give our readers an idea of the feast of fun which was enjoyed in Lafayette Hall, last evening. As the Dr. announced that the lecture in "several more parts with variations" would be performed again when the weather becomes cool, those who were denied the pleasantry of last evening may live in hope.

New Buildings in Pittsburgh.

LABOR AND MATERIAL NO OBJECT.

Houses, Stores, Offices and Factories.

Prospective Accommodation for the Houseless.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, &c., &c.

For some unaccountable reason, it is asserted by persons who ought to know better, and who are relied upon for correct information relative to the condition of things in this city, that "owing to the high price of labor and material, work of all kinds is suspended and very little is being done in the way of adding to the number of buildings, either for domestic or manufacturing purposes." We must say that such representations are highly calculated to injure the business of Pittsburgh. That this is not intended would scarcely be denied, but the recklessness of a newspaper which would make such representations without absolutely knowing whether they were *true* or false, is inexcusable.

In order to show that the city of Pittsburgh is not asleep when it should be awake in regard to making some increase of domestic accommodation, as also in adding to its strength as a great manufacturing centre, we propose to record a few facts which will be competent witnesses for the present business vitality of this city. We only present a few out of many instances in which improvements are now going on, or have been recently finished, notwithstanding "the high price of labor and material."

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY.

The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company are erecting a building at the corner of Penn and Wayne streets, which will probably be the finest and most substantial structure in the city. It is intended for the General Office of the company. The front elevation will be on Penn street. The main entrance will be in front. There will also be one in Wayne street. The building will be fire-proof throughout. It will be three stories high; sixty-six feet long and fifty feet wide.

The first story will be of Youghiogheny sandstone; the second and third stories will be of Philadelphia pressed brick, with stone trimmings; each floor will have iron beams and back arches. Large vaults will be constructed on each floor, commencing with the cellar. The whole building will be heated with steam.

The first floor will be occupied by the General Freight Agent and his clerks, and the Superintendent of the Eastern Division and his assistants.

The second floor will be occupied by the President, the General Superintendent, the Secretary, the Treasurer, the General Ticket Agent, and the Purchasing Agent.

The third floor will be occupied by the Comptroller and his corps of clerks; the Chief Engineer; the Assistant Engineers, and the Draughtsman. A portion of it will be set apart as a store-room for blanks and stationery for the use of the Company.

The building is being erected under the supervision of J. U. Barr, of the firm of Barr & Moser, Architects, under the direction of W. H. Barnes, Comptroller of the Company. Mackin & McCabe are the contractors for the Mason work; W. F. Dill is the contractor for the Brick work; Ingham & Son are the contractors for the Carpenter work. The water fittings will be furnished by Bourne & Brother. Tate & Company will be the gas fitters; the painting will be done by Morrow & Reed and the heating apparatus will be fitted up by D. R. Benton, of Brooklyn, New York. The iron girders and beams are from the Phoenix Iron Works, Philadelphia.

The building will not be ready for occupation before January, 1866. It is much needed at present. The growing business of the company, the accumulation of valuable papers and records make it imperative for them to provide a building of sufficient capacity to transact the business properly and insure protection to valuable property.

The building now occupied by the Company, as a general office, on Fifth street, when vacated will be turned over to Mr. Joseph Dilworth, to whom it has been sold, and who intends to remodel it so as to make it suitable for the transaction of other business.

The Old American Hotel building on Penn street, now used as a freight Depot, will, after the new building shall have been occupied, be torn down, and the ground used for tracks and Freight sheds for the business of the "Penn Station."

When the new building shall have been completed and occupied, all the officers and agents of the company doing business in this city will be found in their respective offices at this common centre of the Company's operations. This will enable persons having business with the Company, in any department, to dispatch the same without running from one portion of the city to another in search of the different department officers.

DUQUESNE BOILER WORKS.

The first week of April last the boiler shop of James Horn & Co., corner of Duquesne way and Duquesne street, was destroyed by fire. The work of rebuilding was immediately begun, and was completed by the 1st of August. This building occupies fifty-eight feet by fifty-four feet, and is two stories high, each story being fifteen feet between the floors. There are forty-two men regularly employed in this establishment. The company consists of Messrs. James Horn and James Reese.

THE PLYMOUTH CHURCH.

From a boiler shop to a church is like a step from all the week to Sunday, but people do change that way occasionally. The Plymouth Congregational Church is a neat little edifice, now nearly completed. It is located on Hand street, between Penn street and the Hand street bridge. It was built by John Frazer. The plastering was done by Atkinson & Co., the fresco work by Charles Smith, and the outside mastic work by John Hackel. The building is about forty feet front and about sixty feet deep. The first floor is the lecture and school room, now occupied as a place of worship pending the finishing of the main auditorium.

The church is approached by two stairways, one on each side of the front door. Over the entrance is a snug little apartment which will be set apart for the choir, and over the stairs are little balconies, which will be like seraph wings, on each side of the choir. The house will be well lighted, having windows on two sides of the building and two skylights. The former are handsomely stained and the latter frosted so as to soften the light. In the evening the place will be lighted from a gas dome, or "sun-light" in the centre of the ceiling. This, when finished, will be a substantial little building, and handsome withal. The auditorium will seat about two hundred and fifty persons. This is the only Congregational church in this city, and is under the pastoral care of the Rev. James H. Lyons.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

During the summer recess the First Presbyterian church has undergone some general repairs. The stucco work behind the pulpit has been painted, the pews have been varnished, and the ends of the organ gallery grained black walnut, to correspond with the other furniture of the church. The church was re-opened last Sabbath.

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT.

Mr. W. W. Bradshaw has erected a very handsome five story brick building, with stone corners, in Wood street, next door to Kleber's music store. It is eighty feet deep, with a front of nineteen feet. It has a fine cellar. Barr & Moser, were the architects; Ray and Cutler, were the builders; the carpenter work was done by John Frazer; the plastering was done by A. Atkinson, and John F. Cluley ditto painting. The building was commenced about the 1st of April, and is nearly finished. Mr. Bradshaw will occupy the whole building, as a general house furnishing establishment. He intends, we understand, to keep everything that is possible for ladies to need in carrying on the popular and universal enterprize of house-keeping. Mr. B. has just returned from New York where he made extensive purchases towards his new stock. His establishment will be a desideratum in this growing city.

NEW STOVE STORE.

At 194 Liberty street, Mitchell, Stevenson & Co. are erecting a four-story substantial brick building, in which they intend to carry on their stove business. The door frames and posts in front of the building are of iron, provided by Pennock & Totten. The ground occupied will be about one hundred feet deep, by about twenty-five feet front. The building has only progressed to the first story, and will probably not be finished before December.

CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT.

T. & J. T. McCance are erecting a fine building at No. 192 Liberty street. It will be a four-story brick edifice, with iron front door posts, from Pennock & Totten's foundry. The style will be the same as that adopted by Mitchell, Stevenson & Co. It will have about the same frontage, and about one hundred and eleven feet in depth. James M. Balph is the architect, Mr. Walker is bricklayer, and Mr McGraw is carpenter. The building will not be ready for occupation before next spring.

The foregoing are only a few out of numerous operations requiring considerable labor and material now in progress.

Public Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Another large audience greeted Miss Thompson last night, which was delighted with her performance of "Little Fadet." To-night she will make her first appearance in this city as "Camille."

THEATRE.—Hackett crowded the theatre again last evening. To-night will be performed "The Merry Wives of Windsor," in which Mr. Hackett will personate Falstaff, when those who have seen him as a valiant knight in war will have an opportunity of seeing him in love.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

$25 READ THIS! $25

Passage to or from the "Old Country," by the celebrated

"INMAN," "ANCHOR,"

Or Liverpool and Londonderry Steamship Lines, at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Call and get the rates. Sight drafts for sale. Apply to

D. O'NIEL,
Foreign Emigration Office, 66 Smithfield st.
se6-eod-2w

MURRAY OIL COMPANY.

W. P. MURRAY, PRESIDENT.
J. H. LYDAY, SECRETARY and TREASURER.

This Company owns in Fee Simple a Farm containing EIGHTY-SEVEN ACRES AND FORTY-FIVE PERCHES, located on Brevort Run, (a tributary to Cherry Run,) and lying between Cherry Run and Oil Creek.

TWENTY-EIGHT LEASES have already been made to responsible parties, among whom will be found the names of some of the oldest and most successful operators on the Creek.

The entire tract will accommodate from 125 to 160 Wells.

The farm is surrounded by four of the most celebrated oil producing farms on Oil Creek and Cherry Run and is in close proximity to the "Reed" and "Mountain" Wells, and about one mile from the "Walnut Bend" Well. The company offer a limited number of shares at the Subscription Price—

SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS PER SHARE.

Maps of the property, together with all information regarding the property, and organization of the Company can be obtained at the office of

STEEL & BAILEY, Agents,
Wilkins Hall.
my26-tf

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SPENCER.......JAS. M'KAY.

SPENCER & McKAY,
Malsters & Brewers
OF
ALE, PORTER, AND BROWN STOUT,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au31-1y

COMMERCIAL OIL WORKS.

Pure White Burning Oil,

Constantly on hand, and for sale at the

LOWEST MARKET RATES,
BY
B. C. & J. H. SAWYER,
au3 47 WOOD STREET.

N. HOLMES & SONS,
BANKERS,
No. 57 Market Street, Pittsburgh,

Buy and sell at market rates—
U. S. 6 per cent. 5-20 Bonds.
U. S. do. 1881 Bonds.
U. S. 5 per cent. 10-40 Bonds.
U. S. 6 per cent. one year certificates.
And all other U. S. Securities, Bank Notes and Coin.

Stocks and Bonds of Every description
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
se10

FINANCE AND TRADE.

BANKERS' AND BROKERS' BOARD.

J. M. TIERNAN, Pres't. | SAM. R. McCLEAN, V. P.
S. S. BRYAN, SECRETARY.

Meets Daily at 10½ O'Clock, A. M.

TRANSACTIONS SEPT. 5, 1865, AT THE BOARD.

	Bid.	Asked.
United States 5-20's, old	......	107 50
United States 7-30's 1st series	99 25	99 50
United States 10-40's, coupons	93 50	......
United States Certificates	97 50	......
Gold	1 41	......
Pittsburgh 5's	69 50	......
Allegheny City 6s	97 25	......
Connellsville 6's	80 00	......
Steubenville Scrip, contractors	......	50
Lawrence County 6's	40 00	......
Butler County 6's	......	86 00
Allegheny Insurance	25 00	......
Boatmen's Insurance Co	......	30 00
Cash Insurance	......	60 00
Eureka	......	55 00
Connellsville R. R. interest	11 00	15 50
Allegheny National Bank	......	61 00
Fourth National	......	130 00
Iron City National Bank	80 00	......
Merchants' and Manufacs' National	55 00	......
People's National Bank	104 00	......
Third National	125 00	......
Columbia	24 50	......
Cherry Run and Pithole	......	60
Cherry Run and Pittsburgh	......	85
Central Basin	......	90
Federal	......	85
Merchants'	......	40
McAboy	......	45
Murray	......	75
Ohio Valley	......	80
Pittsburgh and Philadelphia	......	1 10
Ritchie	......	85
Germania of Pittsburgh	......	4 00
Phoenix	......	1 10
Phillips	......	5 00
Monongahela Pioneer	......	40
Whitely Creek	......	2 00

REPORT OF SALES.

$2 0 0 7-30's, 1st series............$99 50

TUESDAY, September 5, P. M.

The market for Government securities has stiffened since the publication of the monthly statement of the national debt, and gold is a shade lower. The expectation now is that five-twenties can be sent to Europe instead of gold. We are feeling more and more every day the influence of the London money market, and the price is a good deal dependent upon the European feeling in our securities.

—The New York Petroleum stock market was not so lively to-day. The extreme heat is reported so intense as to render the attendance at the Board very unattractive, and very few members, except those with positive orders, were present. Prices of stocks in which our people are interested, were about the same as on Monday. United States, 28; Webster 1 85@1 90; Pithole Creek, $ 80—the latter slightly on the decline.

It is considered as rather extraordinary that the large well recently struck has not had more effect on the stock of the United States Co. But, under existing circumstances, it is chiefly the National Treasury that receives the benefit, as the tax is uniform and rigid—one dollar for every barrel, whilst the Company itself is realizing but little over that sum, suffers in the depreciation of the heavy stocks on hand in consequence of the constantly accumulating supply being thrown on the market. A heavy strike occurring upon the property of a low-priced company would effect the value of the stock considerably, but the United States, already so much above par, is not easily further effected.

—In Philadelphia to-day the only noticeable change is the advance in Sugar Creek. It rose a half a dollar a share. The Company have made a heavy sale of oil at their wells, and the yield of the new well is said to be equal to the old one. The oil is of a heavy grade and sells for $24 at the wells.

SALE OF STOCKS, Tuesday evening, September 5th, at Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 106, Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, auctioneer.

Fourth National Bank	$112 00
Citizen's "	81 50
M. & M. "	55 75
Birmingham Gas Co.	29 20

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
WEDNESDAY, September 6, 1865.

Business presented no feature yesterday worthy of particular attention. The demand was principally confined to limited sales to meet the wants of the home market. The receipts of produce have fallen off, hence we have no large sales to record. Prices that were current some days since would answer on the present occasion. Our rivers are again falling: the present rise will soon be among the records of the past. On the Monongahela landing we notice a fair amount of shipments to the various ports. The Forest City came in from Parkersburg, with a good trip of freight and a number of passengers. The Yorktown was making ready to leave for St. Louis. She has all the freight she can manage. The Delaware and Minerva leave to-day for Cincinnati and Louisville. What we have enumerated will probably complete the list that will depart on this rise. The Allegheny river is again rising slowly, with five feet ten inches by the marks. Flour—The market was steady, with a fair demand for most descriptions for home purposes. The receipts were moderate, but sufficient for all purposes, as buyers took hold very sparingly. The principal operations were in the better grades. Grain—The market was unsettled with a disposition to hold off for lower prices. We learn privately that Madison millers were purchasing wheat freely at Chicago. In our market prices were irregular, with but few transactions to record. Wheat seemed to be drooping, notwithstanding light offerings. Oats dull at low prices. Rye nominal. Corn was neglected. Barley selling at one dollar. Bacon—The stock on hand is pretty well exhausted; holders can obtain pretty much any figures they choose to demand. Groceries were firm. Sugars have advanced in the East half a cent ꝑ lb. Syrups were also looking up. Coffee was stationary. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice:

FLOUR—We continue to notice a firm market with a fair demand, particularly for the better qualities. The rates were as follows: Allegheny Pearl Mill spring wheat at $8 75@9, winter do $9 75@10, Madison City Mills was held at $11; this brand stands high in this market. The sales were: Extra Family winter wheat at $10 25, 50 bbls do at $10, 66 do at $10@10 25. Spring wheat flour ranged one dollar below these quotations.

HAY—The receipts have increased. Sales 18 loads at the scales at $16@22 ꝑ ton.

STRAW—Small sales were made at $12 ꝑ ton.

EGGS—Were scarce, the demand being in advance of the supply. Sales of 6 bbls at 21@22c.

BUTTER—The market was very firm owing to light supplies. We note sales 10 packages fresh roll at 30c. Stocks very light.

SALT—Was in fair demand. We note sales 100 bbls at depot at $2 50 ꝑ bbl. The supply on the market is not large.

GRAIN—The market was unsettled, and buyers were inclined to hold off. The prices for most descriptions were nominal. Wheat, from first hands, was held at $1 80@1 85 for red; white, $1 90@2 00. Small sales of red were made from wagon at $1 85@1 90. Oats were dull, and large parcels would not command over 40c. Small sales sold higher, viz: 2 car loads, 43@44c; 400 bushels from store, in lots, at 45@46c. Rye dull, and would not bring over 75c. Corn nominal at 75@80c, for shelled and ear. Barley—receipts were light. Prime qualities sell readily from wagon at $1 ꝑ bushel.

APPLES—The market was inactive; the supply exceeds the demand: sales of 80 bbls, in lots, at a variety of prices ranging from $2@4, according to quality.

BACON—The supply in the market being very light, holders were firm in their views of sugar cured and plain hams; the market is bare, prices nominal: the sales were: Shoulders, 5,000 lbs, at 18c; sides 6,000 lbs, at 19c; plain hams, the last sale reported was at 27c; sugar cured, canvassed, do, 33c.

LARD—The market was not very active; among the sales were 15 bbls city leaf, at 24½c; country lots sold at lower prices.

LARD OILS—The demand is improving; we note sales of 75 bbls No. 1, at $2 05@2 10 ꝑ gallon; sales of 45 bbls No. 2, at $1 75.

FLAX SEED—The market was firm, holders are asking a further advance; heavy parcels could be disposed of at good prices.

LEAD—The market was firm at a further advance, with sales of 200 pigs Galena, at 10¾c.

ASHES—The market was steady, but not very active; sales of 3 tons pearls, from store, at 8½c.

FEED—Market steady, but not active. The rates were: Middlings, $1 40@1 45 ꝑ cwt. Bran, 75@80c. Seconds, $1 20.

CHEESE—Scarce, with plenty of purchasers; sales 50 bxs Goshen, 20c; 25 bxs W. R. at 18c.

SORGHUM—We note sales of 6 bbls at 69c ꝑ gallon.

HIGHWINES—The advance in the West has caused a similar movement among our dealers; sales of 60 bbls at $2 30 ꝑ gallon.

WHISKY—Prices inclined to advance; sales of City Rectified at $2 25@2 26.

GROCERIES—Holders were firm, with an improving demand. Sugars have advanced ½@¾c in the East; some dealers are inclined to hold off. Coffee firm, but prices have undergone no change. Syrups and Molasses were held at higher figures.

JERSEY SWEETS—The market was steady, with a fair supply with sales at $1 00@4 50 ꝑ bbl.

New York Metal Market.

September 4.—Metals—An improved demand prevails for all the principal kinds of Iron, especially for Scotch Pig, at $43@48, and No. 1 American Pig, for immediate and forward delivery, at $42@43 50 ꝑ ton—the market closing buoyantly on a greatly reduced supply. No. 2 American Pig Iron is in less request, at $38 50@40 ꝑ ton. Refined English Bar Iron has been sought after at $67@67 50, in gold, ꝑ ton. The movements in other kinds of Metals, recently, Messrs. Winterhoff & Co. notice thus: "The importations of Metals are limited: of other foreign goods they are heavy, but they come on a completely bare market. Stocks of all kinds of merchandise are smaller than for years past, and there can be no large operations on speculation. Gold has fluctuated between 140½@146 ꝑ cent.; for the last two weeks, however, it has been steady between 143@144 ꝑ cent.; yesterday it was quoted 144½ per cent. Exchange on London, 109½ per cent. Tin—Remained quiet, with a better inquiry toward the end of the month; 60 tons English were sold at 24@24½c; and 1,200 slabs Straits, to arrive from Europe, at 27@27½c. Banca, 28½c. The quotations are all good. The importations for the month amount to 960 slabs Straits from England, 660 slabs Banca, and 80 tons English. We estimate the stocks at 2,500 slabs Straits, 700 do Banca, and 20 tons English, equal to 600 slabs—total in Boston and New York, 3,800 slabs, against 13,900 do, on the 31st of August, 1864, and 21,000 do, same time, 1863. Spelter—In the absence of the usual stock of both Foreign and domestic, the business has been of a retail character; the price, however, has advanced to 11c for Silician; and Lehigh is held at 11½c: 100 tons Silician, to arrive in September, have been sold at 7c, gold. The production of Domestic is very small. Copper—Has been steady at 30½@31½c for Portage Lake; 31½@32c for Detroit, and 30½@30¾c for Baltimore. Of the latter, sales of 700,000@800,000 lbs. were made a few days ago at 30½c for September and October delivery. In Lake, the business done has been unimportant, because the stock is small, and the companies are not disposed to offer the little they have still to expect during the autumn. The product of Lake Superior during the first six months of this year has been much less than in 1863-4, but since a short time it has been again increased. We have no stock of foreign. Copper closes firmer; sale of 250,000 lbs Portage Lake at 30½@31c. Lead is quoted higher in currency, 9½@9¾c for foreign, and 6½@6¾c in gold. Manufacturers have bought freely, both on the spot and to arrive, the sales for the last ten days amounting to 1,000 tons. The market is bare of Galena, which is nominally quoted at 10c. The importations for the month are 750 tons foreign, and about 200 tons Galena. The deliveries of foreign for consumption are estimated at 1,800 tons, and the stock at 3,100, against 4,300 on the 31st of August, 1864, and 7,150 on the same date in 1863.

Nails have been in more demand, and are firmer, including cut at 6@6½, and clinch at 7@8c per lb.

New York Cotton Market.

Sept. 4.—Cotton has been in less demand, at former rates; middlings close at 43@44c, chiefly at 43c ꝑ lb. Sales since our last, 2,100 bales. The week's receipts have been 23,348 bales. A bale of new middling fair cotton, received by express from Memphis, Tenn. was sold by Messrs. Munn & Son, on Friday, at 60c. ꝑ lb for export to Havre. The total receipts of cotton at this port in August were, 82,207 bales, or an average of 2,652 bales a day. The exports hence in August reached 21,667 bales. The Edinburgh, on Wednesday, took out 426 bales for Liverpool.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
Wednesday, September 6, 1865.

The demand for oils continues active; buyer for bonded refined and crude oils were plenty for present and future delivery. The stock of oil on hand is very light, hence most of the operations were for future delivery. The Allegheny river is again rising, with five feet ten inches by the pier marks. The present rise is supposed to be from the lower streams that empty in the river below Oil City. Whilst it will benefit boats that are on the way down, its influence will not extend as far up as we would like. The crude receipts since our last reach 1,998 bbls; the number of sales fall below these figures. The market for crude was firm, with the advantage on the side of sellers, who are disposed to make the most of the same, whilst buyers are disposed to make contracts for October and November. Sellers are not disposed to risk the chances of low water; many are disposed to sell, deliverable the first rise in the streams, should any take place. The rates were 20@20½@21c without packages, 25@26c packages included. Refined oils were ready sale on the spot; October, November, or even December delivery at a slight advance on bonded. Free oils were dull, nothing of notice doing. Crude—The market was but poorly supplied, which made a firm market; among the sales were 200 bbls at 41, gravity, 25½c, packages included; 150 bbls at 40@47, gravity, 20c, without packages; 200 do, at 20½c; 275 bbls at 21c, bbls returned. Sales of 1,000 bbls in bulk at 21c; 700 at same figures.

LUBRICATING OIL.—Sales 12 bbls Orient No. B at 70c per gallon.

REFINED OIL.—We have a fine market, buyers being anxious to operate. Among the sales we note the following: Fifty-four cents was offered for heavy amounts of bonded, delivered in Philadelphia either the present or next month. Sales 500 bbls bonded, October delivery, on the spot, 46c; 1,500 bbls do, same conditions, November, 46c on spot. Sales 1,500 bbls do, November, Philadelphia, 53½c; 400 bbls Light Straw, immediate delivery, 45c; 2,100 bbls December, Philadelphia, 54c.

FREE OIL.—small sales for home purposes at 65c.

Oil Receipts per Allegheny Valley R. R.

GOING EAST.

J. Myers & Co., 58 bbls refined oil for Point Breeze.
S. Weisenberger, 125 bbls of tar for Philadelphia.
Sellers & Canfield, 116 bbls refined oil for Point Breeze.
Wormser, Myers & Co., 168 bbls refined oil for Philadelphia.
Globe Oil Co., 112 bbls refined oil for Philadelphia.
Aladdin Oil Co., 336 bbls refined oil for Philadelphia.
North American Oil Co., 168 bbls refined oil for Philadelphia.
Lucesco Oil Co., 112 bbls refined oil for Philadelphia.
Lucesco Oil Co., 57 bbls refined oil for Point Breeze.
Total, 1,192.

Oil Receipts per Allegheny River.

	Barrels.		Barrels.
Fisher Bros	1,072	J. Gallagher	600
W. P. Logan	115	L. Wade	53
N. O'Neal	158		
Total			1,998

New York Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, September 5.—Petroleum is in more demand, at 32½@33c for crude, and 56@57c for refined in bond.

Titusville Oil Market.

September 4th.—Business has not undergone any marked change. Prices retain their firmness with a tendency to advance. Crude at wells is still held at $3, with a few instances of $3 50 being asked. New York market is more active and a shade lower, except in petroleum stocks. United States and Tack inclined to an advance; the former selling at $27 50 in the afternoon and closing very firm. Pithole was steady at $9 15 at both boards, with considerable sales and an advancing tendency. Buchanan sold at 85c in the morning but receded to 80c in the afternoon.

The recent heavy orders received from abroad for refined will tend to stimulate the prices in the crude oil market. One order it is said embraced 100,000 bbls. This, if true, will be the opening of a heavy foreign demand and will revive every interest connected with petroleum.

A special dispatch from Pithole notes the sale of 3,000 barrels to-day at the Twin wells and the shipment of 1,000 from the Grant well.

The receipts and shipments for the week, from Monday up to this evening, inclusive, stand as follows:

	Imports	Exports.
Crude	7,445	4,857
To-day's	1,102	467

Below are the ruling prices in this market:

Crude at well, on creek	$5 00@5 25
Crude at Pithole	2 75@3 00
Crude at Titusville	6 50@6 75
Crude at Titusville, (bbls. included)	10 00@10 50
Refined Free, " "	60@62c
Refined in Bond " "	40@46c
Naptha	None offered
Refined Oil barrels	3 10@3 25
Crude Oil barrels	2 75@3 00
Hauling to this point from creek	1 50
" " Pithole	2 50

COAL.

Coal, Anthracite	14 00
Coal, Bituminous	12 00
Coal, Blacksmith's	14 00@16 00
Lime	2 25
Water	3 25
Calcined Plaster	5 00
Brick	12 00@15 00

September 2.—Funkville: Sales at $5 00.

September 1—Pithole: Crude oil stiff at $3 00. Sales of 1,000 bbls at Grant Well to-day, and 3,000 bbls at Twin Well.

September 2—Shaffer Farm: Crude on platform, $8. Crude at wells, $5 00@5 25, according to locality.

September 2—Petroleum Center: Crude oil firm at $4 75@5 00.

September 2—Tarr Farm: Crude oil $4 50.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

The Cattle Market, as we have noticed for several weeks past, continues dull and prices remain about the same as last quoted. 2,500 head arrived, and sold at from 15½@16½ cents for extra Pennsylvania and Western; 13@15 cents for fair to good, and 10@12 cents ꝑ lb for common, as to quality.

The following are the particulars of the sales:

Head.	Name.	Amount.
72	Martin Fuller & Co, Western	13 @16½
120	J. S. Kirk, Chester county and Western	13½@16
60	J. Chain & Bro., Pennsylvania	12 @15
40	H. Chain, Pennsylvania	14 @15
100	Hope & Blum, Chester and Western	13 @16
100	Dryfoos & Dryfoos, Western	13 @15¾
25	P. Hathoway, Pennsylvania	14 @15¾
130	P. McFillen, Pennsylvania and Western	15 @16
164	Chandler & Co., Chester	14 @16
81	Kennedy & McClese, Chester	13 @15
100	Jos. McFillen, Pennsylvania	15 @16
51	E. S. McFillen, Western	15 @16
242	Ullman & Bochman, Western and Chester	15 @16
180	Mooney & Smith, Ohio and Penna	15 @16½
178	Moonie & Bro., Penna. and Western, gross	6 @ 8¼
166	L. Frank, Ohio	11 @15
200	S. Ramberg & Co., Western	12 @15
87	Sturm & Co. Illinois	14 @16
44	Kimble & Co., Pennsylvania	13 @16
130	Owen Smith, Penna. and Western	10 @14½

Sheep—Are rather dull, but prices are without change; 8,000 head arrived and sold at 6¾ to 7¾ cents ꝑ lb gross for fat sheep, $4 50@5 for stock sheep, and $4 to $6 ꝑ head for lambs.

Cows—Are in fair demand; 145 head sold at from $30@70 for springers, and $40 up to $80 ꝑ head for cow and calf.

Hogs—Prices are rather better; 2,330 head sold at the different Yards at from $16@17 50 the 100 lbs, as to quality.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Imports per Cleveland & Pitts R. R.—R T Kennedy & Bro 350 bush wheat; B L Fahnestock & Co, 15 bxs starch; Graham & Thomas, 35 bxs starch, 30 do indigo blue; Hahn & Biddle, 20 bxs starch; Edward Hazleton, 100 do; Little, Baird & Patton, 40 do starch; McDonald & Arbuckle, 25 do starch; J A Renshaw, 10 bxs do; S Baisley, 25 bbls apples, 7 bxs cheese; Weldon & Kelly, 6 water drawers, 1 tube chain; Forsyth, Taylor & Co, 1 bx scales, 1 copy press 1 scale chamber; Nimick & Co, 20 tons pig metal; J S Liggett & Co, 674 bush wheat; Jas Murphy, 5 bxs tobacco; J Knox, 60 ladders; Culp & Shepard, 100 bbls flour; Jas Gardiner, 180 do; McElroy & Co, 38 bdls broom corn; F Sellers & Co, 100 bbls flour; J B Floyd & Co, 221 sks of oats; Day & Chaffin, 34 sacks of wool; Stein Bros, 5 sks mdse; R Andrews, 203 sks oats; T C Jenkins, 78 bxs cheese, 6 bbls apples; R Robinson, 20 doz brooms; Baker & Smith, 1 drum tobacco; Wm Barker, Jr & Co, 9 sks wool; M J Tidball, 4 bbls ale, 4 hf do; N Cheedman, 2 bbls do; L H Voigt, 3 bbls apples; J B Mattern, 26 rolls leather; Inverson & Anderson, 26 sks wool; J T Sawyer, 220 sks malt; J K Weldon, 20 bdls paper; Ed Hamilton, 161 sks flaxseed; W B Langdon, 150 do; J Baum 6 bbls tallow, 23 hides, 13 sheep skins, 3 calf do; J Ogden & Co, 19 sks wool; Fahnestock, Albree & Co, 24 bbls fire clay; T Coffin, 21 do.

Imports per P. F. W. & C. Railroad—A Hubles, 13 sacks tanners scraps, 1 sk wool, A Hoevler, 4 casks bowles; H Riddle, 28 kegs butter, 1 barrel eggs; Mair & Davidson, 10 bundles fellows, 10 do spades; Hall & Speer, 7 pieces plow castings; Kirkpatrick & Herron, 10 sacks flaxseed, 3 bbls cheese, 200 bbls flour; M'Kee & Bro, 22 casks pearl ash; J Balsley, 1 bbl apples; J Frazier, 4 caddies tobacco; J J Houston, 1 box glassware, 1 sack corn; McCullough, Smith & Co, 28 sacks rags; H Rea, jr, 100 bbls flour, 1 car oats; J S Liggett & Co, 1 car wheat; A Gordon, 25 cases sheet lead; E Hazelton, 100 barrels flour; H S Evert 20 barrels whisky; R E Sellers, 4 barrels cement; J Porterfield & Co, 50 boxes soap and 25 do candles; B A Fahnestock, Son & Co, 5 barrels lard oil; Hitchcock, McCreary & Co, 1 car oats; Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company, 62 e carboys; Potter, Aiken & Co, 86 barrels apples; D Wallace, 100 barrels flour; J Maloney, car scrap iron; J Boyd, 25 bbls highwines.

Imports per Pitts & Connellsville R.R.—Markle & Co, 42 bdls paper; Park, McCurdy & Co, 3 bxs tin; Atwell, Lee & Co, 1 bbl beans; Gay, Burke & Co, 100 oil bbls; Allen M'Cormick, 1 stove; L H Voigt & Co, 1 bx eggs; J A Mazurie, 1 bbl cut and dry, 1 box tobacco; Little, Baird & Patton, 1 bx candles; C Walt, 44 bbls, 2 casks rags, 3 cask and 24 boxes; Hays & Stewart, 49 hides; G McGrew, 6 sks rags; Marshall, Fulton & Bollman, 13 coils rope, 30 bales oakum.

Imports Coal per Pitts & Connelsville RR—J Rutherford, 2 0 bush coal; C H Armstrong, 3650 do; Moorhead & Co, 2625 do; Laughlin & Co, 1125 do, 1 car coke; Lloyd & Black, 2375 bush coal; Moore & Co, 2200 do; Mellon & Bros, 875 do; Graff, Bennett & Co, 1500 do coke.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Monongahela Slackwater Navigation Co.—Jos McDonald, 100 bdls boards, 4 bxs fruit; W Vankirk, 8 sks wheat; C B Leech, 38 sks corn; Sheriff & Loughrey, 2 pcs tubing; W C Dodd, 2 bxs butter 1 bbl eggs; E Hazelton, 83 bdls baskets; J C Gabler, 218 boxes window glass; John Flack, 48 do; L H Voigt & Co, 2 bxs cheese; J J Hoffer, 72 bbls flour.

Parkersburgh per Forest City.—Dorington & Co., 35 sacks oats; Allegheny Arsenal, 218 boxes stores; Baker, Smith & Co., 1 box tobacco, 1 box books; J. Herbert, 2 bbls, 1 box pears, 2 bbls flax seed; A. J. Hagan, 55 bales hay; Shriver & Lazear, 41 boxes logwood; Clark & Sawyer, 205 empty oil bbls; Clark & Co., 2 hhds tobacco; J. R. Pontall, 4 bbls wheat; J. Painter & Son, 4 bbls scrap iron; Weldon & Kelly, 13 boxes glassware; Martin, Oliver & Brickell, 20 bars iron; R. R. Bulger, 16 packages furniture.

Imports per Allegheny Valley R. R.—E D Dubbridge, 1 car potter's clay; Stewart & Bros, 44 sks oats; M Gary, 31 do; W Stewart, 17 sks wheat; Jno Eddinger, 28 sks oats; Graham & Thomas, 95 hides and skins; Star Fire Brick Co, 1 car fire clay; McClintock, Rogers & Co, 1 car iron; M Graw, 4 cars stone; James Law, 100 bushels oats.

Highwines at Chicago.

September 4.—Highwines were firmer in view of the reduction in stocks, and we note an advance of 1c per gallon, with sales of 180 bbls at $1 22@1 23. The stock yesterday was 8,335 bbls, against 12,152 bbls on the 11th of August—a decrease of 3,817 bbls.

Stock July 5............20,314
Stock May 18............28,182

COCHRAN & RUSSELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
and dealers in
Crude and Petroleum Oils and Naval Stores.

Liberal advances made on consignments.
se29 22 North Front street, Philadelphia.

DRIVING PIPE FOR OIL WELLS.

The undersigned have purchased the exclusive right for Allegheny county to manufacture BOLLE'S PATENT WROUGHT IRON BANDS for CAST IRON DRIVING PIPE for Oil Wells.

Parties can be furnished with any size DRIVING PIPE at short notice, at a fair price, and avoid all litigation with reference to patent, as the patent fee is included in our price per foot.

Founders and others now manufacturing this Pipe will please take notice.

Ordinary Cast Iron Bowl and Flange Pipe, as well as Castings generally, furnished promptly on receipt of order.

PENNOCK & TOTTEN,
Successors to Joseph Pennock,
FULTON FOUNDRY,
mh28-6m Office and Warehouse, No. 141 Wood st.

HOLDEN'S, ARNOLD'S, LAUGHLIN & BUSHFIELD'S WRITING FLUID,
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
se31 Corner Wood and Third streets.

New York Finance and Trade.

NEW YORK, September 5.

STOCKS.

The increased activity in stocks continues, but with slight irregularities of prices. In the Railroad List, Erie absorbs the chief interest. The report of Mr. Drew having bought 28,000 shares held by him as security on his loan to the company, is generally credited, the purchase price being stated to be 96. A good many sellers options are put out, in anticipation of a decline in the price after the election of the officers of the company. Hudson River was more active and closed at an advance. Ohio and Mississippi Certificates were dull. Governments continue active and firm. Orders from abroad for 5-20's are not large, but owing to a scarcity of the supply, have produced a further advance. New issue are firm. It is thought the foreign demand will early turn up on the new issue, owing to a scarcity of the old issue, and a difference of about two per cent in the price. There is very little activity in miscellaneous stocks.

GOLD

Is steady with a good demand for Customs and little for speculation. Money active with abundant supply. The statement of the affairs of Charles Graham & Co., has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas. The liabilities of the firm are $1,600,000, and the assets are $1,000,000. Included in the assets are one million due by Edward B. Ketchum, which of course is worthless, and a check for $250,000 of Ketchum, Son & Co., which is in dispute. The balance of the assets are sworn to be really worth $750,000, which is about what the creditors will realize.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Steady, with sales at the following rates: Cherry Run, 32; Excelsior, 1 25; Manhattan, 23; Webster, 1 90; Pithole Creek, 8 75; Buchanan Farm, 70; U. States, 28 00; Inexhaustible, 35; Watson, 85; Highgate, 45; Oil Creek, 3 50.

PETROLEUM

Is in more demand at 32½@33c for crude, and 56@57c for refined in bond.

Philadelphia Stock Market.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

[From Work, McCouch & Co., Stock and Exchange Brokers.]

PHILADELPHIA, September 4.—St. Nicholas, 1 31; Maple Shade, 6⅞; Curtin, 3; Dalzell, 3¼; Caldwell, 2; McClintock, 1 81; Excelsior, 44; Oil Creek and Cherry Run, 1; Cornplanter, 1½; Sugar Creek, 6½; Eldorado, ½; Mingo, 2¼; Junction, 2.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Gold Market.

NEW YORK, September 5.—Gold is steady at 144@144¼. The demand continues active. The prospect of our exports setting off our imports checks the upward tendency arising from a rapid drain on the supply for the payment of duties.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, September 5.—Cotton less active, and with large receipts; prices scarcely so firm, at 43@44c for middling. Flour 5@10c better, with more doing at $8 75@9 00 for common to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; market closing firm, with no sellers at the quotation. Rye flour dull. Corn meal quiet. Whisky heavy. Wheat 2@3c better on spring, and 1@2c on Chicago spring and Milwaukee club. Barley in moderate request. Barley malt dull dull. Corn in fair request, and without any decided change in prices at 80@95c. Coffee dull. Sugar dull. Molasses dull. Petroleum dull, and prices nominally the same. Pork active, excited and heavier at $30 50@31 87½ for new mess, closing at $31 75.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, September 5.—Flour active; sales of 1,000 bbls at $8 25 for No. 1 spring; $9 00 for red win er, $10 75@11 for white, $10 75@11 for double extra. Wheat scarce and dull; sales 1 200 bush Milwaukee club per sample, $1 42@1 45. Corn scarce and quiet, and quoted nominally at 80c for No. 1 Illinois. Oats scarce; No. 1 Ohio held at 53 with 50c bid. Barley dull and quoted $1 25; sales 8,000 bush. Rye scarce. Peas scarce and nominal.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, September 5.—Cotton 39@40c; receipts, 850 bales. Hemp $1 60@1 75 for undressed. Tobacco unchanged. Flour $8 50@10 25 for double extra; $10 50@11 50 for choice do. Wheat unchanged. Corn declined 1@2, at 76@78c. Whisky $2 27.

RAILROADS.

1865 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1865

Pennsylvania Central R. R.

ELEVEN TRAINS DAILY.

On and after Monday, May 29th, 1865, trains will leave the depot, corner of Liberty and Grant streets as follows:

DAY EXPRESS daily, except Sunday, at 2:50 a. m. stopping only at principal stations, and making direct connections at Harrisburg for New York, Baltimore and Washington, and at Philadelphia for New York, Boston, and intermediate points.

MAIL ACCOMMODATION, daily, except Sunday at 5:50 a. m., stopping at all regular stations between Pittsburgh and Harrisburg, and making close connection with trains on Indiana Branch, West Pennsylvania R. R., Ebensburg and Cresson R. R. and Hollidaysburg Branch.

PITTSBURGH AND ERIE MAIL, daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 p. m., stopping at nearly all the stations between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, and making connections with trains on the Ebensburg and Cresson R. R., Hollidaysburg Branch, R. R. Tyrone and Clearfield and Bald Eagle Valley Branches.

JOHNSTOWN ACCOMMODATION, daily, except Sunday, at 3:00 p. m., stopping at regular stations between Pittsburgh and Johnstown, and connecting at Blairsville Intersection with trains on the Indiana Branch and West Pennsylvania R. R.

PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Daily at 4:25 p. m., stopping only at Latrobe, Conemaugh, Gallitzin, Altoona, Huntington, Lewistown, Mifflin, Newport, Marysville, Harrisburg, Middletown, Elizabethtown, Mt. Joy, Landisville, Lancaster and Downingtown. At Harrisburg connections are made for New York, Baltimore and Washington. At Philadelphia for New York, Boston and intermediate points. Sleeping cars run through on this train from Pittsburgh to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by the Allentown route.

FAST LINE, daily, except Sunday, at 9:30 p. m., stopping only at Conemaugh, Gallitzin, Altoona, Huntingdon, Lewistown, Mifflin, Newport, Marysville, Harrisburg, Middletown, Elizabethtown, Mt. Joy, Landisville, Lancaster and Downingtown. At Harrisburg connections are made for New York, Baltimore, and Washington. At Philadelphia for New York, Boston and intermediate points.

FIRST ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for Wall's Station, daily, except Sunday, at 6:30 a. m.

SECOND ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for Wall's Station, daily, except Sunday, at 11:40 a. m.

THIRD ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for Wall's Station, daily, except Sunday, at 4:35 p. m.

FOURTH ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for Wall's Station daily, except Sunday, at 6:05 p. m.

ACCOMMODATION for Penn Station, leaves a 10:30 p. m.

The CHURCH TRAIN leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:00 p. m.

Returning Trains Arrive in Pittsburgh as Follows:

Mail............1:20 a. m.
Fast Line............2:00 a. m.
First Wall Station Accommodation............6:25 a. m.
Penn Accommodation............7:30 a. m.
Second Wall's Station Accommodation............8:50 a. m.
Johnstown Accommodation............10:05 a. m.
Pittsburgh and Erie Mail............12:50 p. m.
Baltimore Express............1:30 p. m.
Third Wall's Station Accommodation............2:05 p. m.
Philadelphia Express............2:30 p. m.
Fourth Wall's Station Accommodation............6:50 p. m.
Emigrant Train............10:50 p. m.

An agent of the Excelsior Omnibus Company will pass through each train before reaching the Depot take up checks and deliver baggage to any part of the city. Office: No. 410 Penn street. Open day and night, where all orders for the movement of passengers and baggage will receive prompt attention.

Baltimore Express will arrive with Philadelphia Express at 2:30 p. m. on Mondays.

NOTICE—In case of loss the Company will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding 100 dollars.

W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

At the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Passenger Station on Liberty and Grant streets. my19

1865 THE PITTSBURGH, 1865.
Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. W.,
AND
CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after May 18th, 1865, trains run as follows, viz:—

Leave Pitts.	For Chicago.	For Clev'd.	For Wheel'g.
Express	2:10 a. m.	2:10 a. m.	2:10 a. m.
Express	2:00 p. m.	2:45 p. m.	2:45 p. m.
Express	3:00 p. m.		
Mail	7:00 a. m.		6:10 a. m.
For New Castle and Erie			6:40 a. m.

Returning, Arrive in Pittsburgh:
P. F. W. & C. R. W., 2:20 a. m. 3:30 p. m. 6:00 p. m. 7:50 p. m. 8:30 p. m. C. & P. R. R. 2:10 a. m. 3:45 p. m. and 9:00 p. m.

Accommodation Trains Leave Allegheny
N. B. Roch'r. N. C. Economy. Steubenville
9:00 a. m. 2:15 p. m. 3:50 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 3:50 p. m.
11:50 a. m.
4:45 p. m.
6:00 p. m.

Returning, Arrive in Allegheny.
P. F. W. & C. R. W. 7:15 a. m. 8:15 a. m. 10:25 a. m. 2:35 p. m. 2:50 p. m. 12:20 a. m.
C. & P. R. R. 9:10 a. m.

GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent,
Union Passenger Depot, Pittsburgh.
A. Q. CASSELBERRY,
Allegheny City,
my15 F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, NOV. 14, 1864, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water streets, as follows:

	Leaves Pittsburgh.	Arrives at Pittsburgh.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:55 a. m.	6:00 p. m.
Express	3:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
First McKeesport Accommo'n	11:00 a. m.	6:50 a. m.
Second "	6:15 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
First Braddock's "	7:00 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
Second "	4:15 p. m.	5:40 p. m.
Sunday Church Train to and from McKeesport	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.

For tickets, apply to
A. J. SHANK, Agent.
ap39 W. B. STOUT, Superintendent.

THE ARDESCO OIL COMPANY
manufacture and have for sale a
Superior Quality of Refined Ardesco Oil (Non-explosive).
Also, PURE BENZOLE.
Warehouse, 27 Irwin street, Pittsburgh, Pa. se7

PURE MECCA OIL.
15 BBLS. LUBRICATING MECCA OIL.
Received and for sale by
GEO. B. JONES & CO.,
au2 141 Water street.

H. P. ADAMS & SON,
OIL BARREL COOPERS,
And Contractors in Staves, Lumber
And Heavy Timber,
je28-3m SALEM, OHIO.

BAMBOO FISHING POLES—
Just received and for sale by
JAMES BOWN,
1y8 136 Wood street.

PRODUCE.—
50 bbls. Green Apples;
3 " Flaxseed;
2 " Eggs;
2,000 lbs. Buckwheat Flour. In store and for sale by
J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
ja25 Nos. 190 and 192 Second street.

BOWERY SALOON, NO. 48 FIFTH STREET, next door to Theatre, Pittsburgh Pa.
J. S. WILLIAMS,
sep7-1y Proprietor.

EGGS.—7 BBLS. FRESH EGGS,
for sale by
GEORGE B. JONES & CO.,
my23 141 Water street.

☞ JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT, Dealer in STEAM, TOW AND COAL BOAT SUPPLIES, No. 25 Smithfield street, corner of Second street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders from Boat and Coal Men will receive prompt attention. jy28-1y

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED.

Arrived.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Bougher	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
Forest City	Gordon	Parkersburg.

Departed.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Bougher	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.

THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight, the river was rising slowly. The Allegheny pier marks indicated five feet ten inches; the rise being from that stream. The Monongahela pier marks were: old marks five feet, new marks four feet.

THE steamer James Rees, the Elizabeth packet, is laid up for the present, undergoing repairs.

THE new passenger steamer Forest City, Capt. John Gordon, leaves to-day at 11 A. M. for Parkersburg and intermediate ports. Mr. Bunting will furnish you with a stateroom, if you call early.

THE fine steamer Delaware, Capt. Horton, leaves this day for Cincinnati and Louisville. This boat has superior accommodations and is in charge of careful and attentive officers. We take pleasure in recommending boat and officers.

THE well-known packet Minerva, Capt. Johnston, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville, this day. To persons going that way, a fine opportunity is offered. Capt. Richardson, who has charge of the office, will see that passengers are well cared for.

THE splendid passenger steamer Yorktown, Capt. G. W. Ebert leaves this day positively for Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis. This boat has fine speed, excellent accommodations and experienced officers. The first clerk is our old friend, Captain S. Peppood. Call early if you wish to secure a stateroom.

THE pier marks in the Monongahela have been repainted and altered one foot. Whether this was done by authority or a mistake we are not informed. The fact requires ventilation, so that steamboat men and others interested should be made acquainted with the alteration. For example: The old marks indicated five feet; the new one shows four.

BY the collision of the steamers Fayette and Gallatin on the Monongahela river, last Saturday evening, the first named vessel was capsized, set on fire and sunk. She was valued at fifty thousand dollars, and was not insured. A Mr. Moore was so severely scalded that his recovery is considered doubtful, and a Mr. McKane was likewise badly scalded.

We find the above in the New York *Tribune*. The Fayette was neither capsized nor set on fire; neither was she destroyed. That she met with a misfortune is beyond dispute; but she is again afloat, and in a few days will be as good as ever, when she will resume her trips between this city and Brownsville.

OUR RIVER CORRESPONDENCE.

EVANSVILLE, September 2.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:—

We arrived here this noon with all the freight we could take on the water, and a full cabin of passengers. The crew is all well and want to go to Savannah, Ga.

Yours, A. J. H., Steamer Hard Times.

Cincinnati.

September 5.—We condense the following from the *Commercial*: The river has receded 2 inches during the past 48 hours, with 5 feet scant hence to Louisville, and 4 feet in the canal. The Tennessee is still falling, by last accounts. Latest advices report 3½ inches on Harpeth Shoals, in the Cumberland, and rising. There are 12 feet in the Mississippi from St. Louis to Cairo.

The Silver Cloud and Columbia dropped down to the levee yesterday, in splendid order, having been repainted and refitted. The former loads for St. Louis, and the latter for Memphis.

Captain Samuel Shuman returned from his flying trip to St. Joseph, Missouri, yesterday. He reports the veteran, Captain George W. Bowman, flourishing finely in that growing city of the West.

Michael Manning, company D, thirty-sixth Illinois Infantry, was scalded and died on the steamer Argosy, and was buried six miles above the head of Flint Island, in the Lower Ohio. Captain Vandergriff left his discharge and a small amount of money, with Cunningham & Bennet, of this city, for his relatives.

BOATS IN PORT.—T. J. Pickett, Prima Donna, Minnesota, Robert Burn, Champion, D. C. Horton, Carrie, J. G. Blackford, Alex Speer, Kate Putnam, Columbia, Silver Cloud, Pine Grove.

Louisville.

September 4.—The *Democrat* says:

Yesterday was Sunday, and the wharf looked like it had been taken in and done for. The river was about on a stand, with about four feet in the canal and no prospects of a rise.

A boat got on the rocks at the wharf yesterday afternoon, but after "wiggling" about for a while she got off.

The Annie Jacobs is to be sold in St. Louis in a few days. Uncle Sam owns her.

Nashville.

The *Gazette*, of Sunday, says:

The river at this point rose about 2½ feet, and was still rising. The General Seigel was in port yesterday, having arrived from Buena Vista Ferry.

St. Louis.

SEPTEMBER 4.—We condense the following from the *Democrat*:

The decline of this river continues unabated, at the rate of about eight inches per day. To Cairo twelve feet is reported, and less expected speedily. There is good water to Keokuk and four feet to St. Paul, and falling.

The Illinois is falling slowly with eight feet in the channel.

The Missouri is low. It is falling from source to mouth, and its channel cutting out. There is about four feet in the channel from the mouth to Leavenworth, and about the same depth of water above St. Joseph.

Business on the wharf continues good. There is plenty of freight for the Missouri river boats.

The weather is the most sultry of the year. There are plenty of clouds, but no rain.

Tonnage was scarce yesterday. Three boats arrived on Saturday from above, and six from below. The departures on Saturday were more numerous—one for New Orleans, one for Mobile, five for Upper Mississippi, six for Missouri river, one for Illinois and one for Cairo.

The Amanda changed owners on Saturday. Louis Henninger and Horace Holton sold her to James Yore, E. F. Dix and Chas. R. Green, for $30,000.

Chas. Huntoon, Captain of the Storm, has bought one-half of the sternwheeler G. A. Thompson, for $12,000, and takes command. He leaves soon with her for Red river.

We learn that Capt. Ed. Montgomery, last Friday, bought here a small sternwheel boat for $7,000.

All the Missouri river boats that left on Saturday, the Yellowstone, Tacony, R. J. Lockwood, War Eagle, Marcella and Glasgow had all the freight they wanted, and had refused as much more.

The Armadillo, eight and a half days out, arrived from Pittsburgh. She leaves for Cincinnati to-morrow.

TO THE RIVER MEN.

EDWARD HEAZELTON, Jr.,
No. 21 Diamond,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,
AND
PRODUCE MERCHANT.
BOAT STORES,
STEAM, TOW AND COAL BOAT SUPPLIES.

P. S.—Being near the market, I can supply you with all the freshest and choicest of GREEN VEGETABLES on short notice. I intend to give particular attention to the RIVER TRADE, delivering everything promptly. au30-6m

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA
Express und Exchange Company,
84 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Freight and small packages received for California and the Pacific Coast.
California Coupons bought or collected.
Collections made and commissions executed in the Pacific States.
Exchange for sale on London, Dublin, Paris and San Francisco.
Letters of Credit on the Union Bank of London issued to travelers, exchangable for Circular Letters payable in all parts of Europe.
Persons going abroad will find this the most convenient as well as *the safest* way of providing themselves with funds.
Also, Letters of Credit on our San Francisco house, for which they will issue Circular Letters payable at any of our offices in California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, and British Columbia.
Telegraphic transfers of money made to San Francisco and all accessible points in the Pacific States.
California and Nevada Mining and other Stocks bought and sold on Commission by telegraph.
je21-6m WELLS, FARGO & CO.

M'CULLOUGH'S LEAD CO.,
No. 64 DUANE STREET,
NEW YORK,

Keep constantly on hand, of their own manufacture, and offer for sale at the following NETT CASH PRICES:

LEAD PIPE, 13 Cents.
SHEET LEAD, 13 Cents.
BAR LEAD, 11 Cents.
DROP SHOT, 13 Cents.
BUCK SHOT, 14 Cents.

Orders for the above articles solicited, and prompt attention paid to shipments.
se1-1m JAMES McCULLOUGH, Pres'dent.

JOS. S. FINCH RYE WHISKY.

JOSEPH S. FINCH
Successor to
THOMAS MOORE,
Manufacturer of
Copper-Distilled
Pure Rye Whisky,
Nos. 189, 191, 193 and 195
FIRST STREET,
PITTSBURGH.
my30-6m

CHARLES MAGARGE & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PAPER, RAGS, &c.,
No. 30, 32 and 34 South Sixth street, above Chesnut west side,
dec13-1y PHILADELPHIA, PA.

BOLIVAR UNION FIRE BRICK WORKS,
ERSKINE, HAMMOND & McMATH,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Fire Brick, Furnace Brick, and Tile, Bolivar, Westmoreland county, Pa. Prompt attention given to orders by mail. Agents in Pittsburgh,
HERRON & CO.,
ap24-1y Corner of Penn and Wayne streets.

RIDER & CLARK,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND FACTORS IN
Petroleum and its Products,
OILS, CANDLES, &c.
98 Water and 132 Front street Pittsburgh, 51 Broad street New York.
Agents of the Portland Kerosene Oil works, New York Paraffine Candle Company, &c. au26-1y

20 HHDS. PRIME P. R. SUGAR,
15 hhds prime Cuba Sugar.
40 bbls. assorted brands Syrup; together with a full assortment of goods in our line. For sale by
GEO. B. JONES & CO.,
my23 141 and 143 Water street.

RIVER PACKETS.

PITTSBURGH ADVERTISEMENTS.

1865. SPRING ARRANGEMENT. 1865.

MONONGAHELA RIVER
STEAM PACKET COMP'Y

Will run three daily side-wheel steamers between Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville, Rice's Landing, Greensboro, Geneva, and the Dunkard Oil Regions. This line is composed of the following steamers:

FAYETTE............CAPT. S. C. SPEERS
TELEGRAPH............CAPT. D. BUGHER.
FRANKLIN............CAPT. Z. W. CARMAC
GALLATIN............CAPT. A. S. CARLILE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Owing to necessary repairs, the Noon Packet will be suspended until further notice. The Greensboro and Oil Region Packet will leave Pittsburgh daily, at 8 A. M.

These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m., 12 m., and 6 p. m., except Sunday, when the departure will be at 8 o'clock, a. m.

The through packet for the Oil Regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 12 m.; Brownsville daily at 9 p. m.

Returning—Leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 7 a. m., 2 p. m., and 5 p. m.

Leaves Greensboro and Geneva at 8 o'clock; Rice's Landing at 11 o'clock.

Leaves Monongahela City at 5 o'clock.

The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade. They will be commanded by officers of long experience, who will pay particular attention to the wants and comfort of passengers. The boats will leave promptly at the hour advertised.

No Freights Received After 5 P. M.

For further particulars, inquire of
JAMES McDONALD, Agent,
At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
L. COLVIN, Agent,
mh1 Brownsville, Penna.

CINCINNATI ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

Ohio and Mississippi Transportation Co.

'PEOPLE'S LINE,'
DAILY BETWEEN
CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

THE MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS,
ST. NICHOLAS, - - MEEKIN, Master.
ST. CHARLES, - - WATTS, Master.

Will leave Cincinnati from line wharf boat, foot of Broadway, at 4 p. m.
Will leave Louisville from wharf boat, foot of Fourth street, at 12 m.
For freight or passage apply on board, or at the company's office on wharf boat.
JAMES GOOD, Supt., Cincinnati.
ap13-6m B. J. CAFFREY, Agent, Louisville.

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENT.

1865.
NORTHERN LINE PACKETS,
FROM
St. Louis to Keokuk and Saint Paul.

One of the splendid side-wheel steamers of this line will leave St. Louis daily for Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, Stillwater, St. Paul, and Minne-ha-ha Falls.

Through receipts for freight and passengers will be given to all points on the Upper Mississippi River, on steamers running from this port and connecting with Northern Line Packets at St. Louis.

Thus enabling consignees to get their freight through without delay and at lowest rates. Apply to
JOHN FLACK, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents, or to
ap24 R. C. GRAY.

Marietta & Parkersburg Packet Line

Regular Passenger Steamer for Wheeling, Sun Fish, Sistersville, Bull Creek, Marietta and Parkersburg.

The new and fast passenger steamer

GLEANER.
J. H. PORTER, Capt. E. PORTER, Jr., Clerk.

Leaves Pittsburgh every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 11 a. m.
Leaves Wheeling at 8 p. m. same days.
Returning, leaves Parkersburg TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 2 p. m.
Leaves Marietta at 3 p. m. same days.
Leaves Wheeling at 7 a. m. WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.

JOHN FLACK, or
JAS. COLLINS, Agents,
se2 No. 88 Water street, Pittsburgh.

Parkersburg Packet from Wheeling.

For Wheeling and Parkersburg.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 6, at 12 M., the steamer FOREST CITY, Captain JOHN GORDON, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
se6 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

Regular Weekly Packet for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg and Gallipolis.

The light draught passenger steamer JOHN S. HALL, Captain JOHN WOODBURN, Commander, will leave Pittsburgh every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock M., and Gallipolis every TUESDAY, at ——.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK, or
au10 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

On WEDNESDAY, Sept. 6, at 4 P. M. The fine passenger steamer MINERVA, GEORGE W. JOHNSTON, commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
se5 JAMES COLLINS & CO., Agents.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

On WEDNESDAY, Sept. 6, at 4 P. M., the fine passenger steamer DELAWARE, R. W. HORTON, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
se5 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.

On THIS DAY, the 6th instant. The splendid steamer YORKTOWN, Capt. G. W. EBERT, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK or
se1 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Ag'ts.

SUMMER RESORTS.

FAYETTE SPRINGS.
WIGGINS & BUNTING,
Proprietors.

This delightful Mountain WATERING PLACE is now open for visitors and no pains or expense will be spared to give universal satisfaction. The well known medical virtues of the water, the cool mountain air, romantic scenery and classic grounds surrounding this locality, give it peculiar attractions.

"Fort Necessity," Washington's First Battle-field, Gen. Braddock's and Dumonville's Graves, Dunbar's Camp, and other historic localities are all within an hours ride. Also, Delaney's Cave, Pine Knob view, the Trout and Blowing Springs, the Cucumber Cascade, Meadow-run Falls, and the Great Ohio Pile Falls on the Youghiogheny river, are in the immediate neighborhood.

☞ Two daily trains will bring visitors from Pittsburgh to Uniontown in a few hours, when Coaches will always be ready to carry them, by a pleasant drive of eight miles on the "National Road" to the Springs.
Ju9-3m

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,
No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,
Third door from Suspension Bridge, Allegheny Pa.
ap15. Branch Store at Salem, Ohio.

TOBACCO.

On hand and for sale, a complete assortment of Ohio Seed Leaf Fillers and Wrappers, Mason county and other grades, Cutting Lugs, fine bright Cutting Leaf, and all grades bright and dark manufacturing Fillers and Wrappers.
Orders for leaf promptly and carefully executed.
RICHARD MALLAY,
mh31-1y 122 West Second st., Cincinnati, O.

NEW TOBACCO HOUSE.
BAKER, SMITH & CO.,
Dealers at wholesale in
TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, ETC.,
No. 297 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh Pa.
Storage can be had by applying at 297 Liberty
au7-1y

H. M. ROLFE, JOSEPH DILWORTH,
J. H. SWETT, GEORGE PORTER.
DILWORTH, PORTER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
RAILROAD CHAIRS AND SPIKES.
Office, cor. Water st. and Cherry alley. au15-1y

GROCERIES.
50 Bags Prime and Common Coffee;
10 Mats Java Coffee;
100 Barrels Sirups, various brands;
10 Puncheons E. I. Molasses;
100 Bbls Crushed, Powdered and Granulated Sugars;
25 Bbls Porto Rico Molasses;
With a general stock of fine groceries, on hand and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
Nos. 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin streets.
au26

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
No. 167 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Continue to fit up dwellings with WATER and GAS, in the best style. Our facilities are not surpassed by any. We employ none but competent and skillful workmen. Our stock of material is the largest in the city, and our prices will be found moderate.
☞ Orders respectfully solicited. au30

BI-CARB. SODA.—
50 Kegs NEW CASTLE in store and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
se1 221 and 223 Liberty street.

MANUFACTURERS.

W. HENRY BURT, B. F. JENNINGS.
Formerly at Penn Cotton Mills.
JENNINGS & CO.,
MACHINISTS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
IMPROVED BORING TOOLS,
FOR OIL AND SALT WELLS,
No. 220 Rebecca Street, Allegheny, Pa.
TOOLS WARRANTED MADE OF BEST QUALITY OF JUNIATA AND LOW MOOR IRON.
Orders addressed through Pittsburgh Postoffice will receive prompt attention.
Parties desiring it can be furnished with an entire outfit for boring wells. mh31-6m

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Axes, Shovels, Saws, Picks, Mattocks, &c.
Warehouse, No. 118 Water street, four doors below the Monongahela House
se11 PITTSBURGH, PA.

RAILROAD
CAR WHEELS AND AXLES.
Having purchased the right to manufacture
Ross' Celebrated Patent Car Wheels,
We are prepared to furnish broad or narrow tread wheels which we will warrant equal in quality to any now in use. We also manufacture and can furnish promptly
Superior Rolled Axles.
no15-1y JONES & LAUGHLINS.

A. BRADLEY Presid nt. W. VANKIRK, Secretary.
ETNA STOVE COMPANY,
(Successors to A. Bradley,)
MANUFACTURE EVERY VARIETY OF
COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING,
STOVES,
Among which are the celebrated
EUREKA, TROPIC AND TALISMAN,
(Coal Cook Stoves,) the
POMONA, LEDGER AND IRONSIDES,
(Wood Cook Stoves.) Also manufacture
GRATE, GRATE FRONTS, &c., &c.
Office and warehouse, corner of Second and Wood street, Pittsburgh. oc14-1y

EULER & SAUNTER,
NO. 7 ST. CLAIR STREET,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
AND
Spring Wagons.
All sizes of Wheelbarrows constantly on hand or made to order.
☞ REPAIRING done at short notice.
EULER & SAUNTER,
de17-s No. 7 St. Clair street

PULASKI FIRE BRICK WORKS
JACOB S. PRICE,
MANUFACTURER OF
FIRE BRICK,
TILE AND FURNACE LINING,
Ground clay always on hand. H. H. COLLINS, No. 95 Wood street, Agent, New Brighton Beaver county, Pa.
oc17-1y

WM. HOLMES. JAMES IRWIN
JAMES IRWIN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
OIL OF VITRIOL & AQUA AMMONIA,
Office No. 15 Market Street,
ja8 PITTSBURGH, PA.

C. H. SPANG D. B. HERRON. J. W. CHALFANT
SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,
ETNA IRON WORKS,
Warehouse, Nos. 91 and 92 WATER STREET
je5 PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. LLOYD. GEORGE BLACK.
LLOYD & BLACK,
KENSINGTON IRON WORKS,
Manufacturers of Common, Refined, Charcoal and Juniata Bar, Boiler, Sheet, Anglo and T Iron; also, small T and Flat Rails, for coal and other mining purposes.
Warehouse, No. 88 Water and No. 6 Market streets,
my2 PITTSBURGH, PA.

S. S. FOWLER & CO.,
Iron Founders and Mill Finishers,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
Solid Hub Car Wheels.
se17 No. 39 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HENRY DAEWERITZ. JULIUS KIRMSE. JOSEPH LANG
DAEWERITZ, KIRMSE & CO.,
139 Third st., between Wood and Smithfield,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of Brewers' Kettles, Stills, Oil Tubes, Copper Pumps, Steam and Escape Pipes, Malt Kilns, and all kinds of Copper, Sheet Iron, and blacksmith work. jy30-1y

ADAMS, McKEE & CO.,
Pittsburgh Novelty Works,
CORNER OF GRANT AND FIRST STREET,
Manufacturers of Fairbanks' Patent Platform and Counter
SCALES,
Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, Malleable Iron, &c. ap10

GRAFF, BENNETT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON AND NAILS,
WAREHOUSE, 97 WATER ST., BELOW WOOD,
fe12-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

DUQUESNE WAGON AND FARM IMPLEMENT WORKS.
Marion avenue, near Railroad Station, Allegheny City
All kinds of wagons, carts, timber wheels, drays, coal cars, wheelbarrows, store and baggage trucks, skids, straw and fodder cutters and masticators, four different patterns of horserakes. Also, steel rake and fork teeth suitable for all the different patent horse rakes in the United States. All made of best materials and warranted. Orders solicited from wholesale dealers.
nov5-1y C. COLEMAN.

JOHN MAFFETT,
127 First street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Manufacturer of Oil Well Pumps and Tools, Brass and Iron Cocks, Tongs, Clamps, Poles and Couplings, Sand Pumps, Sampson Posts and Walking beam irons, Derrick Wheels and Fittings. We are prepared to furnish the above at the shortest notice and on the best of terms. Address JOHN MAFFETT,
fe17 P. O. Box 118.

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,
HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,
Corner Point avenue and Duquesne Way, near Point,
MANUFACTURERS OF
OIL WELL ENGINES, DRIVING PIPE,
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